Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP Policy Number: Date Approved:

PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services			
Title: MIC33100 – Wound Culture-	Policy Number:		
Deep			
Program Name: Laboratory Services			
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services			
Additional Domain(s):			
Effective Date:	Next Review Date:		
Issuing Authority:	Date Approved:		
Director of Health Services			
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: N/A			

GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

Deep wound cultures include the addition of anaerobic media for the detection of anaerobes. Anaerobic bacteria can cause a variety of infections including wound infections and a variety of abscesses. Anaerobic bacteria are overlooked unless the specimen is properly collected and handled. Anaerobes can vary in their sensitivity to oxygen and brief exposure to atmospheric oxygen is enough to kill organisms.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

This standard operating procedure describes how to determine the significance of growth in deep wound specimens.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) processing specimens for deep wound culture.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

	Swab	
Tyrno	Amie's with or without charcoal	
Туре	Aspirate/Drainage/Pus	
	Clean, sterile container	
	Deep wound specimens:	
	Bite, third degree burn, deep surgical wounds, etc.	
Comme	2. Superficial abscess specimens:	
Source	Boils, cyst, subcutaneous abscess, etc.	
	3. Deep abscess specimens:	
	Deep abscess, pus, etc.	

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Stability	 If the sample is received in the laboratory and processed greater than 48 hours from collection: Add specimen quality comment: "Delayed transport may adversely affect pathogen recovery"
Storage Requirements	Room temperature
Criteria for rejection	 Unlabeled/mislabeled specimens Specimen container label does not match patient identification on requisition Specimens for culture submitted in container with formalin Submission of specimens to determine <i>if</i> an infection is present should be discouraged

REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Blood agar (BA), Chocolate agar (CHO), MacConkey agar (MAC), Brucella agar (BRU) and Anaerobic KV agar (KV)
- Identification reagents: catalase, oxidase, Staph latex test, Strep latex test, etc.

SUPPLIES:

- Disposable inoculation needles
- Microscope slides

- Anaerobic jar and pouch
- Wooden sticks

EQUIPMENT:

- Biosafety cabinet
- 35° ambient air and 35° CO₂ incubators
- Vitek 2 and supplies

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures:

- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC)
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

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QUALITY CONTROL:

• Refer to Test Manual for reagent quality control procedures

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:

Step	Action			
Proce	Processing specimens for deep wound culture			
1	 In the biosafety cabinet: Inoculate BA, CHO, MAC, BRU and KV with the swab Ensure all surfaces of the swab make contact with the agar Streak for isolated growth using a disposable inoculation needle Prepare smear by rolling the swab gently across the slide to avoid destruction of cellular elements and disruption of bacterial arrangements 			
2	 Incubate all media: Place BA and CHO in the CO₂ incubator Place MAC in the O₂ incubator Place BRU and KV in anaerobic tray with anaerobic pouch and indicator as soon as possible after inoculation. Label jar with day 2 date and place in the O₂ incubator NOTE: Anaerobes should not be exposed to air for 42-48 hours after inoculation 			
3	Allow smear to dry and perform gram stain. Gram stain must be read before culture plates. Refer to MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure.			

Probable F	Pathogens	
 Actinomyces spp. Arcanobacterium Aeromonas spp. Bacillus anthracis*+ β-hemolytic Streptococci Brucella spp.*+ Campylobacter Candida spp. Capnocytophaga spp. Chromobacterium Eikenella corrodens Francisella* Haemophilu influenzae Kingella kin Listeria spp Molds Moraxella conocytophaga spp. Neisseria gonorrhoea Neisseria meningitidis Nocardia spp 	 Pasteurella multocida Pseudomonas aeruginosa Salmonella spp. Shigella spp. Sphingobacterium Staphylococcus aureus Streptococcus anginosis grp. Streptococcus pneumoniae Vibrio spp. 	
Potential Pathogens	Commensal Flora	
 Anaerobes not listed above Enteric Gram-negative bacilli not listed above Enterococcus spp. Staphylococcus intermedius Staphylococcus lugdunensis Yeasts not listed above 	 Bacillus spp. not listed above Coagulase-negative Staphylococci Corynebacterium spp. Micrococcus spp. Non-pathogenic Neisseria spp. viridans Streptococcus grp. 	

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* Risk group 3 organism. If suspected, refer to Policy B-0160: "Specimens Containing Suspected Risk Group 3 Pathogens" for Primary Specimen Handling Flow Chart

+ All work-up should be performed in the BSC

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:

Step	Action			
_	pretation of aerobic growth in deep wound specimens			
Inter				
1	Ensure growth on culture media correlates with gram stain results. If discordant results are found between the gram stain and growth: Re-examine smear and culture plates Check for apparable growth			
	 Check for anaerobic growth Re-incubate media to resolve 			
	Consider re-smearing or re-planting specimen			
	Observe BA and CHO plates at 24 hours, 48 hours, and 72 hours			
2	Observe MAC plate at 24 hours and 48 hours			
	Single morphology growing on plates:			
	If organism is a probable pathogen:			
	Perform and report full identification			
	Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM			
	• If organism is a potential pathogen or commensal flora:			
	Perform and report full identification			
	Perform and report susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are			
3	true:			
	 3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain 			
	Clinical diagnosis is infectionPatient is immunocompromised			
	 Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism 			
	If organism is an anaerobe:			
	 Refer to "Interpretation of anaerobic growth for deep wound 			
	specimens" portion of this procedure			
	Multiple morphologies growing on plates:			
	If organism is a probable pathogen:			
	Perform and report full identification			
	Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM			
	If organism is a potential pathogen:			
	Perform minimal identification and list if ANY of the following are			
1	true:			
4	 Moderate to numerous epithelial cells in the gram stain No WBC in the gram stain 			
	 No when the grain stain No clinical history that indicates infection was provided 			
	 ≥3 organisms growing, excluding probable pathogens 			
	NOTE: Mixed enteric Gram-negative rods should be reported as mixture			
	of coliform organisms, not reported individually			
	If none of the above are true:			
	 Perform and report full identification 			

