TRAINING UPDATE

Lab Location: Department:

GEC, SGMC & WAH

Core Due Da

 Date Distributed:
 1/5/2016

 Due Date:
 1/31/2016

 Implementation:
 2/1/2016

DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE REVISION

Name of procedure:

Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips GEC.U09, SGAH.U12, WAH.U11 v4

Urinalysis, Clinitek 500 GEC.U09 v4

Refractometer Quality Control Log AG.F346.0

KovaTrol Urine QUALITATIVE Control Cross-Check AG.F106.2

Description of change(s):

Clinitest Tablets are being discontinued by the manufacture. That SOP will be retired and references to it are removed from UA SOPs.

SOPs:

Sections 4.1, 10.5 & 16: remove Clinitest (only the multistix SOP is attached)

Forms:

- The Manual Urinalysis QC log (AG.F02) will be retired and a new log for refractometer will replace it
- KovaTrol cross check updated to remove columns for SSA & clinitest

These revised SOPs and FORMS will be implemented on February 1, 2016

Document your compliance with this training update by taking the quiz in the MTS system.

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

Technical SOP

Title	Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagen	t Strips	
Prepared by	Ashkan Chini	Date:	9/20/2011
Owner	Robert SanLuis	Date:	3/25/2013

Laboratory Approval	Local Effective Date:	
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date
Refer to the electronic signature		
page for approval and approval		
dates.		

Review		
Print Name	Signature	Date

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4 Page 1 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	Test Information	2
2.	Analytical Principle	
3.	Specimen Requirements	
4.	Reagents	5
5.	Calibrators/Standards	
6.	Quality Control	
7.	Equipment And Supplies	
8.	Procedure	
9.	Calculations	8
10.	Reporting Results And Repeat Criteria	9
11.	Expected Values	11
12.	Clinical Significance	11
13.	Procedure Notes	. 13
14.	Limitations Of Method	13
15.	Safety	15
16.	Related Documents	15
17.	References	. 15
18.	Revision History	. 16
19.	Addenda	. 16

1. TEST INFORMATION

Assay	Method/Instrument	Local Code
Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips for Urinalysis	Manual Reading	UMAC

Synonyms/Abbreviations	
Manual Reagent Strip reading	

Department
Urinalysis

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only Page 2 of 18

SOP ID: GEC.U09

SOP Version # 4

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

2. ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE

The Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips for Urinalysis include test pads for protein, blood, leukocytes, nitrite, glucose, ketone (acetoacetic acid), pH, specific gravity, bilirubin and urobilinogen.

- a. Protein: This test is based on the protein-error-of-indicators principle. At a constant pH, the development of any green color is due to the presence of protein. Colors range from yellow for "Negative" through yellow-green and green to green-blue for "Positive" reaction.
- b. Blood: This test is based on the peroxidase-like activity of hemoglobin, which catalyzes the reaction of disopropylbenzene dihydroperoxide and 3.3'.5.5'-tetramethylbenzidine. The resulting color ranges from orange through green; very high levels of blood may cause the color development to continue to blue.
- c. Leukocytes: Granulocytic leukocytes contain esterases that catalyze the hydrolysis of the derivatized pyrrole amino acid ester to liberate 3-hydroxy-5-phenyl pyrrole. This pyrrole then reacts with a diazonium salt to produce a purple product.
- d. Nitrite: This test depends upon the conversion of nitrate to nitrite to by action of Gram negative bacteria in the urine. At the acid pH of the reagent area, nitrite in the urine reacts with ρ-arsanilic acid to form a diazonium compound. This diazonium compound in turn couples with 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrbenzo(h)quinolin-3ol to produce a pink color.
- e. Glucose: This test is based on a double sequential enzyme reaction. One enzyme, glucose oxidase, catalyzes the formation of fluconic acid and dydrogen peroxide from the oxidation of glucose. A second enzyme, peroxidase, catalyzes the reaction of hydrogen peroxide with a potassium iodide chromogen to oxidze the chromogen to colors ranging from green to brown.
- f. Ketone: This test is based on the development of colors ranging from buff-pink, for a negative reading, to maroon when acetoacetic acid reacts with nitroprusside.
- g. pH: The test is based on the double indicator principle that gives a broad range of colors covering the entire urinary pH range. Colors range from orange through yellow and green to blue.
- h. Specific Gravity: This test is based on the apparent pKa change of certain pretreated polyelectrolytes in relation to ionic concentration. In the presence of an indicator, colors range from deep blue-green in urine of low ionic concentration through green and yellow-green in urines of increasing ionic concentration.
- Bilirubin: This test is based on the coupling of bilirubin with diazotized dichloroaniline in a strongly acid medium. The color ranges through various shades of tan.
- Urobilinogen: This test is based on a modified Ehrlich reaction in which pdiethylaminobenzaldehyde in conjunction with a color enhancer reacts with urobilinogen in a strongly acid medium to produce a pink-red color.

