

Simplexa Congenital Cytomegalovirus (cCMV) Direct Assay

Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Purpose | 2 |
| Policy Statements | 2 |
| Test Code..... | 2 |
| Clinical Significance | 2 |
| Principle | 2 |
| Safety Precautions | 2 |
| Sample | 2 |
| Materials..... | 3 |
| Calibration | 3 |
| Quality Control | 3 |
| Procedure..... | 5 |
| Interpretation and Resulting..... | 7 |
| Result Reporting | 10 |
| Manual Result Reporting | 11 |
| Correcting Results | 11 |
| Critical Results | 11 |
| Sample Storage | 12 |
| Equipment and Room Decontamination | 12 |
| Technical Support | 12 |
| Limitations | 12 |
| Method Performance and Specifications | 12 |
| References..... | 13 |
| Alternate Method..... | 13 |
| Proficiency Testing..... | 13 |
| Training Plan/Competency Assessment..... | 13 |
| Historical Record..... | 13 |

Purpose

This procedure provides instructions for the evaluation and preparation of samples, PCR setup and Liaison MDX instrument directions using the Simplexa™ Congenital CMV Direct assay on urine from infants less than 21 days old

Policy Statements

This procedure applies to all technical staff performing testing on the Liaison MDX instruments

Test Code

CCMVU

Clinical Significance

Cytomegalovirus is one of the most common human herpesviruses causing disease. CMV infection in otherwise healthy individuals usually results in a mild, non-specific illness, however congenital CMV (cCMV) can lead to severe morbidity and mortality. Congenital CMV infection is the most common congenital infection worldwide. In pregnant women, primary CMV infection results in congenital infection in 30-35% of fetuses.¹ In pediatric patients, it is the leading cause of non-genetic childhood hearing loss and a significant cause of neurodevelopmental delays like cognitive deficit and vision impairment.¹ Timely diagnosis of congenital CMV is critical for disease management and intervention. Antiviral medications may improve cCMV related hearing and developmental outcomes.¹

Principle

The Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct assay is a real-time PCR system that enables the direct amplification and detection of CMV DNA from urine specimens without nucleic acid extraction. The system consists of the Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct Reaction Mix, the Liaison MDX, the Direct Amplification Disc and associated accessories.

In the Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct assay, bi-functional fluorescent probe-primers are used together with corresponding reverse primers to amplify CMV DNA. A well-conserved region of the CMV UL83 gene is targeted to identify CMV DNA. An internal control is used to detect PCR failure and/or inhibition.¹

Safety Precautions

Technologists are subject to occupational risks associated with specimen handling. Refer to the safety policies located in the safety section of the [Molecular Biology Procedure Manual](#).

- [MB 2.01 Safe Work Practices in Molecular](#)
- [MB 2.02 Biohazard Containment](#)
- [MB 2.03 Biohazardous spills in Molecular](#)

Sample

Acceptable specimens:

| Specimen type | Volume | Transport Containers |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Urine from infants less than 21 days of age | 0.2 mL (0.1 mL minimum) | Sterile container Urine bag Catheter |

Unacceptable specimens: Improperly labeled or unlabeled samples. Urine from patients 21 days or older; use cancel code GT20. Samples that don't meet stability requirements. See Alternate Methods below.

Transport, Storage and Stability: Specimens should be transported refrigerated. For additional information refer to [Lab Test Directory](#)

| Temperature | Sample Stability |
|-------------|------------------|
| 18-25°C | 2 hours |
| 2-8°C | 8 hours |
| -70°C | Indefinitely |

*If there is > 8-hour delay before testing, store at -70°C

Materials

| Reagents | Supplies | Equipment |
|---|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DiaSorin Molecular Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct kit (MOL2255) - store at -10 to -30°C in a manual defrost freezer, Room 1 • DiaSorin Molecular Simplexa Congenital CMV Positive Control Pack (MOL2265) - store at -10 to -70°C in a manual defrost freezer, Room 2 • Direct Amplification Disc (DAD) • Negative control – UTM • Sani-Cloth Bleach wipes • 70% alcohol • 5% Extran | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 200 µL pipette • Sterile, nuclease-free filtered pipette tips • Gloves (powder free) • Universal transport media (UTM) • Sharps disposal container | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vortex • Mini centrifuge • Freezer (manual defrost) • Refrigerator • Liaison MDX with Liaison MDX Studio Software version 1.1 or higher • Laminar flow Hood |

Calibration

Spectral calibrations performed on instruments by a DiaSorin Molecular Technical Field Specialist biannually.