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- Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM if ANY of the following are true:
 - ❖ 3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain
 - Clinical diagnosis is infection
 - Patient is immunocompromised
 - Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism
- If organism is commensal flora:
 - > Perform minimal identification and report as commensal flora

NOTE: Mixed commensal flora should be reported as commensal flora, not reported individually and not reported as mixed

Step	Action
Inter	pretation of anaerobic growth for deep wound specimens
1	 Observe BRU at 48 hours and 5 days and KV at 48 hours If anaerobic growth is suspected, perform gram stain. If gram stain resembles growth on aerobic plates, further workup is not indicated. If growth does not resemble growth on aerobic plates, perform aerotolerance test. Refer to MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test NOTE: If specimen is from the neck or above, re-incubate BRU for a total of 10 days
2	 Single morphology growing on anaerobic plates: If growth is same as aerobic growth: Re-incubate BRU for anaerobic growth If growth does not resemble growth on aerobic plates: Perform identification If organism is a probable pathogen: Report full identification Refer to DynaLIFE for susceptibility testing If organism is a potential pathogen: Report full identification Refer to DynaLIFE for susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are true: 3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain Clinical diagnosis is infection Patient is immunocompromised Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism
	Multiple morphologies growing on anaerobic plates:
3	 If growth is same as aerobic growth: Re-incubate BRU for anaerobic growth If 2 anaerobes are isolated with or without aerobic growth: List organisms based on gram stain identification If >2 anaerobes are isolated with or without aerobic growth: Report anaerobes as "Mixture of anaerobic organisms"

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REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT	
No growth after 1 day	PRELIM: Report: "No Growth after 1 Day" Report: "Further report to follow"	
No aerobic growth after 3 days and no anaerobic growth	 INTERIM: Report: "No aerobic growth at 3 days" Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" 	
Aerobic growth at 2 or 3 days and no anaerobic growth No anaerobic growth	 INTERIM: Report aerobic growth as per procedure Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" FINAL: 	
after 5 days No anaerobic growth after 5 days and specimen source is neck or above	 Report: "No anaerobes isolated after 5 days" FINAL: Report: "No anaerobes isolated after 5 days" Add test comment }AC10 	
Growth of probable pathogen	 Report organism identification List quantitation Report susceptibility results as per ASTM 	
Growth of potential pathogen or commensal flora where full identification is required	 Report organism identification List quantitation If indicated by procedure, perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM 	
Growth of potential pathogens where minimal identification and listing is required	 Report the minimal identification (i.e., Gram Negative Bacilli - Lactose Fermenter) List quantitation 	
Growth of commensal flora where minimal identification and listing is required	 Report: "Commensal flora" List quantitation 	
Mix of enteric Gram-negative bacilli Mix of anaerobic organisms	 Report: "Mixture of coliform organisms" List quantitation Report: "Mixture of anaerobic organisms" List quantitation 	

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NOTE:

- Refer to Reportable Diseases Public Health Act as of September 2009 for reporting to OCPHO (HPU1)
- Refer to LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology for results that need to be phoned to ordering location
- Refer to MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid to determine if organism needs to be copied to Infection Prevention and Control
- Refer to MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL for sending category A isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL for sending isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36400-Referral of Category B Specimens to DL for sending isolates to *DynaLIFE*

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. The source of the specimen and how contaminated it may be with aerobic flora should influence the number and combination of primary isolation media used.
- 2. Anaerobic organisms may grow slowly and identification may take considerable time. It is important that the laboratory provide as much information as possible in an expeditious manner, through the use of preliminary reports.
- 3. Refer to MIC33000-Superficial Wound Culture for aerobic culture limitations.
- 4. The specimen must be obtained properly and transported to the laboratory in a suitable anaerobic transport container.
- 5. The technologist must perform aerotolerance testing on each isolate to ensure that it is an anaerobe.
- 6. A delay in processing of more than 1-2 hours may result in loss of recovery of strict anaerobes and the overgrowth of commensal microbiota.
- 7. A negative culture does not rule out an anaerobic infection.
- 8. False-negative cultures can result from contamination of the specimen with commensal microbiota or from prior antimicrobial therapy.
- 9. Inadequate specimen collection, improper specimen handling and low organism levels in the specimen may yield a false negative result.

CROSS-REFERENCES:

- LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology
- MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure
- MIC33000-Superficial Wound Culture
- MIC34100-Body Fluid Culture for fluid specimens
- MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid
- MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL
- MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL
- MIC36400-Referral of Category B Specimens to DL
- MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test

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REFERENCES:

1. Leber, A. (2016). *Clinical microbiology procedures handbook.* (4thed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press

2. Jorgensen J.H., Pfaller M.A., Carroll K.C., Funke G., Landry M.L., Richter S.S., Warnock D.W. (2015). *Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 11th edition*. Washington, D.C: ASM Press

APPROVAL:		
Date		

REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	28 May18	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	01 Feb 21	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven
3.0	27 Feb 23	Procedure reviewed	L. Steven

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