Health and Social Services Authority	Stanton Territorial Hospital	Document Number: MIC30800	
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		Distribution:	
		Microbiology Culture Manual	
		Effective: 11 January, 2017	
Document Name:		Date Reviewed: 11 January, 2017	
CSF Culture		Next Review: 11 January, 2019	
Approved By:		Status: APPROVED	
Jennifer G. Daley Bernier, A/Manager, Laboratory Services			

PURPOSE: To determine the presence or absence of bacterial pathogens in CSF specimens

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

Special	Refer to Policy B-0160: Specimens Containing Suspected Risk		
Precautions	Group 3 Pathogens for Primary Specimen Handling Flow Chart		
T	CSF collected into clean, sterile, leak-proof centrifuge tubes to be		
Туре	transported to the laboratory immediately.		
	Central nervous system shunt fluid		
0.000	Fluid from Ommaya reservoirs		
Source	External ventricular drainage fluid		
	CSF from lumbar puncture		
	Generally, 1-3 mL of CSF is required for the Microbiology		
Volume	Laboratory. If viral, fungal or mycobacterial testing is required, then		
	at least 3-4 mL should be sent.		
Stability	Transport to the laboratory immediately		
Storage	If a delay in processing is anticipated, hold specimens at room		
Requirements	temperature, do NOT refrigerate.		
	Insufficient volume for tests requested: contact the physician		
	to prioritize requests.		
	Leaking specimens should be processed, but alert the		
Criteria for	physician of the possibility of contamination.		
rejection and follow up action	Improperly collected, labeled, transported or handled		
Tonow up action	specimens should be processed. Waver of responsibility		
	form SCM40110 needs to be filled out by the responsible		
	nurse.		

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REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Blood agar (BAP), Chocolate agar (CHOC) and MacConkey agar (MAC)
- Identification reagents: catalase, oxidase, rapid Staph, rapid Strep, etc.

SUPPLIES:

- Wooden sticks
- Disposable inoculation needles
- Microscope slides
- Biosafety cabinet
- 35° ambient air and 37° CO₂ incubators
- Vitek 2 and supplies

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures.

- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens.
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable.
- Eye protection must be used where there is a known or potential risk of exposure to splashes.
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC).
- The use of needles, syringes, and other sharp objects should be strictly limited.

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Universal precautions must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

QUALITY CONTROL:

Refer to Quality Control manual for reagent quality control procedures.

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COMMON BACTERIAL CAUSES OF ACUTE MENINGITIS:

Age Group	Organism(s)
Neonate	E.coli, S.agalactiae, Listeria monocytogenes
Infants and Children	S.agalactiae, H.influenzae, S.pneumoniae, N.meningitidis
Adolescents and Young	S.pneumoniae, N.meningitidis
Adults	
Older Adults	N.meningitidis, S.pneumoniae, H.influenzae, S.agalactiae,
	L.monocytogenes
Ventriculoperitoneal Shunt	CNS, S.aureus, Streptococcus spp., Gram-negative bacilli,
Infections	Candida albicans, Corynebacterium spp, Propionibacterium acnes

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:

Step	Action			
Proces	Processing CSF Tube #4			
1	Do not centrifuge, regardless of amount received.			
2	Using aseptic technique, transfer entire specimen into a labelled, sterile red top tube. Para film for transport.			
3	Forward specimen to the Provincial Laboratory for any requested viral tests as per Prov. Lab protocol. If transport time will be > 24h freeze at -70 for transport on dry ice.			
4	If no viral testing is ordered, then freeze specimen in the -70 freezer.			

Step		Action		
Proces	cessing CSF Tube #2			
1	If >1 mL received	 Centrifuge tube #2 at 3500 rpm for 10 minutes. Aseptically transfer the supernatant to a labeled sterile glass tube and set aside. Label 1 sterile ringed slide and plates with LIS plate labels. 		
	If < 1 mL received	 Do not centrifuge Label 1 sterile ringed slide and plates with LIS plate labels. 		