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only Page 3 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

3. SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS

Patient Preparation

Component	Special Notations
Fasting/Special Diets	N/A
Specimen Collection and/or Timing	Normal procedures for collecting urine may be used for samples to be analyzed by this method. Transfer contents to Urine Collection Kit to better preserve the sample.
Special Collection Procedures	A first-morning specimen is preferred but random collections are acceptable.
Other	If Urine Collection Kit is not used, submit to Laboratory within 2 hours of collection.

3.2 Specimen Type & Handling

Criteria		
Type -Preferred	Urine, freshly voided	
-Other Acceptable	None	
Collection Container	Clean or sterile container	
Volume - Optimum	12 mL	
- Minimum	1 mL	
Transport Container and	Urine Collection Kit (Urine Analysis Preservative Tube	
Temperature	preferred) or container at room temperature.	
Stability & Storage	Room Temperature: 24 hours in Urine Analysis	
Requirements	Preservative Tube	
	2 hours for other containers	
	Refrigerated: 24 hours	
	Frozen: Unacceptable	
Timing Considerations	Test the urine within two hours after voiding, sooner if	
	testing for bilirubin or urobilinogen.	
Unacceptable Specimens	Specimens that are unlabeled, improperly labeled, or those	
& Actions to Take	that do not meet the stated criteria are unacceptable.	
	Request a recollection and credit the test with the	
	appropriate LIS English text code for "test not performed"	
	message. Examples: Quantity not sufficient-QNS; Wrong	
	collection-UNAC. Document the request for recollection in	
	the LIS.	
Compromising Physical	If specimen refrigerated, let it return to room temperature	
Characteristics	before testing. The container should allow for complete	
	dipping of all reagent strip areas.	
Other Considerations	After testing, samples will be held until the next successful	
	QC performance.	

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4 Page 4 of 18

4. REAGENTS

Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) supplied with the reagents for complete safety hazards. Refer to the section in this procedure covering "SAFETY" for additional information.

Reagent Summary 4.1

Primary Reagent	Supplier & Catalog Number	Quantity
Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips	Siemens Reagent Strips Cat. No. 2161	100 strips

Confirmatory Testing Reagents, used if needed *	Supplier & Catalog Number
CLINITEST Reagent Tablet	Bayer Corporation Cat. No. 2126

Reagent Preparation and Storage

NOTES: Date and initial all reagents upon opening. Each container must be labeled with (1) substance name, (2) lot number, (3) date of preparation, (4) expiration date, (5) initials of tech, (6) any special storage instructions; check for visible signs of degradation.

Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for a complete description of hazards. If a specific hazard is present, it will be noted in this procedure when the hazard is first encountered in a procedural step.

