Accreditation: ROP of the Week

October 2019: Falls Prevention and Injury Reduction

How can we prevent falls?

- Team training
- Risk assessments
- Balance & strength training
- Vision care
- Medication reviews
- Physical environment reviews
- Behavioral assessments
- Bed exit alarms



Falls prevention is a safety priority & can increase quality of life for individuals and reduce cost to the health care system.

How do we evaluate the falls prevention approach?

- Tracking the percentage of clients receiving a risk assessment
- Fall rates
- Cause of injury
- Balancing measures (Restraint use)
- Post-fall debriefing

Universal Fall Precautions:

- Safe Environment
- Assist with Mobility
- all Risk Reduction
- Engage Client & Family

SCAN ME

Procedure

- **Prevention**
 - Evidence informed universal fall prevention activities

Screening & Assessment

- Assessment tools Identify the patients at risk
- o Determine specific individual risk factors and needs
- o Patient's fall risk assessment documented in the health record
- Patient & family members informed regarding the patient's fall risk

Universal fall prevention strategies implemented

o Review & modify strategy with each fall risk assessment

Post fall intervention & documentation recorded using a

- 100% compliance with measures to evaluate the falls
 - Stanton Fall Risk Assessment Tool (FRAT)
- falls debriefing
 - Identify safety gaps

Performance Measures

- prevention approach
- 100% compliance with post

 - Prevent recurrence of falls

Data Collection and Measurement

post fall protocol

Intervention

Evidence informed universal fall prevention activities

Evaluation

- Patient fall risk mitigation strategies reassessed
- Standardized processes for evaluation
- Patient & family informed of any updates

The falls prevention policy reinforces NTHSSA commitment to improve patient safety. See policy at ourNTHSSA:

