Title: MIC34100-Body Fluid Culture Issuing Authority: Director of Health Services Next Review Date: Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP Policy Number: Date Approved:

PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services		
Title: MIC34100 - Body Fluid Culture	Policy Number:	
Program Name: Laboratory Services		
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services		
Additional Domain(s):		
Effective Date:	Next Review Date:	
Issuing Authority:	Date Approved:	
Director of Health Services		
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard:		

GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

Infections of normally sterile body fluids often result in severe morbidity and mortality. Rapid and accurate microbiological assessment of these specimens is essential for successful patient management. With increased usage of prostheses, immunosuppressive therapy, and long-term care of individuals with chronic conditions, the likelihood of infection with commensal skin flora has increased.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

To determine the presence or absence of bacterial pathogens in body fluid specimens.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) processing specimens for body fluid culture.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

Common types of body fluids submitted for culture:

Fluid	Synonym	Location	
Pleural	 Empyema 	Fluid within the membrane surrounding the	
Ficulai	 Thoracentesis 	lungs and the chest wall	
	 Abdominal 	Fluid within the membrane lining the	
Peritoneal	 Ascites 	abdominal cavity	
	 Paracentesis 	abdominal cavity	
	 Synovial 		
Joint	 Bursa fluid 	Fluid at the union of two bones	
Joint	 Arthrocentesis 	Fluid at the union of two bones	
•	 Prosthetic joint 		

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Pericardial		Fluid within the membrane lining of the cavity of the heart
Cul-de-sac	Culdocentesis	Fluid within the pouch between the wall of the rectum and the wall of the uterus
Amniotic	Amniocentesis	Fluid within the membrane of the fetus
Other Fluids	Infection of normally sterile body fluids may result in severe morbidity and mortality. Any organism isolated must be considered significant. Specimens include: tympanocentesis fluid, intraocular	
	fluid, hydrocele fluid, cyst fluid, etc.	

NOTE:

- Refer to MIC34300-Blood Products Culture for blood products
- Refer tissue or biopsy specimens for culture to *Dyna*LIFE

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

SAMPLE IN ORMATION.			
Special	Refer to Policy 17-02-V1: Specimens Containing Suspected		
Precautions	Risk Group 3 Pathogens		
Туре	 Fluid should be collected in a sterile specimen container or tube and/or into blood culture bottles If fluid is received in blood culture bottles, order as Blood Culture-Fluid and process as blood culture If swab is received, add Specimen Quality comment SWBFL 		
Source	Refer to chart on page 2		
Stability	Transport to the laboratory immediately		
Storage	If a delay in processing is anticipated, hold specimens at		
Requirements	room temperature, do NOT refrigerate		
Criteria for rejection	 Insufficient volume for tests requested: contact the physician to prioritize requests Leaking specimens should be processed, but alert the physician of the possibility of contamination Improperly collected, labeled, transported, or handled specimens should be processed. SCM40110-Waiver of Responsibility form needs to be filled out by the responsible nurse Specimens received in the laboratory in a syringe with the needle still attached will be rejected. In addition, an RL6 will be filed outlining the hazard. Refer to SCM40100 - Specimen Acceptance and Rejection Policy If only blood culture bottles are received, a gram stain cannot be performed 		

REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Blood agar (BA), Chocolate agar (CHO), MacConkey agar (MAC), Brucella agar (BRU) and Thioglycollate broth (THIO)
- Identification reagents: catalase, oxidase, Staph latex test, Strep latex test, etc.

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SUPPLIES:

- Sterile red top vacutainer tube
- Disposable inoculation needles
- Microscope slides
- Anaerobic jar and pouch
- Wooden stick

EQUIPMENT:

- Biosafety cabinet
- 35° ambient air and 35° CO₂ incubators
- Vitek 2 and supplies

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potential infectious materials or cultures.

- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used.
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens.
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable.
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes.
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC).
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited.

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

QUALITY CONTROL:

Refer to Test Manual for reagent quality control procedures

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:

Step	Action			
Proce	Processing specimens for body fluid culture			
1	>1 mL received	 Centrifuge specimen at 3500 rpm for 10 minutes Transfer supernatant to labeled red top tube 		
	<1 mL received	Do not centrifuge		
	In the biosafety cabinet, using a sterile pipette:			
	 Place 1 to 2 drops 	of sediment or mixed fluid onto BA, CHO, MAC and		
2	BRU. Add 2 to 5 drops into THIO broth			
	Streak for isolated growth using a disposable inoculation needle			
 Prepare smear by placing 1 to 2 drops of fluid on a clean 		placing 1 to 2 drops of fluid on a clean microscope		
	slide and spread out with an inoculation needle to form a thin smear			