Reagent	Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips
Container	Plastic Bottle
Storage & Stability	Store at temperatures between 15-30° C. All unused strips must remain in the original bottle. Transfer to any other container may cause reagent strips to deteriorate and become un-reactive. Do not use strips after the expiration date printed on the original bottle. Do not store the bottle in direct sunlight and do not remove the desiccant from the bottle. Never leave the container uncapped.
Preparation	None

5. CALIBRATORS/STANDARDS

Not applicable

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP ID: GEC.U09 SOP Version # 4 Page 5 of 18

Site: Germantown Emergency Center QUALITY CONTROL

Quest Diagnostics

Controls Used

Controls	Supplier and Catalog Number
Human Urinalysis Control level I	KOVA-Trol TM HYCOR® Cat. No. 91017
Human Urinalysis Control level II	KOVA-Trol TM HYCOR® Cat. No. 87128
Human Urinalysis Control Level III	KOVA-Trol TM HYCOR® Cat. No. 87328

Control Preparation and Storage

NOTE: Date and initial all controls upon opening. Each container should be labeled with (1) substance name, (2) lot number, (3) date of preparation, (4) expiration date, (5) initials of tech, and (6) any special storage instructions; check for visible signs of degradation.

Control	Level I Urine control
Preparation	Reconstitute the vial of control with exactly 15 mL of Reagent Grade water. Allow the reconstituted material to stand at room temperature for 15 minutes and gently rotate the bottle intermittently until all of the material has dissolved.
Storage/Stability	Once reconstituted, the controls remain stable for 7 days at 2-8° C in its original capped vial.

Control	Level II and Level III Urine controls	
Preparation	Reconstitute each vial of control with exactly 60 mL of Reagent Grade water. Allow the reconstituted material to stand at room temperature for 15 minutes and gently rotate the bottle intermittently until all of the material has dissolved.	
Storage/Stability	Once reconstituted, the controls remain stable for 7 days at 2-8° C in its original capped vial.	

6.3 Frequency

All three levels of Human Urinalysis Control are tested once per day.

Tolerance Limits

All QC Values must be within acceptable limits listed in manufacture's package insert.

IF the result is	THEN	
not acceptable	 Verify it is the correct control/reagent. Verify the control/reagent has not expired. Check for technical/clerical errors. 	

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4

Page 6 of 18

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

•	Visually inspect the condition of the control/reagent
•	Repeat the QC test.
•	Notify the Supervisor if these results are not acceptable.

6.5 **Review Patient Data**

Technologist must check for unusual patterns, trends, or distributions in patient results (such as an unusually high percentage of abnormal results). Resolve any problems noted before issuing patient reports. Repeat patient samples with other methodologies if necessary.

Documentation

- Print results on "Urinalysis Quality Control" sheet, located in Urinalysis Quality Control binder.
- Quality control records are reviewed daily at the bench, weekly by the Group Lead or designee, and monthly by the Supervisor/Manager or designee.
- Refer to complete policies and procedures for QC documentation and for record retention requirements in the Laboratory QC Program.

Quality Assurance Program

- Each new lot number of reagent or new shipment of the same lot of reagent must be tested with external control materials and previously analyzed samples. Performance of the new lot must be equivalent to the previous lot.
- Training must be successfully completed and documented prior to performing this test. This procedure must be incorporated into the departmental competency assessment program.
- The laboratory participates in CAP proficiency testing. All proficiency testing materials must be treated in the same manner as patient samples.
- Consult the Laboratory QC program for complete details.

7. **EQUIPMENT and SUPPLIES**

Assay Platform

Not Applicable

Equipment

SOP ID: GEC.U09

SOP Version # 4

Centrifuge, 400g Timer

> CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only Page 7 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

7.3 Supplies

- · Disposable pipettes
- 16 x 100 mm test tubes

PROCEDURE

NOTE: For all procedures involving specimens, buttoned lab coats, gloves, and face protection are required minimum personal protective equipment. Report all accidents to your supervisor.

The package insert for a new lot of kits must be reviewed for any changes before the kit is used. A current Package Insert is included as a Related Document.

8.1	Test Run		
1	Use a fresh urine specimen in a clean, dry container. Mix well immediately before testing.		
2	Remove one strip from bottle and replace cap. Do not remove the strip from the bottle until immediately before it is to be used for testing.		
3	Completely immerse reagent areas of the strip in urine and remove immediately to avoid dissolving out reagents.		
4	While removing, run the edge of the entire length of the strip against the rim of the urine container to remove excess urine.		
5	Hold the strip in a horizontal position to prevent possible mixing of chemicals from adjacent reagent areas and/or contaminating the hands with urine.		

