TRAINING UPDATE

Lab Location: Department:

GEC, SGAH & WAH

Core **Due Date:**

 Date Distributed:
 3/1/2015

 Due Date:
 3/31/2015

 Implementation:
 4/1/2015

DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE REVISION

Name of procedure:

STA Compact Operating Instructions GEC.G05, SGAH.G07, WAH.G08 v2

Form: Coag Reagent QC Handoff Log AG.F315v1

Description of change(s):

MTS update done in Jan had an error (required look back if QC failed when adding new reagent). SOP & log are being revised to correct that.

SOP:

Section 5.1: remove requirement to perform patient look-back

FORM:

Removed requirement for look back and added statement explaining why it is NOT required. This is a new log for WAH

This revised SOP and form will be implemented on April 1, 2015

Document your compliance with this training update by taking the quiz in the MTS system.



Germantown Emergency Center
Shady Grove Adventist Hospital
Washington Adventist Hospital

COAG REAGENT QC HANDOFF LOG

Instrument:			

DATE	TIME	REAGENT PLACED	QC Performed Y/N	QC Acceptable? Y/N	TECH ON SHIFT	TECH Taking Over NEXT SHIFT
						<u> </u>

Note: If QC is unacceptable, corrective action must be performed and documented in accordance with the QC Program. Patient look-back is not required because no samples have been performed using the new reagent.

Weekly review:	Weekly review:	Weekly review:
Weekly review:	Weekly review:	Monthly review:

AG.F315.1 Revised 2/2015

Quest Diagnostics Site: GEC, SGAH & WAH

Title: STA Compact Operating Instructions

Approve draft for training (version 2)

Non-Technical SOP	FF · · ·		,
Title	STA Compact Operating Instructions		
Prepared by	Julie Negado	Date:	6/19/2012
Owner	Robert SanLuis	Date:	6/19/2012

Laboratory Approval	Laboratory Approval				
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date			
Refer to the electronic signature page for					
approval and approval dates.					
Local Issue Date:	Local Effective Date:				

Review:				
Print Name	Signature	Date		

SOP ID: GEC.G05, SGAH.G07, WAH.G08 SOP version # 2

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Page 1 of 10

Quest Diagnostics Site: GEC, SGAH & WAH

Title: STA Compact Operating Instructions

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	PURPOSE	2
2.	SCOPE	2
3.	RESPONSIBILITY	2
	DEFINITIONS	
5.	PROCEDURE	2
6.	RELATED DOCUMENTS	6
7.	REFERENCES	6
8.	REVISION HISTORY	6
9.	ADDENDA AND APPENDICES	6

1. PURPOSE

This procedure outlines how to effectively operate the STA Compact.

2. SCOPE

Applies to all technologists working with the STA Compact instruments.

3. RESPONSIBILITY

The supervisor or designee will ensure that the technologists are properly trained in the use of this instrument.

The technologists will be responsible for operating and maintaining this instrument according to this procedure.

4. **DEFINITIONS**

None

5. PROCEDURE

5.1 Loading Reagents

Step	Action					
1.	Any time a new reagent is loaded (except for Desorb), QC must be run.					
	On the Coag Reagent QC Handoff Log document the date, time and the					
	reagent placed, and indicate if QC was performed and acceptable.					
	Record your tech code. The incoming tech for the next shift must					
	review the log and document with their tech code.					
	Note: if QC is unacceptable, corrective action must be performed and					
	documented in accordance with the QC Program. Refer to procedure					
	Ouality Control Program (OA40).					

Form revised 3/31/0

Step	Action
2.	Lyophilized reagent must be prepared with Reagent Grade Water only.
۷.	NOTE: Neoplastine must be reconstituted only with the reagent
	provided in a vial. Deionized water should NEVER be used.
3.	All lyophilized reagents must be allowed to sit for 30 minutes before
٥.	being placed into use. Gently swirl to assure complete homogeneity.
4.	Place a stirrer into the Neoplastine Cl PLUS Reagent.
5.	Remove the rubber stopper from all containers and replace the white
	cap with the hole onto the reagent bottles. All reagent bottles without
	the white cap with the center hole must be used without any cover.
6.	There are two ways to open the Product drawer:
	From the main menu move the cursor to the loading menu and
	press enter. Then move the cursor to the products line and press
	enter.
	b. From the main screen "Test Panel" just press F2.
7.	Product drawer will open by moving forward.
8.	Scan the barcode on the reagent bottle to record the information of the
	reagent and press enter.
9.	The cursor stops under volume for adjusting the correct volume. If the
1.0	volume stated is the same quantity on the bottle, press enter.
10.	When the cursor moves to the POS area, place the reagent into the
	well.
	Reagent bottles must be placed into the correct size well. All property with stigger must be placed into the wells with the
	 All reagents with stirrers must be placed into the wells with the circles around them; these indicate stirrer mechanism is attached.
11.	When loading reagents or QC material in micro volume container,
11.	press F8 to activate the micro volume mode.
12.	When all reagents are loaded, press ESC, then enter cursor under the
12.	QUIT box to exit the reagent loading menu. The loading drawer will
	close.
	Note : The Owren-Koller buffer is the only reagent that is not loaded on
	the reagent drawer. It is loaded in sample drawer.
13.	TEST STATUS SCREEN: On this screen, the reagents loaded appear
	together with their volumes. Margin indicates the quantity, which
	should remain after all assays have been run. If the read out is
	displayed in red, then there is insufficient volume or expired reagent.

5.2 Loading the Samples

Step	Action			
1.	Visually check all samples for clots and sufficient quantity. Centrifuge			
	for specified time and speed documented on each centrifuge for			
	preparing platelet-poor plasma. Remove caps from hemogard tubes			

Step	Action			
2.	There are two ways to open the Sample drawer:			
	 a. From the main menu move the cursor to the loading menu and 			
	press enter. Then move the cursor to the Sample line and press			
	enter.			
	b. From the main screen "Test Panel" just press F1.			
3.	The sample drawer will open towards the front of the instrument.			
4.	Auto Mode:			
	a. Scan barcode label.			
	b. Immediately place sample into sample drawer, a beep indicates			
	that the sample tube is entered properly. (Failure to place the			
	sample within 10 seconds will result in the loss of the specimen ID			
	entered; therefore rescanning the sample is necessary.)			
	Manual Mode:			
	a. Press ESC from the sample loading screen and choose Manual			
	Mode, press enter after.			
	b. For STAT samples, activate STAT mode by pressing F12.			
	 For micro samples, place sample into micro cups and then activate micro mode by pressing F8. 			
	d. Type sample ID, press enter, and then load the sample.			
	e. Move the cursor to the appropriate Recorded Profile to select the			
	profile needed. If single test is needed, move the cursor to			
	selection and select test needed.			
	f. Press F10 to file in memory.			
5.	Once sample are loaded, press ESC, then enter on the Quit menu. The			
	sample drawer will then close.			
6.	The instrument will immediately start processing the sample as soon as			
	you exit on the test menu. Failure to start the process indicates a			
	problem. Look for messages printed in red and investigate. (Usual			
	causes are insufficient or expired reagent on board.) Rectify error.			

5.3 Blocked Sample Pipetting

Step	Action
1.	Whenever the red message BLOCKED SAMPLE PIPETTING is
	printed at the bottom of the screen the instrument will not run
2.	Go to SYSTEM menu, move the cursor down to STOP SAMPLE
	PIPETTING. YES. Press enter to change to NO. Only after corrective
	action is taken, press ESC and instrument will begin to run.

5.4 Resulting QC in the LIS

The controls from the STA Compact are uploaded to the LIS. They must be reviewed and resulted before patient results are released.

Title: STA Compact Operating Instructions

Site	Worksheet	Method	Test	QC codes
GEC	GCO	ST1G	PT, PTT	STANS, STAAS
			D-Dimer	LIANS, LIAAS
SGAH	SCO	ST1S & ST2S	PT, PTT, Fibrinogen	STANS, STAAS
			D-Dimer	LIANS, LIAAS
WAH	WCO	STAW1 &	PT, PTT, Fibrinogen, TT	STANW, STAAW
		STAW2	D-Dimer	LIANW, LIAAW

5.5 Daily Maintenance

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Step	Action
1.	Go to STATUS and check the PRODUCTS screen and examine for the availability of sufficient quantities of reagents. Prepare all reagents that are needed to sit for 30 minutes. Add all other depleted reagents.
2.	From the main menu, press STATUS, then SYSTEM and examine the screen for the daily maintenance checks. The following temperatures must be maintained and checked in the daily maintenance log.
	36.5°C - 37.5°C NEEDLE #3
	36.5°C - 37.5°C MEASURING BLOCK
	15°C - 19° C PRODUCT DRAWER
3.	Perform Probe Wash - (See maintenance - Operational Manual)
4.	Delete Patient Files (can store up to 600 files)
	Go to main menu, select Files
	Press enter at "Delete Patient Files"
	Select F3 Select Previous days accession 3's (cursor to start access # and end access #)
	Confirm selection with "YES" at prompt
	F10 Execute