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	In the biosafety cabinet, using a sterile pipette:
	Aspirate fluid from the bottom of the collection tube.
	Place 1 - 2 drops each onto BAP, CHOC and MAC. Streak for isolated
	growth using a disposable inoculation needle. Streak out to cover the whole
	plate.
	piato.
2	
	Prepare smear by placing 1 or 2 drops of CSF on a microscope slide. Allow
	the drop(s) to form one large drop. Do not spread the fluid.
	Shunt fluids should be also planted to THIO broth and held for 14 days.
3	Place specimen sediment tube, supernatant tube and MAC in the O ₂ incubator.
3	Place BAP and CHOC plates in the CO ₂ incubator in the designated tray.
4	Allow smear to dry and perform Gram Stain. Gram stain must be read before culture
-	plates. Refer to MIC20115 – Gram Stain Procedure.
	Interpret CSF stains immediately. During the regular Microbiology lab hours of 07:00
5	to 20:00, turnaround time for these gram stains is <1 hour. Outside the regular
3	Microbiology lab hours, Microbiology Technologist may be called in if ordering
	physician determines the stain must be read immediately.
	Immediately phone results of any positive stain results for microorganisms to ordering
6	location and document the conversation within the LIS. Positive gram stain results
0	need to be copied to Chief Medical Officer of Health (HPU1) and Infection Control
	(SOHS) if inpatient.
7	Send a pending report for all gram stains.

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INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:

Step	Action			
Interpretation of CSF specimens				
1	Examine plates after 24 hour incubation. Record observations in the LIS.			
2	Re-incubate CO ₂ plate(s) for an additional 48 hours. Discard O ₂ plate.			
3	If the Gram-stained smear is positive and there is no growth on the plates, re-incubate			
3	CO ₂ plates for total of 7 days.			
4	At 48 hours, record observations in the LIS for re-incubated plates.			
5	At 72 hours, record observations in the LIS for re-incubated plates.			
6	Identify and perform susceptibility testing as per DynaLIFE ASTM.			
7	Freeze organism in glycerol and record in patient isolate log.			
8	A copy of all positive reports must be sent to Chief Medical Officer of Health (HPU1).			
9	A copy of all positive reports on inpatients must be sent to Infection Control (SOHS).			
	Any positive CSF for Group A Streptococcus or Streptococcus pneumoniae must be			
10	sent to Streptococcus Unit at NML Winnipeg for surveillance testing.			
	Any positive CSF for Haemophilus influenza or Neisseria meningitis must be sent			
	immediately to the Provincial Lab Edmonton for typing as soon as identification is			
11	confirmed. Assure there is a purity plate made that can be used for this purpose and			
	can be sent out the day the identification is confirmed. Provincial Lab will then forward			
	the specimen to NML for surveillance testing.			

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REPORTING OF RESULTS:

IF:	ACTION:
No growth after 1 day	PRELIM:
	Report:
	"No Growth After 1 Day. Further report to follow"
No growth after 3 days	FINAL:
	Report: "No growth aerobically after 3 days"
Growth of organism	Report organism identification under the isolates tab.
	List quantitation.
	Report susceptibility results as per DynaLIFE ASTM.
	Refer to Reportable Diseases – Public Health Act as
	of September 2009 for reporting to HPU1.
	Refer to MIC35100 – Nosocomial Infection
	Notification Job Aid to determine if organism needs to
	be sent to Infection Control.
	Refer to L-0910-Laboratory: Critical Values for
	results that need to be phoned to ordering location.

PROCEDURE NOTES:

- 1. A positive culture generally indicates infection with the organism.
- 2. Lack of pus cells in CSF does not rule out infection, especially in Listeriosis.
- 3. The most common cause of community acquired bacterial meningitis is Streptococcus pneumoniae.
- 4. Direct bacterial antigen testing is not recommended.
- Since THIO is mainly a broth for anaerobes and does not support the growth of the most common pathogens in CSF, it is not recommended for routine CSF culture but should be used when Shunt Infection is suspected.

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REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	11 Jan 2017	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	24 Apr 2018	Change to reflect new Vitek 2 instrument	L. Steven

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