8.2	Reading				
1	Do not read any test pad after 2 minutes.				
2	Visually compare the reagent areas to corresponding Color Chart on the bottle label. Read the pads in good light. Note: Avoid laying the strip directly on the Color Chart, as this will result in the urine soiling the chart.				
3	Proper read time is critical to optimal results. Visually read each test as follows:				
	Test	after dipping, read at			
	glucose and bilirubin	30 seconds			
	ketone 40 seconds				
	specific gravity 45 seconds				
	pH, protein, urobilinogen, blood and nitrite 60 seconds				
	leukocytes 2 minutes				

CALCULATIONS

Not applicable

SOP ID: GEC.U09

SOP Version # 4

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only

Page 8 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

REPORTING RESULTS AND REPEAT CRITERIA 10.

10.1 Interpretation of Data

Compare test pad to corresponding color blocks on bottle label to read the strip.

	Report As Yellow Orange Pink Green Amber Brown Bloody Dark Yellow Straw
	Pink Green Amber Brown Bloody Dark Yellow
<u>,</u> , , ,	Green Amber Brown Bloody Dark Yellow
]	Amber Brown Bloody Dark Yellow
	Brown Bloody Dark Yellow
	Bloody Dark Yellow
1	Dark Yellow
1	Suaw
Appearance	Clear
	Cloudy
!	Slightly Cloudy
	Turbid
Specific Gravity	1.005 - 1.030
	5.0 - 9.0
Glucose	Negative
,	Trace
	1+
	2+
	3+
4	4+
Bilirubin	Negative
	1+
	2+
	3+
Urobilinogen	0.2
	1.0
	2.0
	4.0
1	8.0
Ketone	Negative
	Trace
	1+
	2+
	3+
4	4+
Blood	Negative
7	U

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP ID: GEC.U09 SOP Version # 4 Page 9 of 18

	,
Test	Report As
	1+
	2+
	3+
Protein	Negative
	Trace
	1+
	2+
	3+
	4+
Nitrite	Negative
	Positive
Leukocytes	Negative
Esterase	Trace
	1+
	2+
	3+

10.2 Rounding

N/A

10.3 Units of Measure

N/A

Clinically Reportable Range (CRR)

N/A

10.5 Repeat Criteria and Resulting

- Perform CLINITEST Reagent Tablets test for reducing sugars only when ordere
- If pH is >8.0, remove urine protein result and replace with the English text code **UAMUP.** The code translates to "Unable to accurately measure urine protein when pH is > 8.0"
- If Bilirubin is positive, the comment "Presumptive positive bilirubin. Consider confirmation by serum bilirubin if clinically indicated." will be appended to the result by the LIS.
- Microscopic Exam:
 - 1. Review the results and determine which specimens require a microscopic exam using the following criteria:
 - a. Blood: any positive result
 - b. Protein: > trace
 - c. Nitrite: any positive result

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4 Page 10 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

SOP ID: GEC.U09

- d. Leukocytes: any positive result
- e. Clarity: any result not CLEAR
- Centrifuge the specimens that require a microscopic exam at 400 RCF (g) for 5 minutes
- Refer to procedure "Microscopic Examination of Urine" for instructions on performing microscopic examination of urine.
- Refer to Addenda A "Urinalysis Keyboard: Macroscopic and Microscopic Result Entry" for instructions to release results.

11. EXPECTED VALUES

11.1 Reference Ranges

Glucose	Negative
Bilirubin	Negative
Ketones	Negative
Specific gravity (SG)	1.005 - 1.030
Blood	Negative
pH	5.0 - 9.0
Protein	Negative
Urobilinogen (URO)	0.2 - 1.0
Nitrite	Negative
Leukocyte	Negative
Color	Yellow
Clarity	Clear

11.2 Critical Values

None established

11.3 Priority 3 Limit(s)

None established

12. CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

The strips are intended for use in at-risk patient groups to assist diagnosis in the following areas: Kidney function, urinary tract infections, carbohydrate metabolism and liver function. The strips also measure physical characteristics, including acid-base balance and urine concentration. Test results can be used along with other diagnostic information to rule out certain disease states and to determine if microscopic analysis is needed.