5.6 Weekly Maintenance (See maintenance Operational Manual for Instructions)

Step	Action
1.	Clean 2 air filters.
2.	Clean washing wells with 10% bleach.
3.	Clean sample and product drawers.
4.	Clean measurement and incubation wells with cotton swab moistened in
	ethanol (only).
5.	Clean suction tip with warm water. (Inspect for cracks and replace if
	needed)
6.	Perform needle purge.
7.	Check liquid level in Peltier reservoir; fill with Peltier solution if
	necessary. Fluid must be 40 or greater, max 80

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Page 5 of 10

Quest Diagnostics Title: STA Compact Operating Instructions
Site: GEC, SGAH & WAH

5.7 Monthly Maintenance (See maintenance Operational Manual for Instructions)

Step	Action
1.	Replace syringe tip and O-ring.
2.	Save Test Configurations to Disk

5.8 Every Four Months (See maintenance Operational Manual for Instructions)

Step	Action
1.	Replace the air filters (air filter for rear panel and filter for optical
	module).
2.	Replace the cleaner solution filter

6. RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Prothrombin Time and INR
- Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (APTT)
- Thrombin Time
- Fibrinogen
- D-Dimer
- Platelet Poor Plasma Verification
- Quality Control Program, QA procedure
- STA Compact Maintenance Log (AG.F195)
- STA Compact Reagent Reconstitution and Handling Information (AG.F266)
- Coag Reagent QC Handoff Log (AG.F315)

7. REFERENCES

STA – Operator's Manual, Diagnostic Stago, Inc., Version V 2.1a, June 1996.

8. REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Reason for Revision	Revised By	Approved By
		Supersedes SOP G001.003		
000	11/18/14	Section 5.1: add requirement to run and document	L Barrett	R SanLuis
		QC with reagent changes	H Genser	
		Section 5.7: add saving configurations		
		Section 6: add forms		
		Footer: version # leading zero's dropped due to new		
		EDCS in use as of 10/7/13		
1	2/12/15	Section 5.1: remove requirement to perform patient	L Barrett	R SanLuis
		look-back		
		Section 6: add QC Program		

9. ADDENDA AND APPENDICES

- A. STA Compact Description
- B. Sunquest Configuration

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SOP ID: GEC.G05, SGAH.G07, WAH.G08

SOP version # 2

Appendix A

STA Compact Description

The STA Compact is an automated coagulation instrument, which performs in vitro tests, which aids in the diagnosis of coagulation abnormalities as well as assists in monitoring anticoagulant therapy. It is capable of performing clotting assays as well as photometric (chromogenic and immunological) assays on plasma.

The primary sample tubes and the dilution buffers are loaded in the sample drawer. The Positive Identification System automatically detects the position of each sample tube.

The control plasma vials, the calibration plasma vials as well as the reagent vials are loaded in the product drawer where the temperature is monitored between 15° C and 19° C by a system based on Peltier elements.

Sample plasmas, control plasmas as well as calibrator plasmas are pipetted by needle No. 1 (cap piercing needle) of the pipetting head, then they are distributed in the related cuvette in incubation position.

Reagents to be added before the first incubation are pipetted by needle No.2 of the pipetting head, then they are distributed in the related cuvette in incubation position.

Reagents to be added after the first incubation (mainly the start reagents) are pipetted by needle No.3 of the pipetting head. If a pre heating to 37° C is necessary, the reagents are moved from needle No.3 up to heating tube No.3. Then, with or without preheating, those reagents are added in the related cuvette.

A level detection system on each needle ensures accurate and precise dispensing of fluid volumes. Rinsing the interior as well as the exterior of the needles, each in its own well, minimizes carry over.

Test cuvettes are loaded onto the STA Compact® from a roll of 1,000 cuvettes. At the cuvette loading station, they are placed one-by-one in a shuttle. The shuttle is then moved to the measurement station by a system based on a pneumatic jack.

At this station, the suction head picks up the cuvette and transfers it to the incubation zone. This same head then transfers the cuvette from the incubation zone to the measurement zone then from the measurement zone to the cuvette disposal container.

The principle of the clotting-time assay is based on the increase of viscosity of the plasma being tested. The increase of viscosity is measured through the motion of a stainless steel ball that is made to effect pendular swings in the bottom of the cuvette containing the test plasma.