Quality Control

Daily Quality Control:

Internal quality control is included in all reactions. The internal control must be valid to obtain valid negative patient results. A valid internal control result is not required for valid positive results.

External Quality Control:

- Perform QC using external manufactured positive and negative controls every 30 days AND/OR with new lots/shipments. Record and file results in the appropriate binder.
- See IQCP document
- POSC – Simplexa Congenital CMV Control Pack, stored at -70°C
- NEGC – UTM, stored at 2-25°C
- An IC is incorporated into each reaction mixture

QC Monitors:

| Control | Control Monitor |
|-------------------------|---|
| Positive Control (POSC) | Reagent failure and primer-probe integrity |
| Negative Control (NEGC) | Reagent and/or environmental contamination, cumulative effect |
| Internal Control (IC) | PCR inhibition in specimen, reagent failure or process error |

Before reporting patient results, all controls must yield valid results

NOTE: a valid positive result does not require an IC result

If results are invalid, obtain new reagents and controls; repeat testing

Preparing Negative Control (NEGC)

1. Wear lab coat and gloves dedicated to Room 1
2. Label cryo-storage box with contents
3. Label with Lot number (L/N), expiration date and date of preparation
4. Aliquot 300 µl of UTM into 1.5 microcentrifuge tubes
5. Refrigerate aliquots in Room 2
6. Record lot information in appropriate binder

Preparing Manufactured Positive Control (POSC)

1. Remove POSC from – 70⁰C, thaw POSC at room temperature
 - a. Do not refreeze
2. Vortex the tube 5 – 10 seconds to mix
3. Quick spin POSC before use

Test controls as you would patient samples.

Record and file results in QC binder

NOTE: QC testing on each instrument is to be performed on a rotating basis.

Expected Control Results

| Control Type | CMV | DNA Internal Control (DNA IC) |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------|
| POSC: Simplexa™ Congenital CMV Positive Control ¹ | Detected | Not applicable ² |
| NEGC: UTM | Not Detected | Valid |

1. Typical Ct values for the Positive Control range between 27-33.

2. Detection of the Simplexa™ DNA Internal Control (DNA IC) is not required for a valid result when CMV is detected.

Wipe testing:

- Perform wipe testing every 30 days to monitor for contamination.
- See MB 3.02 Wipe Testing for Amplicon Contamination

NOTE: External quality control may be performed on an as needed basis if certain circumstances arise. Examples include:

- Drift in results (e.g., increasing/decreasing positivity rates)
- Potential contamination (negative control)
- After dramatic instrument maintenance or movement

Procedure

NOTE: Always clean hood/BSC before sample handling.

All testing supplies must be cleaned with 10% bleach followed by water and 70% ethanol.

Testing Preparation: Room 2

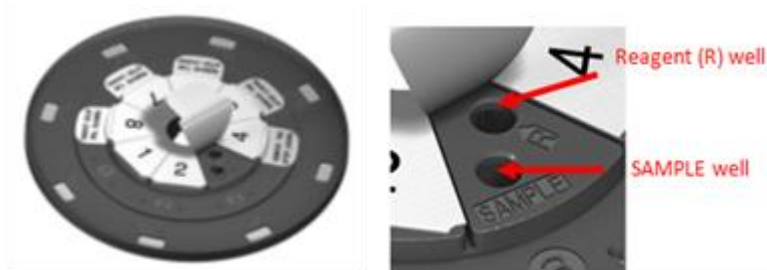
1. Call worksheet, CCMVU; use this worksheet for sample identification throughout testing.
2. Position samples and controls (only applicable in the case of new lot/shipment or 30-day QC) in disc as follows:

| Sample | Position |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Patient samples | Position 1-nn |
| POSC | After last patient sample |
| NEGC | After POSC |

3. Using the CCMVU worksheet as a layout, organize patient specimens and labels
 - a. Number patients on worksheet in consecutive order
 - b. Number corresponding patient labels according to assigned numbers on worksheet, color coded by run
 - c. Number each primary patient specimen according to worksheet

PCR set-up (Room 2):