Protein: In normal urine, less than 150 mg of total protein is excreted per day. Clinical proteinuria is indicated at greater than 500 mg of protein per day. Positive results may also indicate tubular or overflow proteinuria in the absence of any glomerular abnormality or proteins of renal origin that may be excreted during infection. Urinary protein excretions can

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4

Blood: Normally, no hemoglobin is detectable in urine. Occult blood occurs in urine as intact erythrocytes and hemoglobin, which can occur during urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders. Small amounts of blood are sufficiently abnormal to require further investigation. The significance of the Trace reaction may vary among patients, and clinical

be temporarily elevated in the absence of renal abnormality by strenuous exercise, orthostatic

proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections, and acute illness with fever.

judgment is required for assessment in an individual case.

Leukocytes: Normal urine specimens generally yield negative results. An increase in leukocytes is an indication of pyuria and is found in nearly all diseases of the kidney and urinary tract; however, pyuria may often be present in non-infection conditions. A strip result of small or greater is a useful of indicator of infection. Trace results may be of questionable clinical significance; however, Trace results observed repeatedly may be clinically significant.

Nitrite: Normally no nitrite is detectable in urine. Many enteric gram-negative organisms give positive results when their number is greater than $10^5/\text{mL}$.

Glucose: Small amounts of glucose are normally excreted by the kidney. These amounts are usually below the sensitivity of this test but on occasion may produce a color between the Negative and the 100 mg/dL color blocks and that is interpreted by the instrument as a positive result. Results at the first positive level may be significantly abnormal if found consistently.

Ketone: Normally, no ketone is detectable in urine. In ketoacidosis, starvation or with other abnormalities of carbohydrate or lipid metabolism, ketones may appear in urine at levels of 10 mg/dL or higher before serum ketone levels are elevated. Clinical judgment is needed to determine the significance of trace results, which may occur during physiological stress conditions such as fasting, pregnancy and frequent strenuous exercise.

pH: The normal pH of urine can range from 4.6 to 8.0. Certain dietary conditions can produce acid or alkaline urines, which can be useful in the treatment of some calculi.

Specific Gravity: The normal SG of urine ranges from 1.001 – 1.035. If the specific gravity of random urine is 1.023 or greater, the concentrating ability of the kidneys can be considered normal.

Bilirubin: Normal adult urine contains about 0.02 mg/dL of bilirubin, which is not detectable by even the most sensitive methods. Even trace amounts of bilirubin are sufficiently abnormal to require further investigation. Since very small amounts of bilirubin may be found in the earliest phases of liver disease, the user must consider whether the sensitivity of Siemens Reagent Strips to bilirubin is sufficient for the intended use.

Urobilinogen: Urobilinogen is normally present in urine at concentrations up to 1.0 mg/dL. A result of 2.0 mg/dL represents the transition from normal to abnormal, and the patient and/or urine specimen should be evaluated further for hemolytic and hepatic disease.

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only

SOP Version # 4 Page 12 of 18

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

13. PROCEDURE NOTES

• FDA Status: Exempt

• Validated Test Modifications: None

14. LIMITATIONS OF METHOD

14.1 Analytical Measurement Range (AMR)

N/A

14.2 Precision

N/A

14.3 Interfering Substances

For all tests, false positive results and/or false negative results can occur when substances that cause abnormal urine color are present, such as:

- visible levels of blood or bilirubin
- drugs containing dyes
- nitrofurantoin
- riboflavin

14.4 Clinical Sensitivity/Specificity/Predictive Values

Sensitivities listed in the following table depend upon the presence or absence of inhibitory and matrix factors typically found in urine, such as specific gravity and pH.

