

TRAINING UPDATE

Lab Location: SGAH & WAH
Department: Core - Chemistry

Date Distributed: 7/23/2014
Due Date: 8/5/2014
Implementation: 8/5/2014

DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE REVISION

Name of procedure:

**Creatine Kinase by Dimension Vista® System
SGAH.C105, WAH.C101 v1**

Description of change(s):

Section	Reason
10.4, 10.5	Change upper limit of CRR, add instruction for extending for pediatric specimens and special requests

This revised SOP will be implemented on August 5, 2014

Document your compliance with this training update by taking the quiz in the MTS system.

Approved draft for training all sites (version 1)

Technical SOP

Title	Creatine Kinase by Dimension Vista® System	
Prepared by	Ashkan Chini	Date: 6/25/2012
Owner	Robert SanLuis	Date: 6/11/2014

Laboratory Approval	Local Effective Date:	
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date
<i>Refer to the electronic signature page for approval and approval dates.</i>		

Review		
Print Name	Signature	Date

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1. TEST INFORMATION

Assay	Method/Instrument	Local Code
Creatine Kinase	Dimension Vista® System	CPK

Synonyms/Abbreviations
CK, CPK, CKI

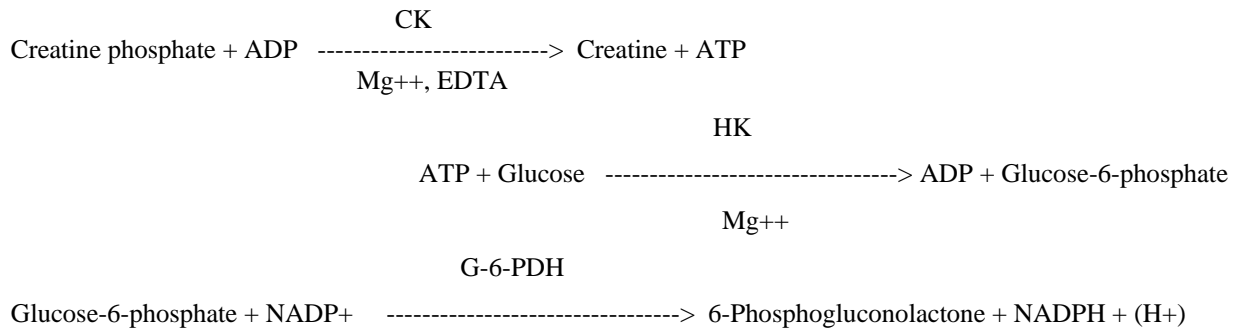
Department
Chemistry

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2. ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE

In a coupled enzyme reaction, the creatine kinase in patient samples catalyzes the transphosphorylation of phosphate from creatine phosphate to adenosine diphosphate (ADP) producing adenosine triphosphate (ATP). Hexokinase (HK) phosphorylates glucose from the ATP. The resulting glucose-6-phosphate is oxidized by glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G-6-PDH) with the simultaneous reduction of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP).

The rate of formation of NADPH is directly proportional to the CK activity in the sample and is measured bichromatically at 340 and 540 nm.



3. SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Patient Preparation

Component	Special Notations
Fasting/Special Diets	N/A
Specimen Collection and/or Timing	Normal procedures for collecting and storing serum and plasma may be used for samples to be analyzed by this method.
Special Collection Procedures	N/A
Other	N/A

3.2 Specimen Type & Handling

Criteria	
Type -Preferred -Other Acceptable	Plasma (Heparin) Serum
Collection Container	Plasma: Green top tube Serum: Red top tube, Serum separator tube (SST)
Volume - Optimum - Minimum	1.0 mL 0.5 mL
Transport Container and Temperature	Collection container or Plastic vial at room temperature

Criteria	
Stability & Storage Requirements	Room Temperature: 2 hours
	Refrigerated: 7 days
	Frozen: 29 days
	Instrument on board aliquot stability 2 hours
Timing Considerations	Serum or plasma should be physically separated from cells as soon as possible with a maximum limit of two hours from the time of collection.
Unacceptable Specimens & Actions to Take	Specimens that are unlabeled, improperly labeled, or those that do not meet the stated criteria are unacceptable. Request a recollection and credit the test with the appropriate LIS English text code for “test not performed” message. Examples: Quantity not sufficient-QNS; Wrong collection-UNAC. Document the request for recollection in the LIS.
Compromising Physical Characteristics	Gross hemolysis. Reject sample and request a recollection. Credit the test with the appropriate LIS English text code explanation of HMT (Specimen markedly hemolyzed)
Other Considerations	Allow Red Top or SST to clot completely prior to centrifugation.

