Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026 Date Approved: 15/05/2024

PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure - Laboratory Services				
Title: MIC20800 – Gram stain reporting in LIS-Genital Specimens	Policy Number: 15-163-V1			
Program Name: Laboratory Services	Program Name: Laboratory Services			
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services				
Additional Domain(s): NA				
Effective Date: 15/05/2024 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026				
Issuing Authority:	Date Approved: 15/05/2024			
Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic	13/03/2024			

Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: NA

Uncontrolled When Printed

GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

Imaging Services

Cultures from female genital sites are sent to the clinical microbiology laboratory for detection of microorganisms from prepubescent females (≤13 years of age) and adult females and postmenopausal women meeting select criteria. Male urethritis is usually caused by *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* or *Chlamydia trachomatis*.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

This standard operating procedure describes how to report the gram stain results of genital specimens in the LIS in a consistent manner.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This standard operating procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) reporting the gram stain of male urethra specimens and vaginal culture specimens in the LIS.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

Type 3	 Cervix swab Endometrium swab Labia swab Penis swab Placenta swab 	6. Semen sample7. Vaginal swab8. Vulva swab9. Male urethra swab
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REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Methanol
- Gram Crystal Violet
- Gram Iodine (Stabilized)

- Gram Decolorizer
- Gram Safranin

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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 1 of 10

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026 Date Approved: 15/05/2024

SUPPLIES:

Glass microscope slide

QC slide

Immersion oil

Slide storage tray

EQUIPMENT

- Hot plate
- Microscope

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures:

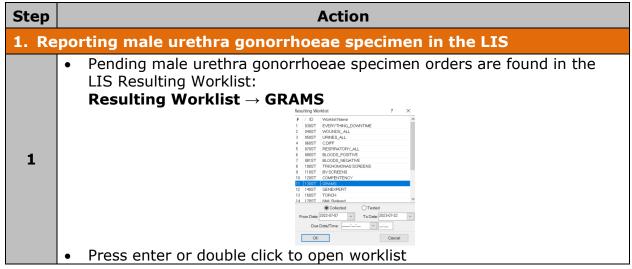
- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC)
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

QUALITY CONTROL:

- Quality control is performed daily
- A TQC order is automatically generated daily to record the QC results
- Refer to MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:



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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 2 of 10 Title: MIC20800-Gram stain reporting in LIS-Genital Specimens

Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP

Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15, 163, V1

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1

Date Approved: 15/05/2024

	Enter the accelerate	ession number on th	e slide and select ent	er to mark the		
2		•	Entry or double click	on accession		
3	 Under low power (X10, LPF): screen slide to locate good specimen areas to obtain an overall impression of cell types present. Observe slide for stain crystals: If an excess of precipitated stain is observed, prepare another smear If precipitate continues, use freshly filtered crystal violet Determine if slide has been properly decolorized: Depending on the source of the specimen, the background should be generally clear or gram negative If white blood cells are present, they should appear completely gram negative If slide is over decolorized, prepare another smear Determine if thickness of smear is appropriate: For proper interpretation, areas must be no more than one cell thick, with no overlapping of cells. Prepare a new slide if unreadable Examine for evidence of inflammation: Determine areas representative of inflammation and areas of contamination with squamous epithelial cells 					
4	Add one drop of immersion oil to the slide. In a representative area with predominance of inflammation or purulence using the oil immersion lens (100X), examine 20 to 40 fields to observe cell morphology and gram reaction.					
	Under oil immersion (X100, OIF): quantitate white blood cells and gram negative diplococci as follows:					
	None seen No cells seen					
5		1+	< 1 cell seen			
		2+	1 - 9 cells seen			
		3+	10 - 25 cells seen			
		4+	> 25 cells seen			
6	quantity of white	blood cells and grad	e STGM4 keypad to rom negative diplococci sency with reporting.			