Test Name	False Positive or Increased values	False Negative or Decreased values
Glucose	Temperature	 Ascorbic acid (≥ 50mg/dL) may affect a 75 to 125 mg/dL glucose level Ketones (≥ 40mg/dL) may affect a 75 to 125 mg/dL glucose level High specific gravity Temperature
Bilirubin	 Indican (indoxyl sulfate) may impart a yellow-orange to red color on the pad Metabolites of Lodine (etodolac) 	 Ascorbic acid (≥ 25mg/dL). Urine specimen was more than one hour old (instability of bilirubin). Contamination with chlorhexidine (found in some skin cleansers)
Ketone	 Highly pigmented urines Large amounts of levodopa (L-dopa) metabolites Compounds that contain sulfhydryl groups 	,

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4 Page 13 of 18

Quest Diagnostics

Site: Germantown Emergency Center Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

Test Name	False Positive or Increased values	False Negative or Decreased values
Specific Gravity	Moderate (100 – 750 mg/dL) quantities of protein Contamination with chlorhexidine (found in some skin cleansers)	Highly buffered/alkaline urines
Occult Blood	 Oxidizing contaminants (e.g. bleach) Microbial peroxidase from urinary tract infections 	High specific gravityCapoten® (Captopril)
pН	 Bacterial growth that converts urea to ammonia 	Run-over from the protein reagent pad
Protein	 Highly buffered or alkaline urines Contamination with quarternary ammonium compounds (from some antiseptics and detergents) or Chlorhexidine (found in some skin cleansers) 	
Urobilinogen	 Temperature > 26°C (79°F) p-aminosalicylic acid (PAS) and sulfonamides p-aminobenzoic acid (PABA) may cause atypical color development 	■ Temperature < 22°C (72°F) ■ Formalin
Nitrite		 Infections caused by organisms that don't contain reductase Urine was not in bladder long enough (at least 4 hours) Absence of dietary nitrate High specific gravity Ascorbic acid (≥ 25 mg/dL) may affec a low positive nitrate level (< 0.06 mg/dL nitrate ion)
Leukocytes	■ Formalin ■ Temperature >26°C (79°F)	 Elevated glucose (≥ 3,000 mg/dL) High specific gravity Cephalexin (Keflex®) or Cephalothin (Keflin®) High concentrations of oxalic acid Tetracycline Temperature <22°C (72°F)
Color	 Concentration Food Pigments Dyes Blood Various pathological conditions 	■ These all can affect negatively as well.

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4 Page 14 of 18

Site: Germantown Emergency Center Title: Urinaly

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

15. SAFETY

The employee has direct responsibility to avoid injury and illness at work. Nearly all harmful exposures to infectious substances and chemicals, and other injuries, can be avoided with effective training and consistent safe work practices.

Become familiar with the Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) Manual to learn the requirements on working safely and protecting the environment from harm. Although lab work typically focuses on the hazards of working with specimens and chemicals, we must also control other important hazards.

- Slips, trips, and falls cause many serious injuries. Please ensure that spills are cleaned quickly (to avoid slippery floors) and that you can see and avoid obstacles in your path.
- Ergonomic injuries result from performing tasks with too much repetition, force, or awkward position. Ergonomic injuries include strains and back injuries. Learn about ergonomic hazards and how to prevent this type of injury.
- Scratches, lacerations, and needlesticks can result in serious health consequences.
 Attempt to find ways to eliminate your risk when working with sharp materials.

Report all accidents and injuries <u>immediately</u> to your supervisor or the business unit Environmental Health and Safety Manager or Specialist.

16. RELATED DOCUMENTS

- 1. Laboratory Quality Control Program
- 2. Laboratory Safety Manual
- 3. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
- 4. Quest Diagnostics Records Management Procedure
- 5. CLINITEST, Urinalysis procedure
- 6. Microscopic Examination of Urine, Urinalysis procedure
- 7. Urinalysis QC form (AG.F133)
- Current Allowable Total Error Specifications at http://questnetl.qdx.com/Business Groups/Medical/qc/docs/qc bpt tea.xls
- 9. Current package insert Multistix 10 SG

17. REFERENCES

- 1. Package Insert, KOVA-TrolTM HYCOR, P/N 91017-09, 03/2010.
- Package Insert, Siemens Multistix 10 SG, Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics, Inc. revised 03/2010.
- CLINITEK 500 Technical Procedure, doc # 035103. National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS). Clinical Laboratory Procedure Manuals-3rd Edition (GP2-A3), 1996.