4. REAGENTS

Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) supplied with the reagents for complete safety hazards. Refer to the section in this procedure covering “SAFETY” for additional information.

4.1 Reagent Summary

Reagents	Supplier & Catalog Number
Creatine Kinase	Siemens, Flex® reagent cartridge, Cat. No. K2038

4.2 Reagent Preparation and Storage

NOTES: Each container must be labeled with (1) substance name, (2) lot number, (3) expiration date, (4) any special storage instructions; check for visible signs of degradation. When placed onboard the analyzer, the instrument captures the date / time loaded and calculates and tracks the opened expiration.

Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for a complete description of hazards. If a specific hazard is present, it will be noted in this procedure when the hazard is first encountered in a procedural step.

Reagent	Creatine Kinase
Container	Reagent cartridge
Storage	Store at 2-8° C

Stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reagent is stable until expiration date stamped on the reagent cartridges. • Sealed wells on the instrument are stable for 30 days. • Once wells 1 - 8 have been entered by the instrument, they are stable for 5 days. • Once wells 9 - 12 have been entered by the instrument, they are stable for 10 days.
Preparation	All reagents are liquid and ready to use.

5. CALIBRATORS/STANDARDS

5.1 Calibrators/Standards Used

Calibrator	Supplier and Catalog Number
ENZ 6 CAL	Siemens Dimension Vista®, Cat. No. KC360

5.2 Calibrator Preparation and Storage

NOTE: Date and initial all calibrators upon opening. Each container must be labeled with (1) substance name, (2) lot number, (3) date of preparation, (4) expiration date, (5) any special storage instructions; check for visible signs of degradation. When placed onboard the analyzer, the instrument captures the date / time loaded and calculates and tracks the opened expiration.

Calibrator	ENZ 6 CAL
Preparation	Thaw at room temperature to 30 – 45 minutes. Before use, gently invert the calibrator vials at least ten times to ensure that the contents are thoroughly mixed.
Storage/Stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Store at -20° C or colder • Unopened calibrator is stable until expiration date stamped on the box. • Unopened thawed calibrator is stable for 7 days at 2-8° C. • Opened Calibrator: once the stopper of the vial is punctured, assigned values are stable for 7 days when stored on board the Dimension Vista System. • Opened Calibrator: once cap is removed, assigned values are stable for 7 days when recapped immediately after use and stored at 2-8° C. Do not use this vial on board the instrument.

5.3 Calibration Parameter

Criteria	Special Notations
Reference Material	ENZ 6 CAL
Assay Range	7 – 1000 U/L
Suggested Calibration Level	See Reagent Package Insert for lot specific assigned values in U/L
Frequency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Every new reagent cartridge lot. • Every 90 days for any one lot • When major maintenance is performed on the analyzer. • When control data indicates a significant shift in assay.
Calibration Scheme	2 levels, n = 5

5.4 Calibration Procedure

Auto Calibration:

1. Place the required calibrator vials in a carrier. Make sure the barcode labels are entirely visible through the slots.
2. Place the carrier in the loading area.
3. Position the carrier with the labels facing away from the user.
4. Press the **Load** button.
5. Automatic calibration requires that calibrators be on the instrument. As the time for processing approaches, the instrument reviews onboard inventory for the appropriate calibrators.

Manual Calibration:

1. Verify that calibrators and reagents are in inventory on the instrument.
2. Press **System > Method Summary > Calibration**.
3. Select a method from the sidebar menu. Press the **Order Calibration** button on the screen.
4. Verify that the information on the screen is correct. Verify that the calibrator lot is correct using the drop-down menu.
 - a. When calibrating using Vials press **OK**.
 - b. When calibrating using Cups, check the Use Cups box. This displays the rack and cup position fields. For additional cups use the positions in ascending order. Be sure to use the number of calibration levels and cups as specified in the method IFU. Scan the rack barcode and place calibrator cups in an adapter in position 1 on a rack. Press **OK** and load the rack on the instrument.
5. The status field in the calibration screen changes sequentially to Awaiting Scheduling, Preparing Calibrators and Processing.

5.5 Tolerance Limits

IF.....	THEN.....
If result fall within assay-specific specification, and QC values are within acceptable limits,	proceed with analysis
If result falls outside assay-specific specification, or QC values are out of Acceptable limits,	troubleshoot the assay and/or instrument and repeat calibration

6. QUALITY CONTROL

6.1 Controls Used

Controls	Supplier and Catalog Number
Liquichek™ Unassayed Chemistry Control Levels 1 and 2	Bio-Rad Laboratories Cat. No. 691 and 692

6.2 Control Preparation and Storage

NOTE: Date and initial all controls upon opening. Each container should be labeled with (1) substance name, (2) lot number, (3) date of preparation, (4) expiration date, (5) initials of tech, and (6) any special storage instructions; check for visible signs of degradation.