Constant pendular swings of the ball are created by electromagnetic field that is applied alternately on opposite sides of the cuvette by two independent coils. The energy of the field can be varied depending on the test being performed. However, as soon as the plasma starts to clot, the viscosity of the plasma starts to increase, and this change in plasma movement affects the ball movement, slowing it down. As the viscosity increases, the oscillation amplitude of the ball wing decreases. An algorithm uses these variations in oscillation amplitude to determine the clotting time.

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Principle of Photometric

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The detection of chromogenic assays on the STA Compact® is based on the absorbance (optical density: OD) of monochromatic (405 nm or 540nm) light passing through the cuvette as chromogenic reaction takes place.

The diagram below depicts the principle of absorbance measurement. Incident light (I_0) entering the cuvette is partially absorbed by the reaction mixture as it passes through. The transmitted light $(I+I_p)$ is measured, and converted to absorbance by the following equation:

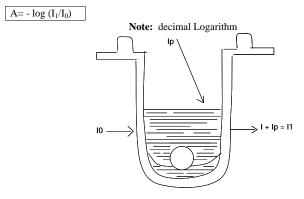


Fig. 1 - Principle of Absorbance Measurement

The effect of the stray light (I_p) is eliminated by taking two fairly close measurements of the light transmitted.

I1 = I + Ip (first measurement which includes incident light and stray light) I2 = Ip (second measurement while blocking the incident light, corresponds to the stray light).

When I2 is subtracted from I1, the result is I, which is only the light transmitted from the incident light. Ip is assumed to remain constant between the two measurements.

Incident light is provided by a tungsten-halogen lamp, and is made monochromatic by passing through a 405nm or 540nm, interface filter. The step occurs inside the optical module. A system of fiber optics carries the monochromatic light from the optical module to the measurement heads. Another set of optical fibers carries the transmitted light from the measurement head to the photometry measurement board.

rm revised 3/31/0

Appendix B

Sunquest Configuration

Instructions for Setting up the Instrument

- 1. Go to Setup ->Global options
- 2. Enter (Access Code)
- 3. Page down to page 2

Communications

- · Protocol: ASTM
- Station Number: 99
- Baud Rate: 9600
- · Parity: None
- Number of Data Bits: 8
- Number of Stop Bits: 1
- Number of On Error Retries: 6
- Verify Patient Data: No
- Send Sequence Number: Yes

File Acquisition

Item	Format	Name
1.	16 Characters	ID
2.	16 Characters	Nom
3.	12 Characters	PreNom
4.	6 Characters	
5.	4 Characters	info 4
ID Ty	pe: Alpha Numeric	

To Transmit Data to the LIS

- 1. Go to Status
- 2. Select Online Transmission: Yes
- 3. Select Online Printout: Yes

To set Download

- 2. Go to Sample -> Loading
- 3. Press Enter (draw will open)
- 4. Esc
- 5. Arrow up to Auto Mode, press enter
- 6. Note following on screen
 - a. Automode in upper right corner
 - b. Under Parameters, "By Teleloading"
- 7. Esc
- 8. Quit

To associate Transmission Codes on the instrument with the upload/download codes defined in the LIS Interface

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Quest Diagnostics Site: GEC, SGAH & WAH Title: STA Compact Operating Instructions

- 1. Go to Setup -> TESTS
- 2. For each test, go to page 3 of Test Setup
- 3. Change Transmission Test# to match your upload/download code. If the transmission code for the test is not needed, leave at the transmission code for this test to the default of 0.

To setup Quality Control Index in LIS

Every time the Quality Control Lot Number(s) are updated, the LIS Staff need to update the index on the Stago Instrument Interfaces.

FUNCTION: IX

I. Select

SOP ID: GEC.G05, SGAH.G07, WAH.G08

SOP version # 2

- 1. Instrument Interface Maintenance
- 2. Method Level Definitions
- 3. Instrument QC Scheduling Definition

Method Code: enter the method codes for which the Lot Number is being

ST1S, ST2S, STAW1, STAW2

- II. Method Code: ST1S
 - 1. Scheduling type (Timed/TRay/No./Shift/Random): **R**
 - 2. Control, Blind duplicate, or Either: C

3.	INST	SIS	INDEX
	12046	C-LIANS	1
	12047	C-LIAAS	1
	12349	C-STANS	1
	12353	C-STAAS	1

ACCEPT (A), MODIFY (M), OR REJECT (R): M-4, press enter until you get to the desired QC code and Index 1, change the index number to the index number defined in Quality Control Definition.

ACCEPT (A), MODIFY (M), OR REJECT (R): A

III. Repeat for each Method Code starting from step II.

RESET THE INSTRUMENT INTERFACE Confirm Resetting the IX Results Processor (Y/<N>) Y

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