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only SOP Version # 4

Quest Diagnostics

Site: Germantown Emergency Center

Title: Urinalysis, Multistix 10 SG Reagent Strips

18. REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Reason	Reviser	Approval	
			Supersedes U017.002, U007.001			
000	3/25/2013		Update owner	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
000	3/25/2013	3.1	Add urine collection kit	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
000	3/25/2013	10.5	Add process if reagent unavailable	A. Chini	R. SanLuis	
001	6/18/2013	4.1	Remove Ictotest Reagent Tablet	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
001	6/18/2013	10.5	Remove confirmatory test for bilirubin and process if reagent unavailable, add message for positive result	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
001	6/18/2013	12, 14.4	Remove Ictotest as alternate test	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
001	6/18/2013	16	Remove Ictotest SOP, add QC form	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
001	6/18/2013	19	Remove QC form	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	3.2	Add stability for preservative tube	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	4.1	Remove 3% SSA	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	10.5	Change pH criteria and follow up, edit Clinitest to perform when ordered by physician	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	16	Remove 3% Sulfosalicylic Acid SOP	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	App A	Remove Potomac Ridge keyboards	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
002	8/19/2015	Footer	Version # leading zero's dropped due to new EDCS in use as of 10/7/13.	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
3	12/9/2015	4.1, 10.5	Remove Clinitest	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	
3	12/9/2015	16	Remove Clinitest SOP	L. Barrett	R. SanLuis	

19. ADDENDA

A. Urinalysis Keyboard: Macroscopic and Microscopic Result Entry

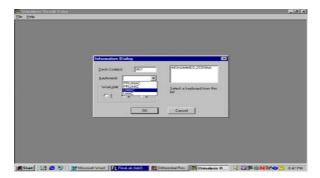
Form revised 2/02/2

SOP ID: GEC.U09 CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only
SOP Version # 4
Page 16 of 18

Addenda A

Urinalysis Keyboard: Macroscopic and Microscopic Result Entry

 Using GUI application, select the Urinalysis Keyboard. The following information dialog box will be displayed. Use the drop down box to choose UMAC or UMIC as appropriate.



To result the macroscopic urinalysis, select the UMAC keyboard, type in the Accession # and press ENTER.

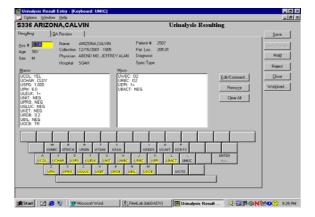
Manually result by depressing the urine component key and select the appropriate result for the urine component. Select ENTER and continue resulting other urine components.

\$337 ARIZONA_ARRON Urinalysis Revulting Paradire Paradire	115		Result Entry - [Keyboard: UMAC]	Opnose W
Dec	-	Urinalysis Resulting		
Calcument 1075/0207-2005 Pat Los. Gir For	ine i		QA Fleviere	Region
Marie Mari	Hag	Pat Loc GIP Diagnosis COPATH PAPALLEL	Culeston 12/15/2001 - 2026 Physician Unknown Physician	Age 54/
COCK 15 COC	Reject	Tipec Types	The state of the s	Maren
Open 1.05	Dine	Edi-Connect.		COL VEL
UPO MES	object.			USPG 1.025 UPH 6.0 ULEUK 24
100 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Qua Al		UPRO: NEG UGLUC: NEG
T USA WEST				UNDE 0.2 UBIL NEG
				OCCUPATION OF THE PARTY OF THE
		MEDI	UI UI	
A CAN THE RESIDENCE OF THE COURSE OF THE COU		Octor		100
				-
LPR UPRO INCUS URST NROW NRC. UNCO. UNCO.		s. uce uce	APP APPO DISCUS UNIT NO	ő.