Control	Liquichek Unassayed Chemistry Controls, Level 1 and 2
Preparation	Allow the frozen control to stand at room temperature (18-25°C) until completely thawed. Swirl the contents gently to ensure homogeneity. (Do not use a mechanical mixer) Use immediately. After each use, promptly replace the stopper and return to 2-8°C storage.
Storage/Stability	Once the control is thawed, all analytes will be stable for 15 days at 2-8°C. Unthawed controls are stable until the expiration date at -20 to -70°C.

6.3 Frequency

Analyze all levels of QC material after every calibration and each day of testing (notated on the QC frequency sheets posted on the instruments).

Refer to the Dimension Vista® QC Schedule in the Laboratory policy Quality Control Program and in the Dimension Vista® Quick Reference Guide.

6.4 Tolerance Limits

Step	Action
1	Acceptable ranges for QC are programmed into the Laboratory Information System (LIS), and may be posted near the instrument for use during computer downtime.
2	<p>Run Rejection Criteria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anytime the established parameters are exceeded (if one QC result exceeds 2 SD), the run is considered out of control (failed) and patient results must not be reported. The technologist must follow the procedure in the Laboratory QC Program to resolve the problem.
3	<p>Corrective Action:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All rejected runs must be effectively addressed through corrective action. Steps taken in response to QC failures must be documented. Patient samples in failed analytical runs must be <u>reanalyzed according to the Laboratory QC Program</u>. Supervisors may override rejection of partial or complete runs only with detailed documentation and criteria for overrides that are approved by the Medical Director. Consult corrective action guidelines in Laboratory QC Program. Follow corrective action guidelines in the Laboratory QC Program. Corrective action documentation must follow the Laboratory Quality Control Program.
4	<p>Review of QC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> QC must be reviewed weekly by the Group Lead or designee and monthly by the Supervisor/Manager or designee. If the SD and/or CV are greater than established ranges, investigate the cause for the imprecision and document implementation of corrective actions.

6.5 Review Patient Data

Technologist must review each result with error messages. Refer to the Dimension Vista® system manual “Error messages” section for troubleshooting. Check for unusual patterns, trends, or distributions in patient results (such as an unusually high percentage of abnormal results). Resolve any problems noted before issuing patient reports.

6.6 Documentation

- QC tolerance limits are programmed into the instrument and the LIS. The LIS calculates cumulative mean, SD and CV and stores all information for easy retrieval.

- Quality control records are reviewed daily at the bench, weekly by the Group Lead or designee, and monthly by the Supervisor/Manager or designee.
- Refer to complete policies and procedures for QC documentation and for record retention requirements in the Laboratory QC Program.

6.7 Quality Assurance Program

- Each new lot number of reagent or new shipment of the same lot of reagent must be tested with external control materials and previously analyzed samples. Performance of the new lot must be equivalent to the previous lot; utilize published TEA for acceptability criteria.
- Training must be successfully completed and documented prior to performing this test. This procedure must be incorporated into the departmental competency assessment program.
- The laboratory participates in CAP proficiency testing. All proficiency testing materials must be treated in the same manner as patient samples.
- Monthly QC must be presented to the Medical Director or designee for review and signature.
- Monthly QC mean and SD are sent to Bio-Rad Laboratories for peer group comparison.
- Consult the Laboratory QC Program for complete details.

7. EQUIPMENT and SUPPLIES

7.1 Assay Platform Dimension Vista® System

7.2 Equipment

- Refrigerator capable of sustaining 2–8°C.
- Freezer capable of sustaining range not to exceed -20 to -70°C.
- Centrifuge

7.3 Supplies

- Aliquot Plates
- System Fluids
- Assorted calibrated pipettes (MLA or equivalent) and disposable tips

8. PROCEDURE

CKI Flex® reagent cartridge Cat. No. K2038 is required to perform this test.

Creatine Kinase is performed on the Dimension Vista® System after the method is calibrated (see Reference Material in Calibration section) and Quality Controls are acceptable.

NOTE: For all procedures involving specimens, buttoned lab coats, gloves, and face protection are required minimum personal protective equipment. Report all accidents to your supervisor.

The package insert for a new lot of kits must be reviewed for any changes before the kit is used. A current Package Insert is included as a Related Document.