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3	 Incubate all media: Place BA and CHO in the CO₂ incubator Place specimen, supernatant tube, and MAC in the O₂ incubator Label THIO with day 2 date and day 5 date and place in the THIO rack in the O₂ incubator Place BRU in anaerobic jar with anaerobic pouch and indicator as soon as possible after inoculation. Label jar with day 2 date and place in the O₂ incubator NOTE: If specimen is from the neck or above, label BRU and THIO with day 10 date NOTE: Anaerobes should not be exposed to air for 42 to 48 hours after inoculation
4	Allow smear to dry and perform gram stain. Gram stain must be read before culture plates. Refer to MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure.
5	Interpret body fluid smears immediately. During the regular Microbiology lab hours of 08:00 to 20:00, turnaround time for these gram stains is <1 hour. Outside the regular Microbiology lab hours, Microbiology Technologist may be called in if ordering physician determines the stain must be read immediately.
6	Immediately phone positive fluid gram stain results to ordering location and document in the LIS.

	Probable Pathogens	
 Actinomyces spp. Arcanobacterium Aeromonas Bacillus anthracis*+ Bacteriodes fragalis β-hemolytic strep. Brucella spp.*+ Campylobacter Candida spp. Capnocytophaga spp. Eikenella corrodens 	 Enterobacteriacea Erysipelothrix Francisella*+ Molds H.influenzae Helicobacter Kingella kingae Listeria spp. Moraxella catarrhalis N.gonorrhoeae N.meningitides*+ 	 Nocardia spp. Pasteurella multocida Pseudomonas aeruginosa Staphylococcus aureus S.intermedius S.lugdunensis Streptococus anginosis grp. S.pneumoniae Vibrio spp.
	Potential Pathogen	s
 Aggregatibacter spp. Anaerobes other than Bacteriodes fragilis Bacillus spp. Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus 	 Corynebacterium spp. Enterococcus spp. Haemophilus spp. Lactobacillus spp. Micrococcus spp. Moraxella spp. 	 Gram-negative, non-fermenters other than <i>P.aeruginosa</i> Staphylococcus spp. other than those listed as "pathogens"

^{*} Risk group 3 organism. If suspected, refer to 17-02-V1: Specimens Containing Suspected Risk Group 3 Pathogens

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⁺ All work-up should be performed in the BSC

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INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:

	RETATION OF RESULTS:
Step	Action
1	Ensure growth on culture media correlates with gram stain results. If discordant results are found between the gram stain and growth: Re-examine smear and culture plates Check for anaerobic growth Re-incubate media to resolve Consider re-smearing or re-planting specimen
2	 Observe BA and CHO plates at 24 hours, 48 hours, and 72 hours Observe MAC plate at 24 hours and 48 hours
3	 Observe BRU and THIO after 48 hours Re-incubate BRU and THIO for an additional 72 hours If anaerobic growth is suspected, perform gram stain: If gram stain resembles growth on aerobic plates, further workup is not indicated If growth does not resemble growth on aerobic plates, perform aerotolerance test. Refer to MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test If specimen is from the neck or above, re-incubate BRU and THIO for a total of 10 days
4	If there are ≥3 organisms growing on any media: • Consult <i>Dyna</i> LIFE microbiologist
5	 If organism is a probable pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM If organism is a potential pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are true: Organism is intracellular in direct smear Organism is pure in direct smear
	 Organism is predominant in direct smear Organism is pure on culture Multiple or previous cultures are positive for the same organism
	If there are 1 to 3 aerobic organisms growing in THIO broth only:
6	 If organism is a probable pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM If organism is a potential pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are
	true: Organism is intracellular or pure in direct smear Organism is predominant in direct smear Organism is pure on culture Multiple or previous cultures are positive for the same organism

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If there are 1 to 3 anaerobic organisms growing in THIO broth only:

- If organism is pure growth:
 - Perform and report full identification
 - > Refer to *Dyna*LIFE for susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are true:
 - o Organism is a pathogen
 - o Organism is intracellular in direct smear
 - Organism is pure or predominant in direct smear
 - o Multiple or previous cultures are positive for the same organism
- If there are ≥ 2 anaerobic organisms:
 - > Perform and report full identification
 - Consult DynaLIFE microbiologist regarding susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are true:
 - Organisms are pathogens
 - o Organisms are intracellular in direct smear
 - Organisms are pure or predominant in direct smear
 - Multiple or previous cultures are positive for the same organisms

If there are 1 to 3 organisms growing on 1 solid medium only (THIO clear):

- If organism is present in the direct smear:
 - > Perform full identification and report organism
 - > Consult *DynaLIFE* microbiologist regarding susceptibility testing
- If organism is not present in the direct smear (possible lab contaminant):

