Title: MIC33300-Genital Culture-Upper Genital Tract Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services Next Review Date:

Type: Laboratory Services Program SOP Policy Number:
Date Approved:

PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services	
Title: MIC33300 – Genital Culture- Upper Genital Tract	Policy Number:
Program Name: Laboratory Services	
Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services	
Additional Domain(s): NA	
Effective Date: Next Review Date:	
Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services	Date Approved:
Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: NA	

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GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

Organisms typically associated with infections of the upper genital tract include *Staphylococcus aureus*, β-hemolytic Streptococci, *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* and *Chlamydia trachomatis*.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

This standard operating procedure describes how to determine the significance of growth in upper genital tract specimens.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This standard operating procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) processing specimens for upper genital tract culture.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

Туре	Swab Amie's with or without charcoal Charcoal swabs are preferred Aspirates/tissue	
	Clean, sterile container	
Source	 Endometrial swabs, biopsies and curettings Placenta swabs and tissues Products of conception, Cul de Sac/transvaginal, fallopian tube, tubo-ovarian swabs, or aspirates 	
Stability	 If the sample is received in the laboratory and processed greater than 24 hours from collection: Add specimen quality comment: "Delayed transport may adversely affect pathogen recovery" 	

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Storage Requirements	Room temperature
Criteria for rejection	 Unlabeled/mislabeled swabs Specimen container label does not match patient identification on requisition Improperly collected, labeled, transported, or handled irretrievable specimens should be processed. Waiver of responsibility form SCM40110 needs to be filled out by the responsible nurse

NOTE:

- Refer to MIC34100-Body Fluid Culture for amniotic fluid
- Refer tissue or biopsy specimens for culture to APL

REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Blood agar (BA), Chocolate agar (CHO), Columbia Naladixic Acid agar (CNA), Thayer Martin agar (TM), MacConkey agar (MAC) and Brucella agar (BRU)
- Identification reagents: catalase, oxidase, Staph latex test, Strep latex test, etc.

SUPPLIES:

- Disposable inoculation needles
- Anaerobic jar and pouch
- Wooden sticks

EQUIPMENT:

- Biosafety cabinet
- 35° ambient air and 35° CO₂ incubators
- VITEK 2 and supplies

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures:

- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC)
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

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QUALITY CONTROL:

Refer to Test Manual for reagent quality control procedures

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:

Step	Action		
Proce	Processing specimens for upper genital tract culture		
1	 In the biosafety cabinet: Inoculate BA, CHO, CNA, TM, MAC and BRU with the specimen Ensure all surfaces of the specimen make contact with the agar Streak for isolated growth using a disposable inoculation needle Prepare smear by rolling the swab gently across the slide to avoid destruction of cellular elements and disruption of bacterial arrangements 		
2	 Incubate all media: Place BA, CHO, CNA and TM in the CO₂ incubator Place MAC in the O₂ incubator Place BRU in anaerobic jar with anaerobic pouch and indicator as soon as possible after inoculation. Label jar with day 2 date and place in the O₂ incubator NOTE: Anaerobes should not be exposed to air for 42 to 48 hours 		
3	Allow smear to dry and perform gram stain. Gram stain must be read before culture plates. Refer to MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure.		

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Probable Pathogens^		
GNB Aerobic: • Aeromonas spp. • Brucella spp.*+ • Chromobacterium spp. • Eikenella corrodens • Pasteurella multocida • Pseudomonas aeruginosa • Salmonella spp. • Shigella spp. • Sphingobacterium spp. • Vibrio spp. • Yersinia spp. GNB Anaerobic: • Bacteroides fragilis • Capnocytophaga spp.	GNC/CB Aerobic: • Francisella tularensis*+ • Haemophilus influenzae • Kingella kingae • Moraxella catarrhalis • Neisseria gonorrhoeae • Neisseria meningitidis GPC Aerobic: • β-hemolytic Streptococci • Staphylococcus aureus • Streptococcus anginosis grp. • Streptococcus pneumoniae	GPB Aerobic: • Bacillus anthracis*+ • Bacillus cereus • Erysipelothrix spp. • Listeria spp. • Nocardia spp. GPB Anaerobic: • Actinomyces spp. • Arcanobacterium spp. • Clostridium perfringens Others: • Candida spp. • Molds

