

Beaumont

Origination 11/9/2021
 Last Approved 12/2/2022
 Effective 12/2/2022
 Last Revised 12/2/2022
 Next Review 12/1/2024

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 Applicability Royal Oak

Formulas for Manual Calculations - Royal Oak

Document Type: Guideline

I. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVE:

- A. The purpose of this procedure is to specify formulas needed to manually calculate results.

II. FORMULAS:

- A. Anion Gap = Sodium – (Chloride + Carbon dioxide)
 B. Globulin = Total Protein – Albumin
 C. A/G Ratio = Albumin / (Total Protein – Albumin)
 D. Cholesterol/High Density Lipoprotein Ratio = Chol/HDL
 E. Non HDL Cholesterol = Chol – HDL = mg/dL
 F. LDL Cholesterol = Total Chol – HDL – (Trig/5)
 Note: Formula for calculation only if Trig<400 mg/dL
 G. BUN/Creatinine Ratio = BUN/Creatinine
 H. CKD-EPI Estimated GFR (mL/min/1.73 m²) = $142 \times \min(S_{Cr} / \kappa, 1)^{\alpha} \times \max(S_{Cr} / \kappa, 1)^{-1.200} \times 0.9938^{Age} \times 1.012$ [if female]
1. S_{Cr} is serum creatinine in mg/dL
 2. κ is 0.7 for females and 0.9 for males
 3. α is -0.241 for females and -0.302 for males
 4. min indicates the minimum of S_{Cr} / κ or 1
 5. max indicates the maximum of S_{Cr} / κ or 1
 - a. Example for a female patient: $142 \times \min(S_{Cr}/0.7, 1)^{-0.241} \times$

$$\max(S_{Cr}/0.7, 1)^{-1.200} \times 0.9938^{\text{Age}} \times 1.012$$

b. Example for a male patient: $142 \times \min(S_{Cr}/0.9, 1)^{-0.302} \times \max(S_{Cr}/0.9, 1)^{-1.200} \times 0.9938^{\text{Age}}$

I. CKD-EPI Cystatin C Equation (2012) Estimated GFR (mL/min/1.73 m²) = $133 \times \min(S_{cys}/0.8, 1)^{-0.499} \times \max(S_{cys}/0.8, 1)^{-1.328} \times 0.9936^{\text{Age}} \times 0.932$ [if female]

1. S_{cys} is standardized serum cystatin C in mg/L
2. min indicates the minimum of $S_{cys}/0.8$ or 1
3. max indicates the maximum of $S_{cys}/0.8$ or 1
4. age is years

J. CKD-EPI Cystatin C Equation Estimated GFR Under 25 (mL/min/1.73 m²) = $K \times (1/S_{cys})$

1. S_{cys} is standardized serum cystatin C in mg/L
2. Male 1-15 years $K = 87.2 \times 1.011^{(\text{age years}-15)}$
3. Male 15-18 years $K = 87.2 \times 0.960^{(\text{age years}-15)}$
4. Female 1-12 years $K = 79.9 \times 1.004^{(\text{age years}-12)}$
5. Female 12-18 years $K = 79.9 \times 0.974^{(\text{age years}-12)}$

K. Estimated GFR (mL/min/1.73 m²) = $133 \times \min(S_{cys}/0.8, 1)^{-0.499} \times \max(S_{cys}/0.8, 1)^{-1.328} \times 0.9936^{\text{Age}} \times 0.932$ [if female]

L. % Saturation = $100 \times [\text{serum Iron} / (\text{Transferrin} \times 1.4)]$

M. Total Iron Binding Capacity = $\text{Transferrin} \times 1.4$

N. Urine Albumin/Creatinine Ratio = $(\text{ualb mg/dL} / \text{Urine Creatinine mg/dL}) \times 1000$

O. Urine Creatinine Clearance mL/min

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Creatinine mg/dL} \times (\text{TV mL} \times 1 \text{ Hr})}{\text{Serum Creatinine mg/dL} \times \text{Hrs collection} \times 60 \text{ min}}$$

P. Urine (Ur) Creatinine Clearance Pediatric mL/min CC Corrected =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Ur Creat mg/dL} \times (\text{TV mL} \times 1 \text{ Hr}) \times (1.73 \text{ m}^2)}{\text{Serum Creat mg/dL} \times \text{Hrs collection} \times 60 \text{ min} \times \text{surface area m}^2}$$

NOTE: Surface area m² is determined from child's height and weight.

Q. Urine Creatinine Timed or 24 Hour mg/Collection (Coll) =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Creatinine mg} \times \text{dilution} \times (\text{TV mL} \times 10 \text{ dL})}{\text{dL} \times \text{Coll.} \times 1000 \text{ mL}}$$

R. Urine Amylase Timed Ur/Hr =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Amylase U} \times \text{dilution} \times \text{TV mL} \times 1 \text{ L}}{\text{L} \times \text{Hrs of Coll.} \times 1000 \text{ mL}}$$

S. Urine Calcium Timed or 24 Hour, mg/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Calcium mg} \times \text{dilution} \times (\text{TV mL} \times 10 \text{ dL})}{\text{dL} \times \text{Coll.} \times 1000 \text{ mL}}$$

T. Urine Glucose Timed and 24 Hour, g/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Glucose mg} \times \text{dilution} \times (\text{TV mL} \times 10 \text{ dL}) \times \text{g}}{\text{dL} \times \text{Coll.} \times 1000 \text{ mL}}$$

- dL Coll. 1000mL 1000mg
- U. Urine Magnesium Timed or 24 Hour, mg/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Magnesium mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- V. Urine Phosphorous Times or 24 Hour, g/Collection =

$$\frac{(\text{Raw Urine Phos mg} \times \frac{1\text{g}}{1000\text{mg}})}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- W. Urine Protein Timed or 24 Hour, mg/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Protein mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- X. Urine Urea Nitrogen Timed or 24 Hour, mg/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Urea Nitrogen mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- Y. Urine Uric Acid Timed or 24 Hour, mg/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Uric Acid mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- Z. Urine Sodium Timed or 24 Hour, mmol/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Sodium mmol}}{\text{L}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{1\text{L}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- AA. Urine Potassium Timed or 24 Hour, mmol/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Potassium mmol}}{\text{L}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{1\text{L}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- AB. Urine Chloride Timed or 24 Hour, mmol/Collection =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Chloride mmol}}{\text{L}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{1\text{L}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- AC. Urine Albumin excretion, mcg/min =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Albumin mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right) \times \frac{1000 \text{ mcg}}{1 \text{ mg}} \times \left(\frac{\text{Collection}}{\text{hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \right)$$
- AD. Urine Albumin timed or 24 hour, mg/Collection=

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Albumin mg}}{\text{dL}} \times \text{dilution} \times \left(\frac{\text{TV mL}}{\text{Coll.}} \times \frac{10\text{dL}}{1000\text{mL}} \right)$$
- AE. % Urine Amylase / Creatinine Clearance Ratio =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Amylase U/L}}{\text{Serum Amylase U/L}} \times \frac{\text{Serum Creatinine mg/dL}}{\text{Raw Urine Creatinine mg/dL}} \times 100$$

NOTE: reference range 1.3-4.3%
- AF. Urine Protein / Creatinine Ratio =

$$\frac{\text{Raw Urine Protein mg/dL}}{\text{Raw Urine Creatinine mg/dL}}$$

NOTE: reference range 0.0-0.2
- AG. Urine Calcium / Creatinine Ratio =

Raw Urine Calcium mg/dL
Raw Urine Creatinine mg/dL
 NOTE: reference range 0.02-0.26

AH. $AAPO_2, \text{ mmHg} = (713\text{ mmHg} \times \text{FiO}_2 \text{ as decimal}) - (\text{PCO}_2 / 0.8) - \text{PO}_2$

AI. $\text{PF, no units} = \text{PO}_2 / \text{FiO}_2 \text{ (as a decimal value)}$

AJ. $\% \text{ Free PSA} = (\text{Free PSA} / \text{PSA}) \times 100$

AK. $\text{Albumin gradient; Serum and Ascites fluid, g/dL} = \text{Albumin (g/dL)} - \text{Albumin fluid (g/dL)}$
 NOTE: $>1.1 = \text{Transudate}$
 $0.2-1.0 = \text{Exudate}$

Attachments

[Formulas for Manual Calculations Calculation Verification Worksheet Attachment A.pdf](#)

Approval Signatures

Step Description	Approver	Date
Medical Director	Ann Marie Blenc: System Med Dir, Hematopath	12/2/2022
Policy and Forms Steering Committee Approval (if needed)	Colette Kessler: Mgr, Division Laboratory	12/2/2022
Policy and Forms Steering Committee Approval (if needed)	Gail Juleff: Project Mgr Policy	12/2/2022
Lab Chemistry Best Practice Committee	Qian Sun: Tech Dir, Clin Chemistry, Path	12/1/2022
Lab Chemistry Best Practice Committee	Caitlin Schein: Staff Physician	11/25/2022
	Colette Kessler: Mgr, Division Laboratory	11/22/2022