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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 3 of 10

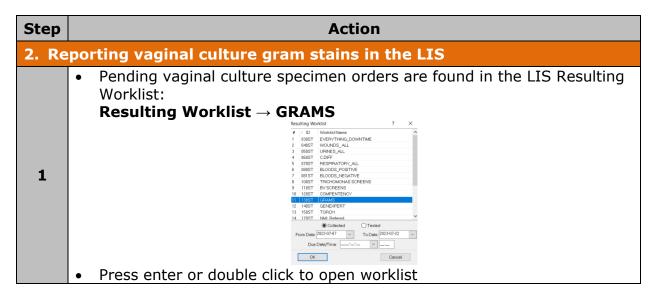
Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT
No white blood cells seen on gram stain	Report: "No white blood cells seen"
No gram negative diplococci seen on gram stain	Report: "No gram negative diplococci seen"
White blood cells	Quantitate and report using the STGM4
seen on gram stain	keypad
Gram negative diplococci seen on gram stain	Quantitate and report using the STGM4 keypad

Step	Action
Comp	olete reading of male urethra gonorrhoeae specimen slides
	If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM4
1	 Preview instant report and save If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time
2	Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read.



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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 4 of 10

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1

Next Review Date: 15/05/2026

Policy Number: 15-163-V1

Date Approved: 15/05/2024

	Enter the acce	ession number on th	ne slide and select ente	er to mark the
2	order			
_	 Select enter a number to ope 		Entry or double click	on accession
			slide to locate good sp	ecimen areas to
		impression of cell t	ypes present.	
		for stain crystals:	ain is observed propa	ro another
	smear	ss or precipitated st	ain is observed, prepa	e another
		-	eshly filtered crystal v	iolet
		slide has been prope		anaund abauld ba
	-	clear or gram negat	ie specimen, the backç ive	ground Should be
3	➤ If white blo		t, they should appear	completely gram
	negative	war dasalarizad pr	anara another emear	
		hickness of smear i	epare another smear s appropriate:	
	For proper	interpretation, area	as must be no more th	
		no overlapping of ovidence of inflamma	cells. Prepare a new sli	de if unreadable
			re of inflammation and	areas of
	contamina	tion with squamous	epithelial cells	
			e slide. In a representa rulence using the oil ir	
4			bserve cell morpholog	
	reaction.	()		
		<u>ion (X100, OIF)</u> : qua ells and bacteria as f	antitate epithelial cells,	white blood
	005, 100 5.000 00	Sile di la Bacteria de l	0.10.11.01	
		None seen	No cells seen	
		1+	< 1 cell seen	
5		2+	1 - 9 cells seen	
		3+	10 - 25 cells seen	
		4+	> 25 cells seen	
			white blood cells and seen, do not report th	
	epithelial cells or	red blood cells are	white blood cells and seen, do not report th screen needs to be pe	is
6	epithelial cells or If patient is >13, to MIC20600-Gra	red blood cells are Bacterial vaginosis Im stain reporting in	seen, do not report th	is rformed. Refer
6	epithelial cells or If patient is >13, to MIC20600-Gra Under the test co	red blood cells are Bacterial vaginosis im stain reporting in ide STGM3:	seen, do not report th screen needs to be pe n LIS-Bacterial Vaginos	rformed. Refer sis Screen.
	epithelial cells or If patient is >13, to MIC20600-Gra Under the test co Use the STGN white blood ce	red blood cells are Bacterial vaginosis im stain reporting in ide STGM3: 13 1 of 3 keypad tells, red blood cells	seen, do not report the screen needs to be pended to be p	rformed. Refersis Screen. of epithelial cells,
6	epithelial cells or If patient is >13, to MIC20600-Gra Under the test co Use the STGM white blood co	red blood cells are Bacterial vaginosis im stain reporting in ode STGM3: 13 1 of 3 keypad tells, red blood cells tain consistency wit	seen, do not report the screen needs to be pended to be p	rformed. Refersis Screen. of epithelial cells,

