PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services				
Title: MIC20300 – Gram stain reporting	Policy Number:			
in LIS-Respiratory Specimens				
Program Name: Laboratory Services				
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services				
Additional Domain(s):				
Effective Date:	Next Review Date:			
Issuing Authority:	Date Approved:			
Director, Health Services				
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: N/A				

GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

The culture of poorly collected respiratory specimens is a wasteful use of laboratory resources and can lead to erroneous reporting and treatment of patients. These specimens need to be scored for acceptability using the Q-score method.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

This standard operating procedure describes how to report the gram stain results of respiratory specimens in the LIS in a consistent manner.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) reporting the gram stain of respiratory specimens in the LIS.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

	•	Sputum, Endotracheal aspirates (ETT) and Auger Suction specimens are Q-scored for quality
Туре	•	Bronchial aspirates (washings), Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) specimens and specimens from cystic fibrosis patients are NOT Q-scored for quality Refer to MIC10100-Microbiology Specimen Processing

REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Methanol
- Gram Crystal Violet
- Gram Iodine (Stabilized)

- Gram Decolorizer
- Gram Safranin

SUPPLIES:

- Glass microscope slide
- QC slide

- Immersion oil
- Slide storage tray

EQUIPMENT

- Hot plate
- Microscope

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potential infectious materials or cultures.

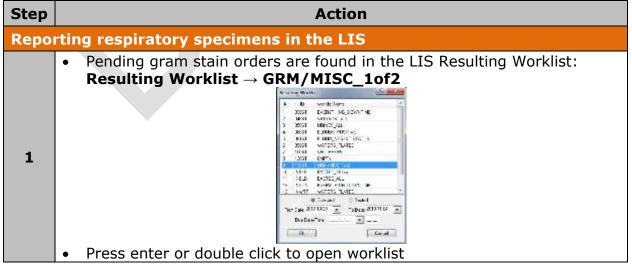
- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used.
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens.
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable.
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes.
- All procedures that may produce aerosols or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC).
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited.

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

QUALITY CONTROL:

- Quality control is performed daily
- A TQC order is automatically generated daily to record the QC results
- Refer to MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:



	 Enter the accession number on the slide and select enter to mark the order 				
2	Select enter again to open Result Entry or double click on accession				
3	number to open Under low power (X10, LPF): screen slide to locate good specimen areas to obtain an overall impression of cell types present. Observe slide for stain crystals: If an excess of precipitated stain is observed, prepare another smear If precipitate continues, use freshly filtered crystal violet Determine if slide has been properly decolorized: Depending on the source of the specimen, the background should be generally clear or gram pegative				
	Under low power (X10, LPF): average the number of epithelial cells and white blood cells:				
		None seen	No.c	olls soon]
		None seen		ells seen	
4		1+	< 1	cell seen	
4		1+ 2+	< 1 1 - 9	cell seen cells seen	
4		1+ 2+ 3+	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 25	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen	
4		1+ 2+	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 25	cell seen cells seen	
4	Calculate the Q-sco assessing the quant fields and interpret	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin tity of epithelial	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 2 > 25	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen	,
4	assessing the quant	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin tity of epithelial as follows:	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 2 > 25	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen	,
4	assessing the quant fields and interpret	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin tity of epithelial as follows: Q-sc	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q- cells and n	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen	,
4	assessing the quant	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin tity of epithelial as follows: Q-sc	< 1 1 - 9 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q- cells and n	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen •score is calcul eutrophils. Exa	,
	assessing the quant fields and interpret	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin city of epithelial as follows: Q-sc	<pre>< 1 1 - 9 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q- cells and n core Table White bloc</pre>	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen score is calcul eutrophils. Exa	amine 20 to 40
	assessing the quant fields and interpret	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin city of epithelial as follows: Q-sc 0	 < 1 1 - 9 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q- cells and n core Table White bloc 1-9 	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen •score is calcul eutrophils. Exa od cells /LPF 10-25	amine 20 to 40
	assessing the quant fields and interpret Epi cells/LPF 0	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin tity of epithelial as follows: Q-sc Q 0	< 1 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q-cells and n cells and n cells and n to re Table White block 1-9 Q 1	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen -score is calcul eutrophils. Exa od cells /LPF 10-25 Q 2	amine 20 to 40 >25 Q 3
	assessing the quant fields and interpret Epi cells/LPF 0 1-9	1+ 2+ 3+ 4+ re of the specin city of epithelial as follows: Q-sc Q-sc Q-sc Q-1	< 1 10 - 2! > 25 nen. The Q- cells and n cells and n core Table White block 1-9 Q 1 Q 1 Q 0	cell seen cells seen 5 cells seen cells seen •score is calcul eutrophils. Exa od cells /LPF 10-25 Q 2 Q 1	amine 20 to 40 >25 Q 3 Q 2

6	Do not perform or report the Q-score on Bronchial aspirates (washings), Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) or specimens from cystic fibrosis patients.				
7	If the Q-score indicates the sample is of good quality (Q-score 1-3 or Q- score 0 or <0 if patient is immunocompromised), add one drop of immersion oil to the slide. In a representative area with predominance of inflammation or purulence using the oil immersion lens (100X), examine 20 to 40 fields to observe cell morphology and gram reaction.				
	<u>Under oil immersion (X100, OIF)</u> : quantitate epithelial cells, white blood cells, red blood cells and bacteria as follows:				
		None seen	No cells seen		
		1+	< 1 cell seen		
8		2+	1 - 9 cells seen		
		3+	10 - 25 cells seen		
		4+	> 25 cells seen		
	NOTE: Bacteria are not reported if the Q-score indicates specimen is unsatisfactory for culture				
9	Under the test code: STGM2 , use the STGM2 keypad to report the				
	Reporting Mixed oropharyngeal flora in respiratory gram stain:				
	 If smear has ≥2 morphotypes and neither are predominant or intracellular, mixed oropharyngeal flora can be reported 				
10			d one or more are pre		
	intracellular, the predominant or intracellular morphotypes are reported individually and other morphotypes are reported as mixed				
	oropharyngea		•		

