

## Streptococcus agalactiae (LTR70539)

Edit Approved By: Van der Walt, Peet (10/21/2022)

**Revision: 6.00** 

Organism	<ul> <li>Streptococcus agalactiae</li> <li>Streptococcus Group B</li> </ul>
Clinical	This organism is part of the normal flora of the gastrointestinal tract and the female genital tract. <i>S. agalactiae</i> are associated with serious neonatal infections (sepsis, meningitis, pneumonia), as well as with postpartum infections. In non-pregnant predisposed adults (diabetes, immunosuppression, malignancy) <i>S. agalactiae</i> have been associated with bacteremia, endocarditis, osteomyelitis, and skin/soft tissue infections.
Usual susceptibility pattern	These organisms are generally susceptible to penicillin/ampicillin, cephalosporins, vancomycin and linezolid. MIC to penicillin may be elevated and resistance (due to alteration of penicillin binding protein PBP2) has rarely been described. Resistance to tetracycline is common. Antimicrobial tolerance to penicillin has been described and in serious infections, synergistic combination therapy with gentamicin is recommended. Resistance to macrolides and clindamycin is significant.
Susceptibility method	VITEK2. Additional tests (Disc diffusion or Etest method) are performed using Mueller-Hinton agar with 5% sheep blood incubated in 5% CO <sub>2</sub> at 35°C for 20-24 hours.
	<b>Note:</b> For Etest use 0.5 McFarland suspension in broth. For mucoid strains use 1.0 McFarland.

# Susceptibility reporting

	CSF/ Brain	Blood +	Sterile Body Site +	Urine (Non- pregnant) +	Urine (pregnant) +	Vag/ Rectal +	Other +	Comments
Amoxicillin				~	~			Report same as penicillin
Ampicillin	~	~	~	~	~		~	If amp nonsusceptible see Special Considerations
Cefazolin		$\checkmark$	~				~	Report same as penicillin
Cefotaxime	*	*	*					*Report if patient ≤3 months If cefotaxime non-susceptible see Special Considerations
Ceftriaxone	~	~	~					Do not report if patient ≤1 month If ceftriaxone non-susceptible see Special Considerations
Cephalexin				~	~			Report same as penicillin
Clindamycin			√*		+	√*	√*	*See Special Considerations +See Note section
Erythromycin			*		+	*	*	See Special Considerations *Test but do not report + See Note section
Levofloxacin				~				Do not report if patient <18 y
Nitrofurantoin				~	~			Disc diffusion
Penicillin	~	~	~	*	*		~	If pen nonsusceptible see Special Considerations If pen MIC 0.12 μg/mL see interpretation *Test but do not report
Vancomycin	~	~	~		2*	2*	2**	*2nd line if clinda I/R **2nd line if co-isolated with MRSA If vanco nonsusceptible <mark>see Special Considerations</mark>

+ See note section

#### Note

Blood cultures	Perform susceptibility testir	ng according to repor	ting cha	irt:		
Sterile body sites	<ul> <li>Additional Comments:</li> <li>Add comment &amp;A22( "If patient has an endow combination therapy w</li> <li>If co-isolated with organ comment &amp;A373</li> <li>Perform susceptibility testin</li> <li>Additional Comments:</li> </ul>	) vascular infection or ith gentamicin shoul iisms where TMP-SM	is immu d be cor IX is rout	nocompromised, nsidered." tinely reported, add		
	<ul> <li>If co-isolated with organisms where TMP-SMX is routinely reported, add comment &amp;A373</li> </ul>					
Deep wound	1					
specimens	IF		ТНЕ	N		
speennens				form susceptibility testing		
1				ording to reporting chart		
1	<ul> <li>isolate is pure</li> <li>biston of popicillip / R</li> </ul>	lactam allorau	acci	according to reporting chart		
	<ul> <li>history of penicillin / β lactam allergy</li> </ul>					
	co-isolation of MRSA					
	• failure of therapy					
	clindamycin therapy in	dicated				
	at physician request					
	None of the above		Add	Add comment &Str1		
	<ul> <li>Additional Comments:</li> <li>If co-isolated with organisms where TMP-SMX is routinely reported, add comment. &amp;A373</li> </ul>					
Group B Strep		THEN		AND		
screen swab:	IF					
Vaginal/rectal	history of penicillin /	Perform susceptib	•	Add comment		
or	β lactam allergy	testing according t	0	&A336		
Vaginal	at physician request	reporting chart				
	None of the above	Add comments &A336 &IAP	0			
Urine (non-						
pregnant)		I		1		
	IF	THEN		AND		
	neonate	Perform susceptib	•	Add comment		
1	<ul> <li>history of penicillin /</li> </ul>	testing according t	0	&A373		
	β lactam allergy	reporting chart				
	• at physician request					
I						
	None of the above	Add comments &Str2 &A3	_	If co-isolated with MRSA, add comment &van1		