8.1	Sample Processing
1.	A sample rack holding tubes or cups is placed on the rack input lane.
2.	The sample shuttle moves the rack to the barcode reader which identifies the rack and samples to the system.
3.	The rack moves into the sample server and to the rack positioner.
4.	At the same time, aliquot plates move from the aliquot loader into position.
5.	The aliquot probe aspirates the sample from the tubes or cups and dispenses it into the wells of the aliquot plates.
6.	After each aspirate-dispense action, the probe is thoroughly rinsed inside and out to prevent sample carryover.
7.	When sample aspiration is completed, the sample server moves the rack back to the sample shuttle, where it is placed on the output lane and can be removed by the operator.

8.2	Specimen Testing
1.	For QC placement and frequency, refer to the Dimension Vista® QC Schedule in the Laboratory QC Program.
2.	Follow the instructions, outlined in the Dimension Vista® Operator’s Manual
3.	The instrument reporting system contains error messages to warn the user of specific malfunctions. Results followed by such error messages should be held for follow-up. Refer to the Dimension Vista® system manual “Error messages” section for troubleshooting.
4.	Follow protocol in Section 10.5 “Repeat criteria and resulting” for samples with results above or below the Analytical Measurement Range (AMR). Investigate any failed delta result and repeat, if necessary.
5.	Append the appropriate English text code qualifier messages to any samples requiring a comment regarding sample quality and/or any other pertinent factors.

Test Conditions	
Sample Volume:	5.9 µL
Reagent 1 Volume:	47.1 µL
Reagent 2 Volume:	23.1 µL
Reaction Time:	9.5 minutes
Test Temperature:	37° C
Wavelength:	340 & 540 nm
Type of measurement:	Bichromatic rate

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9. CALCULATIONS

The instrument automatically calculates the concentration of Creatine Kinase in U/L.

10. REPORTING RESULTS AND REPEAT CRITERIA

10.1 Interpretation of Data

None required

10.2 Rounding

No rounding is necessary. Instrument reports results as a whole number.

10.3 Units of Measure

U/L

10.4 Clinically Reportable Range (CRR)

7 – 100,000 U/L

Notes: Extended CRR

- 1) For pediatric samples (patient <18 years), dilute the specimen until a result is obtained.
- 2) Upon physician special request, specimens can be diluted until a result is obtained.

10.5 Repeat Criteria and Resulting

All repeats must replicate the original result within the total allowable error (TEa) of the assay. Refer to TEa listing for specific information.

Values that fall within the AMR or CRR may be reported without repeat. Values that fall outside these ranges must be repeated.

IF the result is ...	THEN...
< 7 U/L	Assure there is sufficient sample devoid of bubbles, cellular debris, and/or fibrin clots. Report as: < 7 U/L
≥ 1,000 U/L	On Board Automated Dilution: Results ≥ 1,000 U/L will automatically have repeat testing performed into the instrument using dilution factor of 7. No multiplication is necessary.

> 7,000 U/L	<p>Manual Dilution: Using the primary tube, make the smallest dilution possible to bring the raw data within the AMR. Maximum allowable dilution: x 100</p> <p>Notes: Extended CRR</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) For pediatric samples (patient <18 years), dilute the specimen until a result is obtained. 2) Upon physician special request, specimens can be diluted until a result is obtained. <p>DILUENT: Water Enter dilution factor as a whole number. Re-assay. Readout is corrected for dilution.</p>
> 100,000 U/L	<p>If the recommended dilution does not give results within the clinically reportable range, report as: “> 100,000 U/L-REP” Bring to the attention of your supervisor prior to releasing result. <i>(See notes above for Extended CRR).</i></p>

Message	Code
Verified by repeat analysis	Append –REP to the result.

11. EXPECTED VALUES

11.1 Reference Ranges

Age	Female	Male
Adult (>18 years):	21 – 215 U/L	32 – 232 U/L
Pediatric:		
0– 90 days	43-474	29-303
3 – 12 months	27-242	25-172
13 months – 23 months	25-177	28-162
2 – 10 years	25-177	31-152
11 – 14 years	31-172	31-152
15 – 18 years	28-142	34-147

11.2 Critical Values

None established

11.3 Priority 3 Limit(s)

None established

12. CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Measurements of creatine kinase are used in the diagnosis and treatment of myocardial infarction and muscle diseases. Creatine kinase (CK) may also be elevated following muscle injury or strenuous exercise.

13. PROCEDURE NOTES

- **FDA Status:** FDA Approved/cleared
- **Validated Test Modifications:** None

The instrument reporting system contains error messages to warn the operator of specific malfunctions. Any report slip containing such error messages should be held for follow-up. Refer to your Dimension Vista Operator’s Guide.