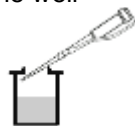
1. Remove one MM for each sample to be tested from - 20°C manual defrost freezer (Room 1) and thaw at room temperature (approximate range 18 to 25°C).
NOTE: Use MM within 30 minutes.
2. When thawed, gently flick MM tubes to mix; briefly centrifuge. Do not vortex or refreeze.
3. Vortex specimen tubes prior to set-up
4. Remove DAD from package
5. Number wedges according to worksheet layout
6. Peel back the foil cover, one at a time, to expose the SAMPLE and Reaction (R) wells.
 - a. **!** Do not touch underside of foil to prevent cross contamination



Pipette 50 µl of MM into the Reaction (R) well first, before sample. Throw empty tube into biohazard waste.

NOTE:

To prevent aerosols and possible contamination, hold the pipette at a 30-degree angle inserting the tip under the roof of the well



14. Remove lab coat and change gloves before leaving area
15. When the run is complete, remove the disc from the instrument. Place disc in bio-bag and discard if completely used. If there are unused wedges, retain disc in a sealed bio-bag in Room 2. Upon completion of the run, the software automatically calculates and displays results.

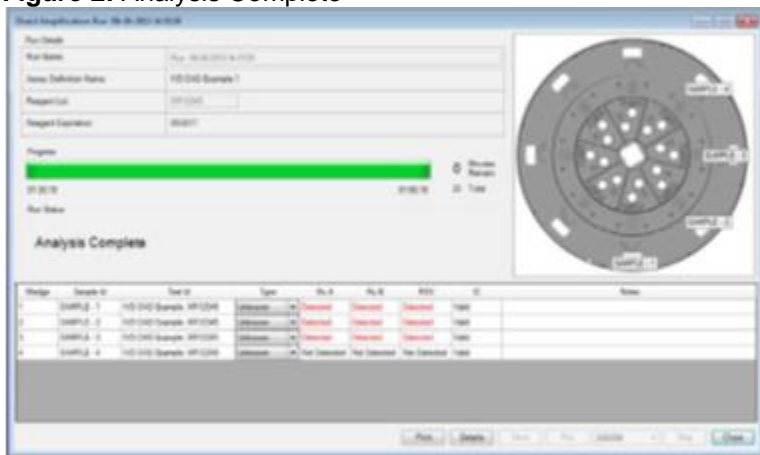
Note: in Room 2 - soak applicator and disc cold block in 5% extran followed by a water rinse if used.

Interpretation and Resulting

Reviewing and Printing Completed Runs

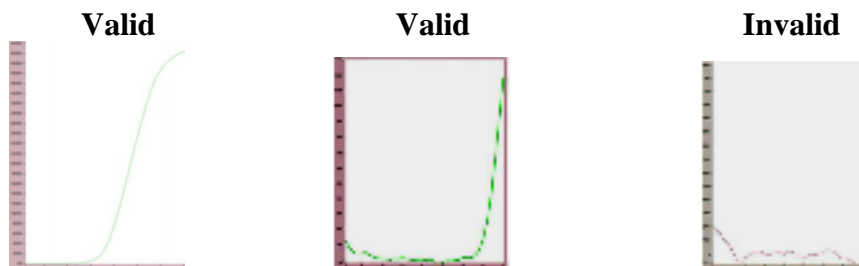
1. When the run is complete, the results are interpreted by the software and will display on the screen; positive results appear red

Figure 2: Analysis Complete



2. Click the **Print** button to print a full report of the results, Fig. 2
 - a. ✓ Include Ct values
 - b. ✓ Include graphs
 - c. Scroll through the report, reviewing comments, failures and amplification curves
 - A valid curve shows a smooth, exponential increase, Fig. 3
 - Invalid curve may be linear or a curve with data “spikes” where the curve crosses the threshold
 - Review “QC statement/Note” on the Segment Report for failures and error messages
 - d. Click **Print**
 - e. Export results to LIS; refer to procedure