#### Note (continued)

IF	<ul> <li>IF</li> <li>Significant urine isolate and:</li> <li>history of penicillin / β lactam allergy indicated</li> <li>at physician request</li> <li>Significant urine isolate and above criteria not present</li> </ul>			AND Add comment &A373 Report clindamycin		
-			ptibility ngto			
			t			
-				comments according to		
				Table 1         If co-isolated with MRSA         add comment         &van1		
at physic						
-			6			
present						
Erythron	nycin	Clindamycin		Add Comments		
			-	results as S / I / R)		
Erythron	nycin	Liindamycin	ICR			
R		R	N/A	#A327		
R				#A327 #A331		
R	R			#A327 #A331 &A336		
	R	R	N/A	#A327 #A331 &A336		
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#### LIS comments

LIS	Translation
Code	
&UTIO	If patient has severe allergy and susceptibility testing to nitrofurantoin is needed for
aunu	the treatment of UTI, and to clindamycin for intrapartum antibiotic prophylaxis,
	contact the Microbiology laboratory.
0 C+r1	Antibiotic susceptibility testing is not routinely performed. This organism is
&Str1	predictably susceptible to penicillin and other beta-lactam antibiotics. Susceptibility
	to clindamycin is variable.
	Current guidelines suggest intrapartum GBS prophylaxis should be with penicillin (or
	ampicillin) IV, cefazolin if nonsevere penicillin allergy, clindamycin in severe beta-
&A336	lactam allergy, or vancomycin in severe beta-lactam allergy where clindamycin tests
	resistant or susceptibility is unknown. A severe allergy is defined as anaphylaxis,
	angioedema, respiratory distress or urticaria following administration of a penicillin
	or a cephalosporin.
&Str2	This organism is generally susceptible to beta lactam antibiotics.
&A373	Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole has unpredictable activity against this organism.
#A327	This isolate is resistant to clindamycin.
#A328	This isolate demonstrates inducible resistance to clindamycin in vitro.
#A329	This isolate is susceptible to clindamycin.
#A331	Clindamycin results applicable for intrapartum prophylaxis, not for urinary tract
#A331	infections.
&van1	This organism is predictably susceptible to vancomycin.
&IAPO	If susceptibility testing to clindamycin is needed for intrapartum antibiotic
	prophylaxis, contact the Microbiology laboratory.

## Special considerations

Ampicillin/	S. agalactiae should be susceptible to these antibiotics. Consult Supervisor if					
Penicillin/	not susceptible.					
Vancomycin:	If 'nonsusceptible', the organism ID and susceptibility should be confirmed by					
	repeat testing. If confirmed, consider submitting isolate to a reference					
	laboratory.					
Cefotaxime/	S. agalactiae should be susceptible to these antibiotics. Consult Supervisor if					
Ceftriaxone:	not susceptible.					
	If 'nonsusceptible', the organism ID and susceptibility should be confirmed by					
	repeat testing. If confirmed, consider submitting isolate to a reference					
	laboratory.					
	If patient ≤1 month report cefotaxime only.					
	If patient >1-3 months report cefotaxime and ceftriaxone.					
	If patient >3 months report ceftriaxone only.					

#### **Special Considerations (continued)**

Clindamycin/	If clindamycin S/I and erythromycin I/R this may indicate inducible resistance.				
Erythromycin:	Check for inducible resistance with VITEK2 ICR.				
	IF	THEN			
	VITEK2 ICR is positive	Report clindamycin R			
		Add comment:			
		"This isolate is presumed to be resistant to			
		clindamycin based on detection of inducible			
		clindamycin resistance in vitro". #A139			
	VITEK2 ICR is negative	Report clindamycin as tested.			
	<ul> <li>If clindamycin I/R and erythromycin S confirm results. This may represent a rare mechanism of resistance.</li> <li>Confirm clindamycin and erythromycin by disc diffusion and D test.</li> <li>If VITEK2 results confirmed report as tested.</li> <li>If discrepancy between VITEK2 and disc diffusion results consult Supervisor</li> </ul>				

**Interpretation** For Etest, report actual MIC result. For interpretation (S, I or R) report according to the nearest higher doubling dilution **(Appendix 1)**.

**Exception**: For penicillin - If MIC 0.12  $\mu$ g/mL, report as S but add comment: "Although this isolate tests susceptible to penicillin, the MIC is elevated and higher doses of penicillin may be indicated." **#pen1** 

Use CLSI interpretive document for Streptococcus spp. B-Hemolytic Group

Urine: For nitrofurantoin – use **CLSI** interpretive document for *Enterococcus spp*.

Add comment:

"Susceptibility testing for this organism was performed by a non-reference method and/or required modifications to the standard test conditions. Results are probable but not definite." &2130 &2338