The expected maximum observed standard deviations for repeatability using n = 5 replicates at the following creatine kinase concentrations are:

CKI Concentration	Acceptable S.D. Maximum
107 U/L	>5.9 U/L
810 U/L	>39.4 U/L

14. LIMITATIONS OF METHOD

14.1 Analytical Measurement Range (AMR)

7 – 1000 U/L

14.2 Precision

Material	Mean U/L	Standard Deviation (%CV)	
		Repeatability	Within-Lab
Multiquel Unassayed Control			
Level 1	112	1.42 (1.3)	2.70 (2.4)
Level 3	878	9.40 (1.1)	10.25 (1.2)

14.3 Interfering Substances

Hemolysis at 300 mg/dL of hemoglobin increases CKI results by 22% at creatine kinase activities of 192 U/L.

HIL Interference:

The CKI method was evaluated for interference according to CLSI/NCCLS EP7-A2. Bias, defined as the difference between the control sample (does not contain interferent) and the test sample (contains interferent), is shown in the table below. Bias exceeding 10% is considered “interference”.

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Substance tested	Substance Concentration	CKI U/L	Bias %
Hemoglobin (hemolysate)	300 mg/dL	192	22
	100 mg/dL	491	<10
Bilirubin (unconjugated)	80 mg/dL	186, 506	<10
Bilirubin (conjugated)	80 mg/dL	186, 516	<10
Lipemia Intralipid®	3000 mg/dL	188, 492	<10

14.4 Clinical Sensitivity/Specificity/Predictive Values
 Not available

15. SAFETY

The employee has direct responsibility to avoid injury and illness at work. Nearly all harmful exposures to infectious substances and chemicals, and other injuries, can be avoided with effective training and consistent safe work practices.

Become familiar with the Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) Manual to learn the requirements on working safely and protecting the environment from harm. Although lab work typically focuses on the hazards of working with specimens and chemicals, we must also control other important hazards.

- Slips, trips, and falls cause many serious injuries. Please ensure that spills are cleaned quickly (to avoid slippery floors) and that you can see and avoid obstacles in your path.
- Ergonomic injuries result from performing tasks with too much repetition, force, or awkward position. Ergonomic injuries include strains and back injuries. Learn about ergonomic hazards and how to prevent this type of injury.
- Scratches, lacerations, and needlesticks can result in serious health consequences. Attempt to find ways to eliminate your risk when working with sharp materials.

Report all accidents and injuries immediately to your supervisor or the business unit Environmental Health and Safety Manager or Specialist.

16. RELATED DOCUMENTS

1. Dimension Vista® Clinical Chemistry System Operator’s Manual
2. Dimension Vista® Calibration/Verification Procedure
3. Dimension Vista® Cal Accept Guidelines
4. Dimension Vista® Calibration summary
5. Dimension Vista® Sample Processing, Startup and Maintenance procedure
6. Laboratory Quality Control Program
7. QC Schedule for Siemens Dimension Vista®
8. Laboratory Safety Manual
9. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
10. Dimension Vista® Limits Chart (AG.F200)
11. Quest Diagnostics Records Management Procedure
12. Dimension Vista® System Error Messages Chart
13. Centrifuge Use, Maintenance and Functions Checks (Lab policy)
14. Hemolysis, Icteria and Lipemia Interference (Lab policy)
15. Repeat Testing Requirement (Lab policy)

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16. Current Allowable Total Error Specifications at
http://questnet1.qdx.com/Business_Groups/Medical/qc/docs/qc_bpt_tea.xls
 17. Current package insert CKI Flex® Reagent Cartridge K2038

17. REFERENCES

1. Goshal, Amit K. and Soldin, Steven J., Evaluation of the Dade Behring Dimension® RxL: Integrated chemistry system-pediatric reference ranges. Clinica Chimica Acta 2003; 331:144
2. Package Insert, CKI Flex® Reagent Cartridge K2038, Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics Inc., 12/02/2008.
3. Package Insert, ENZ 6 CAL, Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics Inc., 02/2009.
4. Package Insert, Unassayed Liquichek Chemistry Controls, Bio-Rad Laboratories, 10/2010.

18. REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Reason	Reviser	Approval
000	6/11/14		Update owner	L Barrett	R SanLuis
000	6/11/14	10.4. 10.5	Change upper limit of CRR, add instruction for extending for pediatric specimens and special requests	R SanLuis	R SanLuis
000	6/11/14	16	Update titles	L Barrett	R SanLuis
000	6/11/14	Footer	Version # leading zero's dropped due to new EDCS in use as of 10/7/13.	L Barrett	R SanLuis

19. ADDENDA

None