

Discussion

Albeit the Survey is not formally evaluated, the committee generally utilizes 80% consensus approach and overall interpretation in determining the correct responses. In addition, the committee also considers that \geq 20 percent of participating laboratories perform testing for any particular antigen to be included.

Case BALL-04 Positive for MRD at approximately 0.1%

This case contained abnormal B lymphoblasts diluted in peripheral blood at approximately 0.1%. Analysis of the cells by flow cytometry shows a small population of abnormal cells that were positive for CD9, CD10, CD19, CD34, CD38 (bright), and CD58; and negative for CD20 and CD45; with increased forward and side scatter properties.

Of the 81 participants who reported a result, 74 (91.4%) correctly reported this sample as positive, with the remaining 7 (8.6%) participants reporting negative. Of those reporting the sample as positive, 40 participants reported in the 0.01 - 0.09% range, and 35 participants reported in the 0.1% - 0.9% range.

Antigen	Negative	Positive	Partially Expressed	Non Consensus
CD5	х			
CD9		Х		
CD10		X		
CD13/33				х
CD19		X		
CD20	х			
CD22		X		
CD34		X		
CD38		Х		
CD45				Х
CD58	Sili da	Х		
CD123				Х
Kappa Light Chain	х			
Lambda Light Chain	х			

The consensus immunophenotype on the sample sent for flow cytometry is as follows:

Case BALL-05 List Mode Case: Positive for MRD (lack of CD38 expression) @ approximately 0.2% of mononuclear cells.

This case contained an abnormal population colored in blue. The diagnostic population of cells in Tube 1 was CD45 dim, CD10 positive, CD58 bright, CD20 negative, and CD38 negative. Tube 2 showed a diagnostic population that was CD34 positive, CD9 negative, and CD13/33 positive.

The day 29 sample showed a small population with the same phenotype and can be seen clearly in Tube as CD10 positive CD38 negative. Tube 2 showed that this CD10 positive population was also positive for CD34 and CD13/33, consistent with the original phenotype.

All participants (100.0%, 84/84) reported this case as positive, with no participants calling it negative. Of those calling it positive (98.8%), the majority reported 0.1 - 0.9%. Participants who reported results for this sample below 0.1% should review their analysis procedures and consult recent literature on gating strategy.

The consensus immunophenotype on the list mode files sent for flow cytometry analysis is as follows:

Antigen	Negative	Positive	Partially Expressed:	Non-Consensus
CD9	х			
CD10		X		
CD13/33		X		
CD19		X		
CD20	Х			
CD34		х		
CD38	Х			
CD45				x
CD58		X		

Case BALL-06 List Mode Case Negative for MRD

Diagnostic files were included in this case, showing a population of cells that were CD45 dim, CD10 and CD58 bright, CD20 negative, CD38 variable in Tube 1. Tube 2 showed a population that was CD34 and CD13/33 negative, with variable CD9. This case did not contain an abnormal population (negative). However a very small population of hematogones with a classic maturation pattern was present. Plasma cells were clearly visible (CD38 bright, CD10 negative, CD20 negative).

This case has been sent previously (2018-B-ALL-04), where a total of 78.7% of participants reported this case as negative, with 21.3% calling it positive. Of those calling it positive, the majority reported 0.1 - 0.9%. This repeat challenge showed some improvement, with a total of 85.7% of participants reported this case as negative, and 14.3% calling it positive. Of those calling it positive, the majority reported 0.1 - 0.9%.

The consensus immunophenotype on the list mode files sent for flow cytometry analysis is as follows:

Antigen	Negative	Positive	Partially Expressed:	Non-Consensus
CD9	E. 8.	Х		
CD10		X		
CD13/33				X
CD19		Х		
CD20				x
CD34				x
CD38		х		
CD45		X		
CD58		Х		

Benjamin Hedley, PhD, SCYM(ASCP) Claire E. Murphy, MD Adam C. Seegmiller, MD, PhD DIAGNOSTIC IMMUNOLOGY AND FLOW CYTOMETRY COMMITTEE