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Potential Pathogens [^]	Commensal Flora^
 Anaerobes not listed above Enteric Gram-negative bacilli not listed above Enterococcus spp. Staphylococcus intermedius Staphylococcus lugdunensis Yeasts not listed above 	 Bacillus spp. not listed above Coagulase-negative Staphylococci Corynebacterium spp. Micrococcus spp. Non-pathogenic Neisseria spp. viridans Streptococcus grp.

^{*} Risk group 3 organism. If suspected, refer to MIC40100-Suspect High Risk Organism Workup

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS:

	Step	Action		
	Interp	pretation of aerobic growth in upper genital specimens		
	1	Ensure growth on culture media correlates with gram stain results. If discordant results are found between the gram stain and growth: Re-examine smear and culture plates Check for anaerobic growth Re-incubate media to resolve Consider re-smearing or re-planting specimen		
	2	Observe BA, CHO, CNA and TM plates at 24 hrs, 48 hrs, and 72 hrs		
L		Observe MAC plate at 24 hours and 48 hours		
	3	 Single morphology growing on plates: If organism is a probable pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM If organism is a potential pathogen or commensal flora: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are true: 3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain Clinical diagnosis is infection Patient is immunocompromised Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism If organism is an anaerobe: 		
		specimens" portion of this procedure Multiple morphologies growing on plates:		
	4	 If organism is a probable pathogen: Perform and report full identification Perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM 		

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⁺ All work-up should be performed in the BSC

[^] For organisms not listed, consult the Microbiology Technical Supervisor or refer to the *Manual of Clinical Microbiology*

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	If organism is a potential pathogen:		
	Perform minimal identification and list if ANY of the following are		
	true:		
	 Moderate to numerous epithelial cells in the gram stain 		
	 No WBC in the gram stain 		
	 No clinical history that indicates infection was provided 		
	 ≥3 organisms growing, excluding probable pathogens 		
	NOTE: Mixed enteric Gram-negative rods should be reported as mixture		
	of coliform organisms, not reported individually		
	If none of the above are true:		
4	 Perform full identification and report 1 or 2 potential pathogens 		
	 Perform susceptibility testing as per ASTM and report if ANY of 		
	the following are true:		
	❖ 3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain		
	Clinical diagnosis is infection		
	 Patient is immunocompromised 		
	 Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism 		
	If organism is commensal flora:		
	> Perform minimal identification and report as commensal flora		
	NOTE: Mixed commensal flora should be reported as commensal flora,		
	not reported individually and not reported as mixed		
5	Perform a flood oxidase test on both chocolate and TM agar on day 3.		
	Sub any oxidase positive organisms to chocolate agar immediately.		

Step	Action		
Inter	Interpretation of anaerobic growth in upper genital specimens		
 Observe BRU at 48 hours and 5 days If anaerobic growth is suspected, perform gram stain. If gram stain resembles growth on aerobic plates, further workup is not indicated. If growth does not resemble growth on aerobic plates, perform aerotolerance test. Refer to MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test 			
	Single morphology growing on anaerobic plates:		
	 If growth is same as aerobic growth: Re-incubate BRU for anaerobic growth 		
	If growth does not resemble growth on aerobic plates:		
	Perform identification		
	• <u>If organism is a probable pathogen:</u>		
	Report full identificationRefer to APL for susceptibility testing		
2	 If organism is a potential pathogen or commensal flora: 		
	> Report full identification		
	Refer to APL for susceptibility testing if ANY of the following are		
	true:		
	3 to 4+WBC in the gram stain Clinical diagnosis is infection.		
	Clinical diagnosis is infectionPatient is immunocompromised		
	 Multiple cultures are positive for the same organism 		

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Multiple morphologies growing on anaerobic plates:

If growth is same as aerobic growth:

> Re-incubate BRU for anaerobic growth

If 2 anaerobes are isolated with or without aerobic growth:

> List organisms based on gram stain identification

- If >2 anaerobes are isolated with or without aerobic growth:
 - Report anaerobes as "Mixture of anaerobes"

REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

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IF REPORT	
No growth after 1 day No aerobic growth	PRELIM: • Report: "No Growth after 1 Day" • Report: "Further report to follow" INTERIM:
after 3 days and no anaerobic growth Aerobic growth at 2 or 3 days and	 Report: "No aerobic growth at 3 days" Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" INTERIM: Report aerobic growth as per procedure
no anaerobic growth No growth on anaerobic media after 5 days	 Report: "@Anaerobic culture to follow" FINAL: Report: "No anaerobes isolated after 5 days"
Growth of probable pathogen, NOT Neisseria gonorrhoeae	 Report organism full identification List quantitation Report susceptibility results as per ASTM Report: "No Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated"
Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated	 Add organism: "Neisseria gonorrhoeae" List quantification as: "Isolated" Report susceptibility results as per ASTM Add isolate comment &REF6
NOTE: N.gonorrhoeae is a critical result if isolated on a child ≤13	 In order entry, copy report to OCPHO (HPU1) Refer isolate to APL for susceptibility testing Freeze isolate and log into stored isolates log
Growth of potential pathogen or commensal flora where full identification is required	 Report organism full identification List quantitation If indicated by procedure, perform and report susceptibility testing as per ASTM Report: "No Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated"
Growth of potential pathogens where minimal identification and listing is required	 Report the minimal identification (i.e., Gram Negative Bacilli - Lactose Fermenter) List quantitation Report: "No Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated"
Growth of commensal flora where minimal identification and listing is required	 Report: "Commensal flora" List quantitation Report: "No Neisseria gonorrhoeae isolated"

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Mix of enteric	Report: "Mixture of coliform organisms"
Gram-negative bacilli	List quantitation
Mix of anaerobic	Report: "Mixture of anaerobic organisms"
organisms	List quantitation

NOTE: If *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* is NOT isolated on upper genital tract specimens:

- Add culture comment {GENP
- If growth of yeast is present, add culture comment {GCY

NOTE:

- Refer to Reportable Diseases-Public Health Act as of September 2009 for reporting to OCPHO (HPU1)
- Refer to LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology for results that need to be phoned to ordering location
- Refer to MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid to determine if organism needs to be copied to Infection Prevention and Control
- Refer to MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL for sending category A isolates to APL
- Refer to MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL for sending category B isolates to APL

LIMITATIONS:

- 1. A negative genital specimen culture does not eliminate the possibility of a genital tract infection. Organisms such as viruses, Mycoplasmas and Chlamydia are not detected by routine culture.
- 2. Inadequate specimen collection, improper specimen handling and low organism levels in the specimen may yield a false negative result.
- 3. The presence of yeast may inhibit the growth of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*. Although Thayer Martin agar contains Nystatin to inhibit the growth of yeast, inhibition of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* should be considered on CHO if culture is positive for yeast species.

CROSS-REFERENCES:

- LQM70620-Laboratory Critical Results List-Microbiology
- MIC20115-Gram Stain Procedure
- MIC36100-Nosocomial Infection Notification Job Aid
- MIC36200-Referral of Category A Specimens to APL
- MIC36300-Referral of Category B Specimens to APL
- MIC40100-Suspect High Risk Organism Workup
- MIC53700-Aerotolerance Test

REFERENCES:

- 1. Leber, A. (2016). *Clinical microbiology procedures handbook.* (4thed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press
- Jorgensen J.H., Pfaller M.A., Carroll K.C., Funke G., Landry M.L., Richter S.S., Warnock D.W. (2015). *Manual of Clinical Microbiology*, 11th edition. Washington, D.C: ASM Press

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APPROVAL:							
Date							

REVISION HISTORY:

REVISION	DATE	Description of Change	REQUESTED BY
1.0	20 Oct 17	Initial Release	L. Steven
2.0	22 Feb 21	Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template	L. Steven
3.0	27 Feb 23	Procedure reviewed	L. Steven
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