

<b>PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services</b>	
Title: MIC32300 – Respiratory Culture	Policy Number:
Program Name: Laboratory Services	
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services	
Additional Domain(s): NA	
Effective Date:	Next Review Date:
Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services	Date Approved:
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: NA	

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**GUIDING PRINCIPLE:**

Pneumonia may be categorized as: i) Community acquired pneumonia (CAP), ii) Nosocomial or Hospital acquired pneumonia (NAP / HAP), iii) Aspiration pneumonia and iv) Pneumonia in immunocompromised patients. The most common organisms to cause CAP include *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, *Haemophilus influenzae* and *Legionella pneumophila*. HAP is more commonly due to aerobic gram-negative bacilli, anaerobes, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and others. Aspiration pneumonia may be due to a mixture of oral aerobes and anaerobes.

**PURPOSE/RATIONALE:**

This standard operating procedure describes how to determine the significance of growth in respiratory specimens.

**SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:**

This standard operating procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) processing specimens for respiratory culture.

**SAMPLE INFORMATION:**

<b>Type</b>	Sterile container
<b>Source</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sputum</li> <li>• Endotracheal aspirate (ETT) and Auger suction</li> <li>• Bronchial aspirates and Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL)</li> </ul>
<b>Stability</b>	If the sample is received in the laboratory and processed greater than 72 hours from collection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add specimen quality comment: "Delayed transport may adversely affect pathogen recovery"</li> </ul>

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<b>Storage Requirements</b>	Refrigerated
<b>Criteria for rejection</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Unlabeled/mislabeled specimen</li><li>2. Specimen container label does not match patient identification on requisition</li><li>3. Duplicate specimens obtained with same collection method within 24 hours</li><li>4. Leaking specimens</li><li>5. Improperly collected, labeled, transported, or handled bronchial aspirate, BAL specimens, lung aspirates and lung biopsy specimens should be processed. Waiver of responsibility form SCM-40110 needs to be filled out by the responsible nurse</li></ol>

**REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:**

- Blood agar (BA), Chocolate agar (CHO), Columbia Naladixic Acid agar (CNA) and MacConkey agar (MAC)
- Identification reagents: catalase, oxidase, Staph latex test, Strep latex test, etc.

**SUPPLIES:**

- Disposable inoculation needles
- Microscope slides
- Wooden sticks

**EQUIPMENT:**

- Biosafety cabinet
- 35° ambient air and 35° CO<sub>2</sub> incubators
- VITEK 2 and supplies

**SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:**

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures:

- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC)
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

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**QUALITY CONTROL:**

- Refer to Test Manual for reagent quality control procedures

**PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:**

Step	Action
<b>Processing specimens for respiratory culture</b>	
1	In the biosafety cabinet: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a sterile swab to inoculate BA, CHO, CNA and MAC from the specimen. Select the most purulent or most blood-tinged portion</li> <li>• Streak for isolated growth using a disposable inoculation needle</li> <li>• Prepare a smear by rolling the swab gently across the slide to avoid destruction of cellular elements and disruption of bacterial arrangements</li> </ul>
2	Incubate all media: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Place BA, CHO and CNA in the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator</li> <li>• Place MAC in the O<sub>2</sub> incubator</li> </ul>
3	Allow smear to dry and perform gram stain. Gram stain must be read before culture plates. Refer to MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure.
4	Ensure the quality of the specimen has been evaluated and is considered acceptable for culture. Refer to MIC20300-Gram stain resulting in LIS-Respiratory Cultures.

**INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:**

Step	Action		
1	Ensure growth on culture media correlates with gram stain results. If discordant results are found between the gram stain and growth: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Re-examine smear and culture plates</li> <li>• Check for anaerobic growth</li> <li>• Re-incubate media to resolve</li> <li>• Consider re-smearing or re-planting specimen</li> </ul>		
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Observe BA, CHO and CNA plates at 24 hours and 48 hours</li> <li>• Observe MAC plate at 24 hours</li> </ul>		
3	Significant growth is defined as bacterial morphotypes that are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Moderate to heavy growth in the second or greater quadrants</li> <li>• Colonies in the first quadrant of the plate provided there is little or no other normal respiratory flora and gram stain shows WBC</li> </ul>		
<b>Examine for and always report the following probable pathogens<sup>^</sup>:</b>			
4	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <u>GNB Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Burkholderia mallei/pseudomallei</i><sup>++</sup></li> <li>• <i>Brucella</i> spp.</li> </ul> <u>GPB Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Bacillus anthracis</i><sup>*+</sup></li> <li>• <i>Nocardia</i> spp.</li> </ul> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <u>GNDC Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i></li> </ul> <u>GPC Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i></li> <li>• <i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> in newborns</li> </ul> <u>Other:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fungi and Molds</li> <li>• <i>Cryptococcus neoformans/gattii</i></li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	<u>GNB Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Burkholderia mallei/pseudomallei</i><sup>++</sup></li> <li>• <i>Brucella</i> spp.</li> </ul> <u>GPB Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Bacillus anthracis</i><sup>*+</sup></li> <li>• <i>Nocardia</i> spp.</li> </ul>	<u>GNDC Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i></li> </ul> <u>GPC Aerobic:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i></li> <li>• <i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> in newborns</li> </ul> <u>Other:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fungi and Molds</li> <li>• <i>Cryptococcus neoformans/gattii</i></li> </ul>
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	<b>Report the following potential pathogens, but do not make an effort to find low numbers, unless seen in smear:</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i></li> <li><i>Haemophilus influenzae</i></li> </ul>
	<b>Report the following potential pathogens if present in significant amounts, even if not predominant:</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i></li> <li><i>Neisseria meningitidis</i></li> </ul>
	<b>Report the following potential pathogens if present in significant amounts, even if not predominant for inpatients only:</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Acinetobacter</i> spp.</li> <li><i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i></li> <li><i>Burkholderia</i> spp.</li> <li><i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i></li> </ul>
	<b>Report the following potential pathogens if present in significant amounts AND if it is the predominant organism in the culture:</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>\beta</math>-hemolytic strep</li> <li>Single morphotype of enteric Gram-negative bacilli</li> <li><i>Corynebacterium pseudodiphtheriticum</i></li> <li><i>Staphylococcus aureus</i></li> </ul>
	<b>Report as "commensal flora":</b>
	<b>Note:</b> If only <i>Enterococci</i> is present or only coagulase-negative <i>Staphylococci</i> is present or only <i>Candida</i> spp. is present, list with minimal identification. If all 3 are present, report as commensal flora
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anaerobes</li> <li><i>Enterococci</i> spp.</li> <li><i>Capnocytophaga</i> spp.</li> <li><i>Haemophilus</i> spp. not <i>H. influenzae</i></li> <li>Coagulase neg <i>Staphylococci</i></li> <li>Non-pathogenic <i>Neisseria</i> spp.</li> <li><i>Eikenella</i> spp.</li> <li>viridans <i>Streptococcus</i> grp.</li> <li>Yeast spp.</li> </ul>
<b>5</b>	Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM for all probable and potential pathogens.

\* Risk group 3 organisms. If suspected, refer to MIC40100-Suspect High Risk Organism Workup

+ All work-up should be performed in the BSC

^ For organisms not listed, consult the Microbiology Technical Supervisor, or refer to the *Manual of Clinical Microbiology*

### REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT
No growth after 1 day	<b>PRELIM:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report: <b>"No Growth after 1 Day"</b></li> <li>Report: <b>"Further report to follow"</b></li> </ul>
No growth after 2 days	<b>FINAL:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report: <b>"No Growth after 2 Days"</b></li> </ul>
Growth of probable pathogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report organism full identification</li> <li>List quantitation</li> <li>Report susceptibility testing as per ASTM</li> </ul>
Growth of potential pathogens that meets criteria for reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Report organism full identification</li> <li>List quantitation</li> <li>Report susceptibility testing as per ASTM</li> </ul>

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Growth of potential pathogen that does NOT meet criteria for reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Report: "<b>Commensal flora</b>"</li><li>• List quantitation</li></ul>
Growth of commensal flora	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Report: "<b>Commensal flora</b>"</li><li>• List quantitation</li></ul>
Mix of enteric Gram-negative bacilli	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Report: "<b>Mixture of coliform organisms</b>"</li><li>• List quantitation</li></ul>

**NOTE:**

- Refer to Reportable Diseases-Public Health Act as of September 2009 for reporting to OCPHO (HPU1)
- Refer to LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology for results that need to be phoned to ordering location
- Refer to MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid to determine if organism needs to be copied to Infection Prevention and Control
- Refer to MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL for sending category A isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL for sending isolates to APL

**LIMITATIONS:**

1. A positive culture with *Streptococcus pneumoniae* or *Haemophilus influenzae* generally indicates an infection, although carriage may lead to false-positive results.
2. False-negative cultures can result from improper collection, delayed transport, contamination of the specimen with normal oral microbiota, low organism levels or from prior antimicrobial therapy.
3. False-positive cultures can result from contamination of the specimen by normal respiratory flora and its subsequent growth on culture and over interpretation by the laboratory.

**CROSS-REFERENCES:**

- MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure
- MIC20300-Gram stain resulting in LIS-Respiratory Cultures
- MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid
- MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL
- MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL
- MIC40100-Suspect High Risk Organism Workup
- LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology
- SCM40110-Waiver of Responsibility

**REFERENCES:**

1. Leber, A. (2016). *Clinical microbiology procedures handbook*. (4<sup>th</sup>ed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press
2. Jorgensen J.H., Pfaller M.A., Carroll K.C., Funke G., Landry M.L., Richter S.S., Warnock D.W. (2015). *Manual of Clinical Microbiology*, 11<sup>th</sup> edition. Washington, D.C: ASM Press

**APPROVAL:**

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Date

**REVISION HISTORY:**

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	28 May 18	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	22 Feb 21	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven
3.0	27 Feb 23	Procedure reviewed	L. Steven

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