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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 5 of 10

Title: MIC20800-Gram stain reporting in LIS-Genital Specimens

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026 Date Approved: 15/05/2024

Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT
No white blood cells	
seen on gram stain	Report: "No white blood cells seen"
No bacteria	Report: "No bacteria seen"
seen on gram stain Epithelial cells,	·
white blood cells,	
red blood cells	Quantitate and report using the STGM3 keypad
seen on gram stain	
Bacteria	Quantitate and report using the STGM3 keypad
seen on gram stain Bacteria resembles:	
Staphylococcus spp.	Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of
Sales Francis	Staphylococci"
100	NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as
9	Gram positive cocci
Danka iia waxa na la la a s	
Bacteria resembles: Streptococcus spp.	Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of
Streptococcus spp.	Streptococci"
CAN	NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as
1/3/12	Gram positive cocci
Bacteria resembles:	-
Diphtheroids	Report: "Gram positive bacilli resembling
., 3	diphtheroids"
2 2 2	NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as
£ > 1	Gram positive bacilli
, e / (Report: "Smear NEGATIVE for Bacterial
N-Score is 0 - 3	Vaginosis"
N-Score is 4 - 6	Report: "Gram stain shows altered vaginal flora.
14-3c0re is 4 - 0	Results are indeterminate for Bacterial Vaginosis"
	Report: "Smear consistent with Bacterial
N-Score is 7 - 10	Vaginosis"
Scant or no cells seen	Report: "Insufficient sample to assess for
on smear	vaginitis. Please recollect if clinically indicated"
If patient is >55 years old	Add comment }PMEN from the STGM3 of 3 keypad
If yeast is seen	Add comment }YEAS from the STGM3 of 3 keypad
in the gram	Add comment & LEAS from the Storis of 5 keypau
If 3+ or 4+ WBC are seen in gram	Add comment }PURU from the STGM3 of 3 keypad
are seen in grain	

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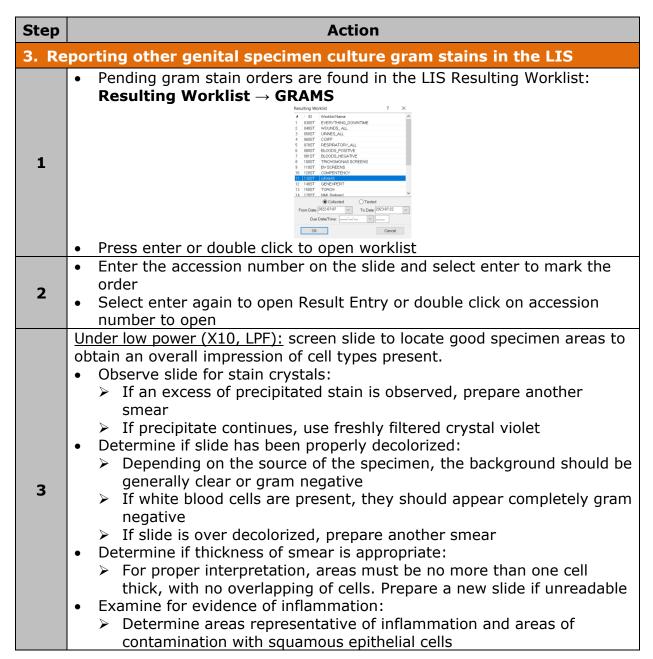
Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 6 of 10 Policy Number: 15-163-V1

Title: MIC20800-Gram stain reporting in LIS-Genital Specimens

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services Policy Number: 15-163-V1
Next Review Date: 15/05/2026 Date Approved: 15/05/2024

Step	Action
Comp	lete reading of vaginal culture specimen slides
1	 If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM3 Preview instant report and save If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time
2	Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read.

Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP



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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 7 of 10

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services Policy Number: 15-163-V1
Next Review Date: 15/05/2026 Date Approved: 15/05/2024

4	Add one drop of immersion oil to the slide. In a representative area with predominance of inflammation or purulence using the oil immersion lens (100X), examine 20 to 40 fields to observe cell morphology and gram reaction.							
	<u>Under oil immersion (X100, OIF)</u> : quantitate epithelial cells, white blood							
	cells, red blood ce	ells and bacteria as f	follows:					
			<u> </u>	Í				
		None seen	No cells seen					
		1+	< 1 cell seen					
5		2+	1 - 9 cells seen					
	3+ 10 - 25 cells seen							
	4+ > 25 cells seen							
			white blood cells and seen, do not report th					
6	epithelial cells or red blood cells are seen, do not report this Under the test code: STGM1 , use the STGM1 keypad to report the quantity of epithelial cells, white blood cells, red blood cells and bacteria seen. Report cells in this order to maintain consistency with reporting.							

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

IF	REPORT
No white blood cells seen on gram stain	Report: "No white blood cells seen"
No bacteria seen on gram stain	Report: "No bacteria seen"
Epithelial cells, white blood cells, red blood cells seen on gram stain	Quantitate and report using the STGM1 keypad
Bacteria seen on gram stain	Quantitate and report using the STGM1 keypad
Bacteria resembles: Staphylococcus spp.	Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of Staphylococci"
	NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive cocci.
Bacteria resembles: Streptococcus spp.	Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of Streptococci"
The state of the s	NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive cocci.

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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 8 of 10

Title: MIC20800-Gram stain reporting in LIS-Genital Specimens

Bacteria resembles:

Diphtheroids

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services Next Review Date: 15/05/2026

> Report: "Gram positive bacilli resembling diphtheroids"

NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive bacilli.

Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP

Policy Number: 15-163-V1

Date Approved: 15/05/2024

Step	Action
Comp	lete reading of other genital specimen culture slides
1	 If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM1 If the specimen is STAT, save and finalize STGM1 Preview instant report and save If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time
2	Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read.

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. Use results of gram stains in conjunction with other clinical and laboratory findings. Use additional procedures (e.g., inclusion of selective media, etc.) to confirm findings suggested by gram stained smears.
- 2. Careful adherence to procedure and interpretive criteria is required for accurate results. Accuracy is highly dependent on the training and skill of microscopists.
- 3. Gram stain positive, culture negative specimens may be the result of contamination of reagents and other supplies, presence of antimicrobial agents, or failure of organisms to grow under usual culture conditions (medium, atmosphere, etc.).
- 4. False gram stain results may be related to inadequately collected specimens or delays in transit.
- 5. Prior treatment with antimicrobial drugs may cause gram positive organisms to appear gram negative.
- 6. The presence or absence of clue cells is not part of the Nugent score and not required for diagnosis.
- 7. For post-menopausal patients, laboratory diagnosis of bacterial vaginosis has not been validated and interpretation of gram stain results needs to be considered. Ensure comment is added.
- 8. For pre-pubescent girls (≤13 years), Bacterial Vaginosis should not be reported.
- 9. A negative genital specimen culture does not eliminate the possibility of a genital tract infection. Organisms such as viruses, Mycoplasmas and Chlamydia are not detected by routine culture. Inadequate specimen collection, improper specimen handling and low organism levels in the specimen may yield a false negative result.

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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 9 of 10

Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Next Review Date: 15/05/2026

CROSS-REFERENCES:

MIC10100-Microbiology Specimen Processing

• MIC20600-Gram stain reporting in LIS-Bacterial Vaginosis Screen

MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

REFERENCES:

1. Leber, A. (2016). Clinical microbiology procedures handbook. (4thed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press

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_May 15, 2024			
Date			
2 Nally			
Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services			

REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	07 Feb 19	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	31 Mar 22	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven
3.0	20 Feb 24	Procedure reviewed	L. Steven
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Policy Number: 15-163-V1 Date Approved: 15/05/2024 Page 10 of 10