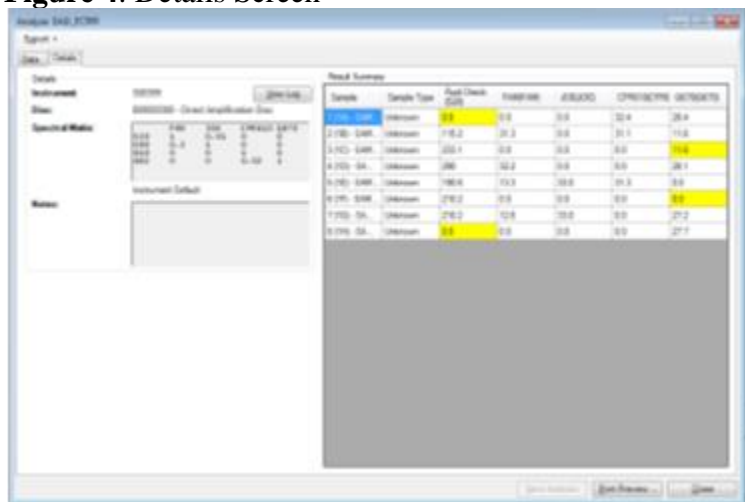
Figure 3: Valid and invalid amplification curves



For a detailed analysis of the completed run, click the Details button to open the Analysis Window

- Click on the run **Details tab** to display a summary of the run, fluid checks, Ct values and any sample failures that are **highlighted in yellow**

Figure 4: Details Screen



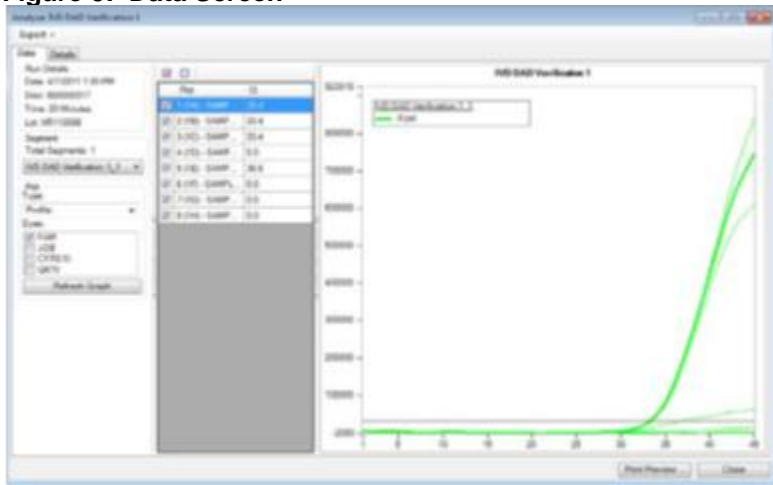
- For each CID (Sample ID) entered, the software displays a result (“Detected”, “Not Detected”, “Invalid” or “EC500”) for the CMV target.

| Result | Interpretation | Notes | Action |
|---------------------|--|---|---|
| Detected | Indicates the presence of CMV DNA in the patient sample. | | Export results to LIS |
| Not Detected | Indicates the absence of CMV DNA in the patient sample. | | Export results to LIS |
| Invalid | Indicates the inability to determine the presence or absence of CMV DNA in the patient sample. | Results may be due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DNA internal Control failure Failure to detect sufficient specimen. | Repeat testing. Document in problem log. |
| EC500 | Indicates an error for the particular analyte(s). | Data processing error due to noise, weak or late amplification in the signal. | Repeat testing. Document in problem log. |
| EC505 | Indicates an error for the particular viral analyte(s). | Insufficient information to determine whether amplification was present. | Repeat testing. Document in problem log. |
| EC515 | Indicates an error for the particular viral analyte(s). | Internal control amplification is not within specification. Result is invalid, repeat the sample. | Repeat testing. Document in problem log. |

| | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| <p>System Error</p> | | <p>Read error dialog box containing software messages regarding the cause of the problem and possible solutions.</p> | <p>Follow directions given by software, repeat testing if necessary. Contact DiaSorin technical support 1-800-838-4548, option 3. See "Exporting a Service Packet" procedure below if necessary</p> |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|

5. Click **Data tab** to *Select* or *Deselect* samples to be exported to LIS
 - a. Select or deselect samples to view graphs (optional)
 - b. Select or deselect samples to export to LIS
 - c. Export results to LIS (see procedure below)

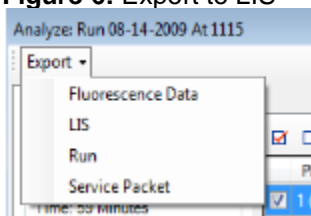
Figure 5: Data Screen



Exporting Data to LIS

1. When applicable, confirm POSC and NEGC are valid before reporting patient results
2. Positive patient results: Confirm name, CID number and disc location of primary sample before releasing results
3. If all test results were valid upon review, select results to be exported on the **Data** tab, refer to Fig.5
 - a. *Do not* send invalid patient results or POSC and NEGC. Deselect by clicking on individual box(es)
4. From the Export drop down box, select **LIS** and then **LIS folder**; click **OK**

