Title: MIC53300-Motility Test Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP

Issuing Authority: Director of Health Services Policy Number: Next Review Date: Date Approved:

PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services			
Title: MIC53300 - Motility Test	Policy Number:		
Program Name: Laboratory Services			
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services			
Additional Domain(s):			
Effective Date:	Next Review Date:		
Issuing Authority:	Date Approved:		
Director of Health Services			
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: N/A			

## **GUIDING PRINCIPLE:**

The motility test is used to detect the presence of flagella by bacteria microscopically.

## **PURPOSE/RATIONALE:**

This standard operating procedure describes how to perform the motility test.

#### SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) performing the motility test.

## **SAMPLE INFORMATION:**

Туре	Few, fresh, well isolated colonies
- <i>)</i> P -	

# **REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:**

Thioglycollate broth (THIO)

### **SUPPLIES:**

- Disposable loops
- Wooden sticks
- Sterile pipettes
- Glass microscope slides
- Cover slips
- Sterile saline

### **EQUIPMENT:**

• 35° ambient air incubator

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#### **SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:**

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potential infectious materials or cultures.

- Ensure that appropriate hang hygiene practices be used.
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens.
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable.
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes.
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC).
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited.

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

# **QUALITY CONTROL:**

- Quality control performed as tested:
  - > Positive: Escherichia coli ATCC 25922
  - ➤ Negative: Klebsiella pneumoniae ATCC 700603
- A TQC order is automatically generated when test is ordered to record the QC results

### PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:

Step	Action			
Performing the motility test				
1	Use fresh growth from an agar plate and suspend isolated colonies into the Thioglycollate broth. Use a light inoculum (not visibly turbid)  NOTE: It is acceptable to suspend the organism in a small amount of saline for an initial wet mount, but follow with incubation of Thioglycollate broth if the result is negative.			
2	<ul> <li>Incubate the Thioglycollate broth as follows:</li> <li>Listeria and Enterococcus spp. for 2 to 4 hours at room temperature</li> <li>Non-fermenting, Gram-negative rods for 24 hours at room temperature</li> <li>Other organisms, including Bacillus spp. for 2 to 24 hours at 35°C</li> </ul>			
3	While wearing gloves, place a small drop of the broth on the center of a microscope slide. Add a coverslip and allow the organism to "settle" for a minute.			
4	Move the condenser out of the path of illumination and observe under high power magnification (40X).			

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#### **INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:**

IF	THEN
Directional and purposeful motility	Motility Test = Positive
No directional movement observed	Motility Test = Negative

#### **LIMITATIONS:**

- 1. Bacillus spp. is best tested directly from a fresh plate. If a fresh plate is not available, inoculate a plate and incubate for 4 hours and then perform wet mount.
- 2. Bacillus spp. should be motile. Lack of motility could indicate Bacillus anthracis.
- 3. Enterococcus casseliflavus and Enterococcus gallinarum are motile.
- 4. *Listeria* organisms are motile at room temperature but not at 35°C, with tumbling motility.
- 5. Yersinia enterocolitica is motile at room temperature but not at 35°C.
- 6. Campylobacter spp. will display darting motility.
- 7. Excessive heat on microscope can affect the results.

## **REFERENCES:**

1. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook, 4th edition, ASM Press, 2016

APPROVAL:		
Date		

#### **REVISION HISTORY:**

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	05 Apr 19	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	30 Aug 21	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven

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