Form revised 2/02/2

CONFIDENTIAL: Authorized for internal use only

- 3. To result the urine microscopic, click on **Options**, then keyboard select, and an information dialog box will appear. From dropdown box, select the urine microscopic keyboard (UMIC), type in the Accession # and press **ENTER**. The urine macroscopic results will appear along with the keyboard for resulting the urine microscopic.
- 4. The urine microscopic may be resulted by clicking on the keyboard displayed on the screen with the mouse or by using the corresponding keys on the keyboard.



- To append a comment, select the test code, click on the EDIT/COMMENT button and enter free text and/or an English text code in the Comment box.
- A Quality Assurance check must be performed before saving the results. To save and file the urine microscopic, click on the SAVE button.

Form revised 2/02/20

Quest Diagnostics



Germantown Emergency Center
Shady Grove Medical Center
Washington Adventist Hospital

Refractometer Quality Control

Month	Year	5% NaCl Lot#	Exp:
		6 / 0 1 (d/61 20 c):	

Date	Tech	Acceptable	H2O	5% NaCl	QC OK?	Comments / Corrective Action			
	Tech	range:	1.000	1.023 - 1.025	Y/N	Comments / Corrective Action			
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

Weekly Review:	Weekly Review:	Weekly Review:
Weekly Review:	Weekly Review:	Monthly Review:

AG.F346.0 Created 1/2016

									☐ Germantown Emergency Center						
CHEMSTRIP LOT# DATE REC'D:			Quest Diagnostics"						☐ Shady Grove Medical Center						
													entist Hosp		
EXP.DATE:			Kova	Trol Urin	ne QUALIT	ATIVE Co	ntrol Cross	s-Check				J			
_							OLD LO	T EXPECT	ED RANGE	LEVEL I					
			S.G	pН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol I		Expected range													
OLD/CURRENT Lot#	Date	Exp		<u> </u>	I	<u>l</u>		LD / CURR	ENT LOT RE	SULTS		<u>l</u>		<u> </u>	
								1							
In Use		Date					NEW LO	T EXPECT	ED RANGE	LEVEL I					
			S.G	pН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol I		Expected range													
NEW Control Lot#	Date	Exp.				<u> </u>		NEW L	OT RESULT	·s		I			
	Rec'd	Date						1	1						
	1.100 0					<u>l</u>	OLD LO	T EXPECTE	D RANGE	LEVEL II		<u>L</u>			
			S.G	рН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol II		Expected range													
OLD/CURRENT Lot#	Date	Ехр	OLD / CURRENT LOT RESULTS												
	In Use	Date													
					<u> </u>		NEW LO	T EXPECT	ED RANGE	LEVEL II		<u> </u>			
			S.G	рН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol II Exp		Expected range													
NEW Control Lot#	Date	Exp.	NEW LOT RESULTS						•	ı					
	Rec'd	Date													
inec u					<u> </u>		OLD LOT	EXPECTE	D RANGE	LEVEL III		<u> </u>			
			S.G	pН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol III		Expected range													
OLD/CURRENT Lot#	Date	Ехр	OLD / CURRENT LOT RESULTS												
	In Use	Date													
	III OSE	Date				1	NEW LO	T EXPECTE	D RANGE	LEVEL III					
			S.G	pН	LEU	NIT	PRO	GLU	KET	UBG	BIL	BLD	RBC	WBC	
KovaTrol III		Expected range													
NEW Control Lot#	Date	Exp.		N N				NEW L	EW LOT RESULTS						
	Rec'd	Date													
CROSS CHECK RESULTS:		A= Acceptable	(CIRCLE	ONE)								<u> </u>			
		U=Unacceptable	(OINOLL	- ONL)											
		о-опассернаме													
Tech Code/Initials:		DATE:													
Group Lead Review:		DATE:													
Supvr. Review:		DATE:													

AG.F106.2 Revised 1/2016