Figure 6: Export to LIS



5. A message that the run exported successfully will appear. Click **OK**

6. Patient results will be translated in LIS as *Positive* or *Negative* for congenital CMV.
7. If the sample is interpreted as “Invalid” by Simplexa, results will need to be entered manually as *Equivocal* or *Unresolved* after review.

Do not report patient results until problem is resolved
Record problem and corrective action in the **QC and Equipment Failure Log**

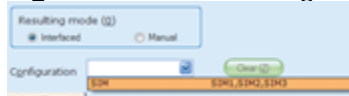
Result Reporting


1. After results have been exported to LIS: log into Sunquest:
 - a. Click on the Sunquest icon to log on
 - b. Enter user, password and location [R]



2. Click on **Result Entry** from the menu options
3. Select **SIM** from drop down box

Figure 1: Interface Configuration:



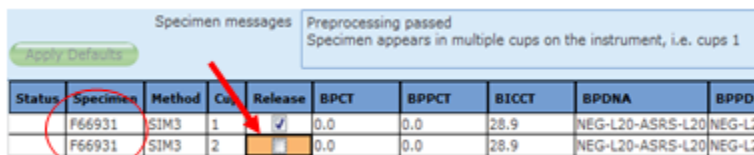
4. Click on the  button located in the lower left corner
 - a. If the page says “Waiting for cups...”, the results were not successfully transmitted or the results page was accessed too quickly before the transmission was completed

| If | Then |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Specimen box reads <i>Preprocessing passed</i> with no further messages ▪ Test box has no messages ▪ Sample results are acceptable | Click Save and then Accept |


5. Staple worksheet containing specimen identifiers used during testing and Segment Report together
6. Place report in the cCMV result logbook

Duplicate results


1. If a run is exported more than once, uncheck the duplicate results OR valid result and release the checked results

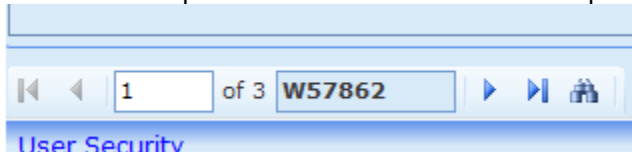


| Status | Specimen | Method | Cu | Release | BPCT | BPPCT | BICCT | BPDNA | BPPDN |
|--------|----------|--------|----|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| | F66931 | SIM3 | 1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.9 | NEG-L20-ASRS-L20 | NEG-L20-ASRS-L20 |
| | F66931 | SIM3 | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.9 | NEG-L20-ASRS-L20 | NEG-L20-ASRS-L20 |

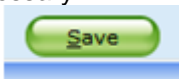
2. Click  button located on the lower left corner
3. **Click** Release All and accept

Manual Result Reporting

1. Open Result Entry, select the Manual resulting mode (top left corner) from the configuration drop down select the appropriate test code. Click  in the lower right corner.
2. Enter the Specimen ID or scroll to the correct patient if necessary (lower left corner).



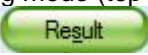
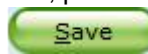

3. Type in results and applicable comments when necessary.



4. Check results against instrument print out and click

| Result | Sunquest code | Interpretation |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
| Positive | POS | Positive |
| Negative | NEG | Negative |
| Unresolved Results | UNR CAL | Unresolved: This sample is inhibitory to amplification and the results are inconclusive. Consider repeat collection if clinically indicated. |

Correcting Results

1. Open Result Entry, select the Manual resulting mode (top left corner) from the configuration drop down select the appropriate test code. Click  in the lower right corner.
2. Enter the Specimen ID, enter Tab and click Yes to modify the result.
3. Change the incorrect result. The corrected result comment will automatically append. Add the CAL comment, press tab, enter a semi-colon and record who was called and the time/date.
4. Click . Click  when the “Verify Release Destination” window opens.

Critical Results

Alert Value: Positive or Unresolved CMV results must be called to the patient’s care provider.

