CLS Final Exam Supplementary Material

14. Which one of the following histories represents an acceptable donor?

| | <u>Hct</u> | BP | Temp | <u>Pulse</u> | Age | <u>Sex</u> |
|----|------------|--------|------|--------------|-----|------------|
| a. | 39 | 110/70 | 99.8 | 75 | 40 | F |
| b. | 37 | 135/85 | 98.6 | 80 | 35 | Μ |
| C. | 41 | 90/50 | 99.4 | 65 | 65 | М |
| d. | 45 | 115/80 | 98.6 | 102 | 17 | Μ |

16. Refer to the following data:

| F | Forward G | iroup | I | Reverse Group | | | | |
|--------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Anti-A | <u>Anti-B</u> | Anti- A1 Lectin | <u>A₁ cells</u> | <u>A₂ cells</u> | B cells | | | |
| 4+ | neg | 4+ | neg | 2+ | 4+ | | | |

The ABO discrepancy seen above is most likely due to:

- a. anti-A₁
- b. rouleaux
- c. anti-Hd. unexpected IgG antibody present

Questions 17-19 refer to the following blood panel:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Seru | m | |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|------|-----|----|
| Cell | D | С | Ε | c | e | Μ | Ν | S | S | Le ^a | Le ^b | P ₁ | K | k | Fy ^a | Fy ^b | Jk ^a | Jk ^b | Xg ^a | IS | 37C | AHG | CC |
| 1 | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 2 | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1+ |
| 3 | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | + | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1+ |
| 4 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | + | + | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | + | + | + | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | + | + | 0 | + | 0 | + | 0 | 0 | 1+ | |
| Patient | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1+ |

30. The following results were obtained on a patient's blood group and type during routine ABO and Rh testing:

| Cell Testing | Serum Testing |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Anti-A = neg | A_1 cells = 4+ |
| Anti-B = 4+ | B cells = 2+ |
| Anti-D = neg | |
| Autocontrol = neg | |

Select the course of action to resolve this problem:

- a. Draw a new blood sample from the patient and repeat all test procedures
- b. Test the patient's serum with A_2 cells and the patient's red cells with anti-A₁ lectin
- c. Repeat the ABO antigen grouping using three-time washed saline-suspended cells.
- d. Perform antibody screening procedure at immediate spin using group O cells.
- 46. Refer to the following data:

| Hemoglobin | 7.4g/dL |
|--------------------|---------|
| Reticulocyte count | 22% |

| Direct Antiglobulin Test | <u>Antibody Screen – IAT</u> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Polyspecific = 3+ | SC I = 3+ |
| IgG = 3+ | SC II = 3+ |
| C3 = neg | Auto = 3+ |

Which clinical condition is consistent with the lab results shown above?

- e. cold hemagglutinin disease
- f. warm autoimmune hemolytic anemia
- g. penicillin-induced hemolytic anemia
- h. delayed hemolytic transfusion reaction
- 47. A sample gives the following results:

| <u>Cells with</u> | <u>Serum with</u> |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Anti-A = 3+ | A_1 cells = 4+ |
| Anti-B = 4+ | B cells = negative |

Which lectin should be used first to resolve this discrepancy?

- e. Ulex europaeus
- f. Arachis hypogaea
- g. Dolichos biflorus
- h. Vicia graminea