Accreditation: ROP of the Week

November 2019: Patient Safety Incident Management

Immediate Incident Response

1

Address any urgent care, support needs of the patient involved, and record any items related to the incident.

2

Report the incident to your Supervisor and document the incident using **RL6** as soon as possible

3

Take action to reduce any risk of imminent recurrence.

What is the difference between an incident and a near miss?

- Near miss:
 - An event that was prevented from occurring but had the potential to cause harm
- *Incident:*
 - Any unexpected event not consistent with the routine operation of the organization or the safe standards of client care
 - An error or situation that could have or has resulted in harm to the client, to staff, or to a member of the public
 - A loss of cash or damage to an asset such as owned, rented, leased property or equipment of the NTHSSA and/or third party

The client's or visitor's privacy MUST remain protected at all times and in compliance with the Health Information Act (HIA).

How are incidents rated for severity?

- <u>Severity Level 0</u>: Near miss/potential to harm
 - An incident / error occurred, but the error did not reach the client, staff, or visitor
- <u>Severity Level 1</u>: No harm/damage
 - An incident / error occurred that reached the client, staff or visitor, but did not cause harm/damage
- <u>Severity Level 2</u>: Temporary harm/minor damage
 - An incident / error occurred that caused temporary harm or minor damage of less than \$500
- Severity Level 3: Permanent harm/major damage
 - An incident / error occurred that caused permanent harm or major damage of \$500 or more or 3rd party damage
- Severity Level 4: Death
 - An incident or error occurred that caused death

RL6 Quick Reference Guide for incident Reporting:



