Issuing Authority: Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic Imaging Services

Policy Number: 15-159-V1 Next Review Date: 12/04/2026 Date Approved: 12/04/2024

| PROGRAM Standard Operating Procedure – Laboratory Services | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Title: MIC20200 – Gram stain reporting in LIS-Routine Specimens | Policy Number: 15-159-V1 | |
| Program Name: Laboratory Services | | |
| Applicable Domain: Lab, DI and Pharmacy Services | | |
| Additional Domain(s): NA | | |
| Effective Date: 12/04/2024 | Next Review Date: 12/04/2026 | |
| Issuing Authority: | Date Approved: | |
| Director, Laboratory and Diagnostic | 12/04/2024 | |

Accreditation Canada Applicable Standard: NA

GUIDING PRINCIPLE:

Imaging Services

The gram stain has many uses: principally, it classifies bacteria on the basis of their cell wall structure and allows observation of their size and cellular morphology. Bacteria stain either gram positive or gram negative based on differences in cell wall composition.

PURPOSE/RATIONALE:

This standard operating procedure describes how to report the gram stain results of routine specimens in the LIS in a consistent manner.

SCOPE/APPLICABILITY:

This standard operating procedure applies to Medical Laboratory Technologists (MLTs) reporting the gram stain of routine specimens in the LIS.

SAMPLE INFORMATION:

| | • | Wound swab |
|------|---|--|
| Type | • | Ear swab |
| Туре | • | Eye swab |
| | • | Refer to MIC10100-Microbiology Specimen Processing |

REAGENTS and/or MEDIA:

- Methanol
- Gram Crystal Violet
- Gram Iodine (Stabilized)
- Gram Decolorizer
- Gram Safranin

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SUPPLIES:

Glass microscope slide

QC slide

Immersion oil

Slide storage tray

EQUIPMENT

- Hot plate
- Microscope

SPECIAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

Containment Level 2 facilities, equipment, and operational practices for work involving infectious or potentially infectious materials or cultures:

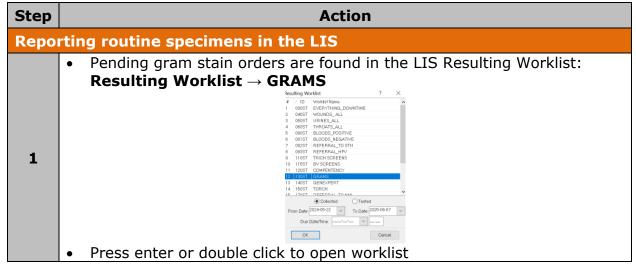
- Ensure that appropriate hand hygiene practices be used
- Lab gown must be worn when performing activities with potential pathogens
- Gloves must be worn when direct skin contact with infected materials is unavoidable
- Eye protection must be used when there is a known or potential risk of exposure of splashes
- All procedures that may produce aerosols, or involve high concentrations or large volumes should be conducted in a biological safety cabinet (BSC)
- The use of needles, syringes and other sharp objects should be strictly limited

All patient specimens are assumed to be potentially infectious. Routine Practices must be followed. Since viable micro-organisms are used, all cultures must be handled with appropriate precautions. All equipment in contact with cultures should be decontaminated by appropriate methods.

QUALITY CONTROL:

- Quality control is performed daily
- A TQC order is automatically generated daily to record the QC results
- Refer to MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

PROCEDURE INSTRUCTIONS:



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| | | ession number on tl | ne slide and select ent | er to mark the | |
|---|---|---|---|------------------|--|
| 2 | Select enter again to open Result Entry or double click on accession | | | | |
| | number to op | | clide to legate good on | ocimon areas to | |
| | | impression of cell t | slide to locate good sp types present. | ecimen areas to | |
| | | for stain crystals: | -:- : | | |
| | smear | ss of precipitated st | ain is observed, prepa | re another | |
| | | | reshly filtered crystal v | riolet | |
| | | slide has been proper on the source of the | erly decolorized: ne specimen, the backs | around should be | |
| 3 | | clear or gram negat | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ground should be | |
| 3 | | ood cells are preser | nt, they should appear | completely gram | |
| | negative If slide is o | over decolorized, pr | epare another smear | | |
| | Determine if thickness of smear is appropriate: | | | | |
| | For proper interpretation, areas must be no more than one cell thick, with no overlapping of cells. Prepare a new slide if unreadable | | | | |
| | Examine for evidence of inflammation: | | | | |
| | | areas representati ^v tion with squamous | ve of inflammation and | l areas of | |
| | | | e slide. In a representa | itive area with | |
| 4 | | | rulence using the oil in | | |
| | reaction. | 20 to 40 fields to 0 | bserve cell morpholog | y and grain | |
| | | | antitate epithelial cells, | white blood | |
| | cells, red blood ce | ells and bacteria as t | ollows. | | |
| | | None seen | No cells seen | | |
| | | 1+ | < 1 cell seen | | |
| 5 | | 2+ | 1 - 9 cells seen | | |
| | | 3+ | 10 - 25 cells seen | | |
| | | 4+ | > 25 cells seen | | |
| | NOTE: Only non | out Whoma acon!! four | white blood calls and | hastoria If no | |
| | NOTE: Only report "None seen" for white blood cells and bacteria. If no epithelial cells or red blood cells are seen, do not report this | | | | |
| | Under the test co | de: STGM1, use th | ne STGM1 keypad to r | eport the | |
| 7 | quantity of epithelial cells, white blood cells, red blood cells and bacteria seen. | | | s and bacteria | |
| | NOTE: Report cells in this order to maintain consistency with reporting | | | | |

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REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS:

| IF | REPORT |
|--|--|
| No white blood cells seen on gram stain | Report: "No white blood cells seen" |
| No bacteria seen on gram stain | Report: "No bacteria seen" |
| Epithelial cells, white blood cells, red blood cells seen on gram stain | Quantitate and report using the STGM1 keypad |
| Bacteria seen on gram stain | Quantitate and report using the STGM1 keypad |
| Bacteria resembles: Staphylococcus spp. | Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of Staphylococcus" NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive cocci. |
| Bacteria resembles: Streptococcus spp. | Report: "Gram positive cocci suggestive of Streptococcus" NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive cocci. |
| Bacteria resembles: Diphtheroids | Report: "Gram positive bacilli resembling diphtheroids" NOTE: Use caution. If doubt exists, report as Gram positive bacilli. |

| Step | Action | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Complete reading of routine slides | | |
| 1 | If the specimen is routine, save the gram stain and do not finalize STGM1 If the specimen is STAT, save and finalize STGM1 Preview instant report and save If finished reading slides, ensure gram stains remaining on worklist have been prepared to be read at a later time | |
| 2 | Gently blot excess oil from slide using paper towel or gauze and save slides for further evaluation on the slide tray designated for day slides being read. | |

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LIMITATIONS:

1. Use results of gram stains in conjunction with other clinical and laboratory findings. Use additional procedures (e.g., inclusion of selective media, etc.) to confirm findings suggested by gram stained smears.

- 2. Careful adherence to procedure and interpretive criteria is required for accurate results. Accuracy is highly dependent on the training and skill of microscopists.
- 3. Gram stain positive, culture negative specimens may be the result of contamination of reagents and other supplies, presence of antimicrobial agents, or failure of organisms to grow under usual culture conditions (medium, atmosphere, etc.).
- 4. False gram stain results may be related to inadequately collected specimens or delays in transit.
- 5. Prior treatment with antimicrobial drugs may cause gram positive organisms to appear gram negative.

CROSS-REFERENCES:

- MIC10100-Microbiology Specimen Processing
- MIC60060-Microbiology Stain Quality Control

REFERENCES:

1. Leber, A. (2016). Clinical microbiology procedures handbook. (4thed.) Washington, D.C.: ASM Press

APPROVAL:

| April 12, 2024 | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Date | |
| Director Laboratory and | Diagnostic Imaging Services |

REVISION HISTORY:

| REVISION | DATE | Description of Change | REQUESTED BY |
|----------|-----------|--|-----------------|
| 1.0 | 07 Feb 19 | Initial Release | L. Steven |
| 2.0 | 31 Mar 22 | Procedure reviewed and added to NTHSSA policy template | L. Steven |
| 3.0 | 19 Feb 24 | Procedure reviewed | L. Steven |
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