Report culture as "No growth" if ALL the following are true:

- Organism is not a probable pathogen or potential pathogen
- Organism colony distribution is suggestive of contaminant
- No current or previous cultures are positive for the same organism
- Consult DynaLIFE microbiologist if ANY of the following are true:
 - Organism is a probable pathogen or potential pathogen
 - Colonies are on the streak line or inoculum
 - Multiple or previous cultures are positive for the same organism

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT	
No growth after 1 day	PRELIM: Report: "No growth after 1 Day" Report: "Further report to follow"	
No aerobic or anaerobic growth at 3 days	 INTERIM: Report: "No aerobic growth at 3 days" Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" 	
Aerobic growth at 2 or 3 days and no anaerobic growth	 INTERIM: Report aerobic growth as per procedure Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" 	

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No anaerobic growth after 5 days	FINAL: • Report: "No anaerobes isolated after 5 days"
No anaerobic growth after 5 days and specimen source is neck or above	FINAL: • Report: "No anaerobes isolated after 5 days" • Add test comment }AC10
Growth of potential pathogen	 Report organisms full identification List quantitation as "Isolated" Report susceptibility as per interpretation of results Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Growth of pathogen	 Report organisms full identification List quantitation as "Isolated" Report susceptibility results as per ASTM Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Growth of potential pathogen in THIO broth only	 Report organisms full identification List quantitation as "Isolated from Enrichment Broth" Report susceptibility as per interpretation of results Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Growth of aerobic pathogen in THIO broth only	 Report organisms full identification List quantitation as "Isolated from Enrichment Broth" Report susceptibility results as per ASTM Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Pure growth of anaerobic pathogen in THIO broth only	 Report organisms full identification List quantitation as "Isolated from Enrichment Broth" Refer to DynaLIFE for susceptibility testing as per interpretation of results Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Growth of non- significant organism in THIO broth only	 Report organism identification List quantitation as "Isolated from Enrichment Broth" Add isolate comment &THIO Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
H. influenzae or N.meningitidis isolated	 Must be sent immediately to Alberta Precision Laboratories for typing Refer to MIC36600-Microbiology Organism Referral Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
S.pyogenes, S.agalactiae, S.pneumoniae, H. influenzae or N.meningitidis isolated	 Any S.pyogenes, S.agalactiae, S.pneumoniae, H.influenzae or N.meningitidis isolated from blood culture specimens must be sent to NML for International Circumpolar Surveillance (ICS) program Refer to MIC36600-Microbiology Organism Referral Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log

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NOTE:

 Refer to Reportable Diseases – Public Health Act as of September 2009 for reporting to HPU1

- Refer to LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology for results that need to be phoned to ordering location
- Refer to MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid to determine if organism needs to be copied to Infection Prevention and Control
- Refer to MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL for sending category A isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL for sending isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36400-Referral of Category B Specimens to DL for sending isolates to DynaLIFE
- Refer to MIC36500-Referral of Category B Specimens to NML for sending isolates to NML
- Refer to MIC36600-Microbiology Organism Referral

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. False-positive cultures can result from contamination of the specimen with skin flora.
- 2. False-negative results can be caused by low numbers of organisms, prior antimicrobial treatment or the fastidious nature of the infective organism.
- 3. Body fluid swabs are not ideal specimens and should be noted in the specimen quality section of order entry.

CROSS-REFERENCES:

- 17-02-V1: Specimens Containing Suspected Risk Group 3 Pathogens
- LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology
- MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure
- MIC34300-Blood Products Culture for blood products
- MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid
- MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL
- MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL
- MIC36400-Referral of Category B Specimens to DynaLIFE
- MIC36500-Referral of Category B Specimens to NML
- Refer to MIC36600-Microbiology Organism Referral
- MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test
- SCM40100-Specimen Acceptance and Rejection Policy
- SCM40110-Waiver of Responsibility

REFERENCES:

- 1. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook, 4th edition, ASM Press, 2016
- Jorgensen J.H., Pfaller M.A., Carroll K.C., Funke G., Landry M.L., Richter S.S., Warnock D.W. 2015. Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th edition, ASM Press, Washington, D.C.
- 3. Policy B-0160: Specimens Containing Suspected Risk Group 3 Pathogens for Primary Specimen Handling Flow Chart

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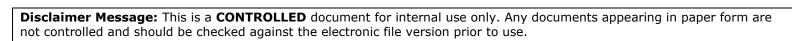
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APPROVAL:		
Date		

REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	12 Apr 17	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	30 Nov 18	Updated to include new Vitek 2 instrument	L. Steven
3.0	11 Jan 21	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven



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