Phoned Results, Sunquest GUI Interface

1. Enter phoned results in **Result Entry**
2. Click on the interpretation box to expand the result
3. At the blinking cursor, add the code **CAL**, press tab, enter semi-colon, record to whom the result was relayed and the time/date.
4. Type the first name and last initial of the person called and the date/time
5. Close the interpretation box
6. Click **Save** and then **Accept** on the Verify Release screen to file results in LIS

Sample Storage

1. Mark all positive samples on cap.
2. Store in either the “positive” or “negative” rack in the -70 °C manual defrost freezer for a minimum of 1 month.
3. Discard samples after elapsed time in red biohazard container

Equipment and Room Decontamination

Refer to:

[MB 3.03 Cleaning and Decontamination of Equipment and Work Areas](#)

[MB 4.02 DiaSorin Liaison MDX Instrument Maintenance and Troubleshooting](#)

Technical Support

Call DiaSorin Technical Service at 1-800-838-4548 option #3. Technical service may ask you to generate and send a Service Packet file; see Troubleshooting above for downloading a *.icz file. If it is determined that the instrument must be returned for service, decontaminate the Liaison MDX before shipping, refer to procedure MB 4.02. Document all problems and actions in the QC and Equipment Failure Log.

Limitations

1. For in vitro diagnostic use only.
2. For professional and prescription use only.
3. Results from this test must be considered in conjunction with the clinical history, epidemiological data and other laboratory information available to the clinician evaluating the patient.
4. The detection of nucleic acid is dependent upon proper sample collection, transport, handling, storage, and preparation. Failure to observe proper procedures in any one of these steps can lead to incorrect results.
5. The prevalence of viral infections may affect the test's predictive value.
6. Negative results do not rule out congenital CMV infections and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other patient management decisions.
7. False-negative results may occur if the virus is present at a level that is below the analytical sensitivity of the assay or if the virus has genomic mutations, insertions, deletions, or rearrangements.
8. As with other tests, false-positive results may occur.
9. A positive result by this test cannot rule out infections caused by other viral or bacterial pathogens. Viral nucleic acids may persist in vivo independent of virus viability. Detection of target analyte(s) does not imply that the corresponding viruses are infectious or are the causative agent for clinical symptoms.
10. This test is a qualitative test and does not provide the quantitative value of detected virus present.
11. The performance of this test has not been established for immunocompromised individuals.
12. The performance of this test has not been established for monitoring treatment of CMV infection.
13. Information on the Simplexa™ Congenital CMV Direct Reaction Mix vial can only be transferred into the LIAISON® MDX Studio through a barcode scanner. If the scanner is not working, or if you are unable to transfer the information for any reason, contact DiaSorin Molecular Technical Services.

Method Performance and Specifications

According to the manufacturer (per the package insert):

Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct CMV Results Versus PCR/Bi-Directional Sequencing Method Retrospectively Collected Samples

PPA: 100%, 95% CI: 93.0% to 100%
NPA: 98.4%, 95% CI: 94.0% to 100.0%

Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct CMV Results Versus PCR/Bi-Directional Sequencing Method Prospectively Collected Fresh Samples

PPA: 95.3%, 95% CI: 85.0% to 99.0%
NPA: 100.0%, 95% CI: 99.8% to 100%

For additional performance characteristics refer to the [Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct Package Insert](#)

References

1. Simplexa Congenital CMV Direct Package insert, REF MOL2255, Rev1, Nov 1st, 2022.

Alternate Methods

Send out test to Mayo Clinic Laboratories: Congenital Cytomegalovirus (cCMV), Molecular Detection, PCR, Urine.

Test Code: MBAT (CCMNU)

Any sample that does not meet the age (use cancel code GT20) or stability criteria should be sent to Mayo Clinic Laboratories: CMV by PCR, Fluid, Tissue or Bone Marrow.

Test Code: PCRC

Proficiency Testing

Alternative PT compared to Mayo Clinic Laboratories Congenital Cytomegalovirus PCR assay (CCMNU); 3 samples, twice a year

Training Plan/Competency Assessment

| Training Plan | Initial Competency Assessment |
|---|-------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employee must read the procedure. Employee will demonstrate the ability to perform procedure, record results, and document corrective action after instruction by the trainer. | Direct observation |

Historical Record

| Version | Author | Effective Date | Summary |
|---------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Kristi Prokop | 05/01/2024 | Initial Version |