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS: REPORT IF 1. Quantify and report epithelial cells and white blood cells on the STGM2 1 of 2 keypad 2. Quantify and report bacteria on the **STGM2 1 of 2** keypad 3. Scroll to the **STGM2 2 of 2** keypad and report the Q-score: STGM2 - 2 of 2 H + F = XKey Text А }QSNR (QS<0 - REJECT) В }QSNP (QS<0 - Process)</pre> С }QSOR (QS 0 - REJECT) D }QSOP (QS0 -Process) }QS1P (QS1 - Process) 3QS2P (QS2 - Process) 3QS3P (QS3 - Process) SMIC-STAIN GRM Q SCORE 4. Comment will appear as: "Q-score +1, +2 or +3: Specimen satisfactory for **Q-score** is culture" 1, 2 or 3 5 Test Comment (STGM2)* ? X 💬 Comment 🗗 History 📍 Tags Tech: 2018-12-05 13:38 LMS 1+Epithelial cells 4+White blood cells 4+Gram positive cocci in pairs Q Score +2: Specimen satisfactory for culture < CanMesg (F5) Date (F6) Time (^F6) Spell (F11) Keypad (^K) OK Cancel If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM2 6. If the specimen is STAT, finalize **STGM2**. Preview instant report and save. Refresh **GRM/MISC1of 2** worklist 7. If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time 8. Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read

IF	REPORT					
	 Quantify and report epithelial cells and white blood cells on the STGM2 1 of 2 keypad Do not report bacteria Scroll to the STGM2 2 of 2 keypad and report the Q-score: 					
	STGM2 - 2 of 2 M ◀ ▶ ▲ ¥					
	Key Text					
	A SNR (QS<0 - REJECT)					
	B }QSNP (QS<0 - Process)					
	D }QSOR (QS 0 - REJECT)					
	E }QS1P (QS1 - Process)					
	F)QS2P (QS2 - Process)					
	G }QS3P (QS3 - Process)					
	SMIC-STAIN GRM Q SCORE					
Q-score is 0 or <0	 4. Comment will appear as: "Q Score 0 or <0: Suggestive of poor quality; culture not performed. Please recollect if clinically indicated" 					
Patient is NOT	Test Comment (STGM2)*					
immune-	P Comment Image: Tags Tech: 2018-12-05 13:40					
compromised	4+Epithelial cells No white blood cells seen Q Score 0: Suggestive of poor quality; culture not					
	performed. Please recollect if clinically indicated.					
	CanMesg (F5) Date (F6) Time (^F6) Spell (F11) Keypad (^K) OK Cancel					
	 Select OK. Standard deviation rule violation box will pop up indicating that the culture will be cancelled. Select OK Short cancellation reason box will pop up. Select Key 0- Report and select OK. This will cancel the culture Finalize STGM2. Standard deviation rule violation box will pop up. Select OK. Preview instant report and save. Refresh GRM/MISC1of 2 worklist If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read 					

IF	REPORT				
	 Quantify and report epithelial cells and white blood cells on the STGM2 1 of 2 keypad Quantify and report bacteria on the STGM2 1 of 2 keypad Scroll to the STGM2 2 of 2 keypad and report the Q-score: STGM2 - 2 of 2 				
Q-score is 0 or <0	Key Text A }QSNR (QS<0 - REJECT) QSNP (QS<0 - Process) C }QSOP (QS0 - Process) E }QS1P (QS1 - Process) F }QS2P (QS2 - Process) G }QS3P (QS3 - Process) SMIC-STAIN GRM Q SCORE 4. Comment will appear as: "Q Score 0 or <0:				
Patient IS Immune-	Culture performed as patient is immunocompromised"				
compromised	Decomment 🗗 History 🕴 Tags				
	Tech: 2022:10-19 10:10 LMS 4+Epithelial cells No white blood cells seen 3+Mixed oropharyngeal flora Q Score 0: Suggestive of poor quality. Culture performed as patient is immunocompromised.				
	CanMesg (F5) Date (F6) Time (^F6) Spell (F11) Keypad (^K) OK Cancel				
	 If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM2 If the specimen is STAT, finalize STGM2. Preview instant report and save. Refresh GRM/MISClof 2 worklist If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read 				

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. Use results of gram stains in conjunction with other clinical and laboratory findings. Use additional procedures (e.g., inclusion of selective media, etc.) to confirm findings suggested by gram stained smears.
- 2. Carefully adherence to procedure and interpretive criteria is required for accurate results. Accuracy is highly dependent on the training and skill of microscopists.
- 3. Gram stain positive, culture negative specimens may be the result of contamination of reagents and other supplies, presence of antimicrobial agents, or failure of organisms to grow under usual culture conditions (medium, atmosphere, etc.).
- 4. False gram stain results may be related to inadequately collected specimens or delays in transit.
- 5. Prior treatment with antimicrobial drugs may cause gram positive organisms to appear gram negative.

CROSS-REFERENCES:

- MIC10100-Microbiology Specimen Processing
- MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

REFERENCES:

1. Leber, A. (2016). *Clinical microbiology procedures handbook.* (4thed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press

APPROVAL:

Date

REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	07 Feb 19	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	31 Mar 22	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven