

TRAINING UPDATE

Lab Location: SGMC and WAH **Date Implemented:** 9.6.2016
Department: Blood Bank **Due Date:** 9.15.2016

DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE REVISION

Name of procedure:

Volume-Reduced and Saline-Replaced Platelet Products

Description of change(s):

1. Updated procedure to reflect dead volume for the new tubing of 10 mL
2. Changed the aliquot volume to "2 times the requested volume + 10 mL or 50 mL, whichever is greater."

Electronic Document Control System



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Title: Volume-Reduced and Saline-Replaced Platelet Products

Owner: LESLIE BARRETT

Status: INWORKS

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Next Review Date:

Non-Technical SOP

Title	Volume-Reduced and Saline-Replaced Platelet Products	
Prepared by	Stephanie Codina	Date: 3/16/2011
Owner	Stephanie Codina	Date: 3/16/2011

Laboratory Approval		
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date
<i>Refer to the electronic signature page for approval and approval dates.</i>		
Local Issue Date:		Local Effective Date:

Review:		
Print Name	Signature	Date

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1. PURPOSE

This procedure describes the process for preparing volume-reduced (plasma-removed) and saline-replaced platelet products. Volume-reduced and saline-replaced platelets are generally prepared for infant and pediatric patients. However, they may also be prepared for adult patients in certain situations. Volume-reduction of platelets is achieved by centrifugation and subsequent removal of a portion of the plasma. Saline-replacement is achieved by adding saline to the volume-reduced platelet product.

2. SCOPE

Volume-reduced platelets may be necessary for patients at risk of volume overload or for neonatal or pediatric patients who cannot tolerate incompatible plasma in out-of-group platelet products.

Saline-replaced platelets are indicated for patients who have experienced multiple progressive allergic reactions to plasma products. Saline-replaced platelets are an alternative product when platelet additive solution (PAS) platelets are not available.

3. RESPONSIBILITY

All blood bank staff must understand and adhere to this procedure for preparing volume-reduced and saline-replaced platelet products.

4. DEFINITIONS

N/A

5. PROCEDURE

Volume-Reduced Platelets

Step	Action
1	<p>The patient care area will order a volume-reduced or saline-replaced platelet product by typing the attribute request into the physician instructions area of the "TPP" or "TPLTNE" order.</p> <p>Blood bank staff members will automatically perform the volume-reduction procedure when giving out-of-group platelets to a neonate.</p>
2	<p>Turn on the RC-4 centrifuge and verify cleanliness. Clean if necessary and document completion on the QC form.</p>
3	<p>Set the RC-4 centrifuge to program 2 (4400 RPM, 22°C, on hold) and begin the cycle to allow the temperature to adjust to the desired range.</p> <p>A. Press the program selection button (the up arrow "▲" immediately to the right of the key switch until the program is set to 2.</p> <p>B. The centrifuge does not have the ability to warm (only to cool). Heat is generated via friction of the rotor which is best achieved by running the centrifuge at maximum speed for up to 30-60 minutes before use.</p>
4	<p>Obtain the supplies necessary to perform a volume-reduction:</p> <p>A. RC-4 centrifuge</p> <p>B. Sterile Welding Device</p> <p>C. Hematron heat sealer or metal clips and a hand sealer</p> <p>D. Scale</p> <p>E. Sterile transfer pack</p> <p>F. Hemostats or clamps</p> <p>G. Plasma Expresser</p>
5	<p>Perform daily QC of the scale if needed.</p>

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Step	Action
6	<p>Select a platelet product that meets the recipient's specifications.</p> <p>Apheresis platelet products intended for transfusion in neonates and pediatric patients must meet the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Group specific or group AB. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Do not transfuse any AB platelet product that is visually contaminated with red cells. b. Any group of platelets may be transfused to a neonate/pediatric patient if the volume-reduction procedure has been performed. B. Rh-negative females of child-bearing age or younger (<50 years old), should receive Rh-negative platelets. In emergency situations where Rh-negative platelets are not available, these patients may receive Rh-positive platelets with pathology approval. C. CMV-seronegative (only required for infants less than 4 months in age and patients with CMV attribute markers in their blood bank files) D. Irradiated (only required for infants less than 4 months in age and patients with irradiated attribute markers in their blood bank files)
7	<p>This procedure can be performed on an entire apheresis platelet (adult or large child) or on a platelet aliquot (neonate or small child). Prepare the platelet aliquot prior to beginning the next step.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. You must prepare the platelet aliquot in a pediatric bag (do not use a syringe) prior to performing the volume reduction process. B. You must complete preparation of the aliquot physically and in the computer prior to beginning the volume-reduction process. C. When preparing an aliquot for volume-reduction, the volume of the aliquot should be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Twice the requested amount plus 10 mL for tubing OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50 mL Whichever is GREATER D. Refer to procedure, "Platelet Aliquot Preparation." E. If irradiation is required, irradiate the platelet (or aliquot if the product is prepared for a neonate) per procedure, "Blood Component Irradiation." <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. You must complete the irradiation process physically and in the computer before beginning the volume-reduction process. b. Sunquest will automatically update an aliquotted platelet to an irradiated product. F. Perform the blood label check of all units prior to proceeding.

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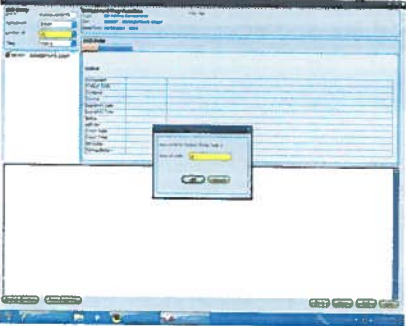
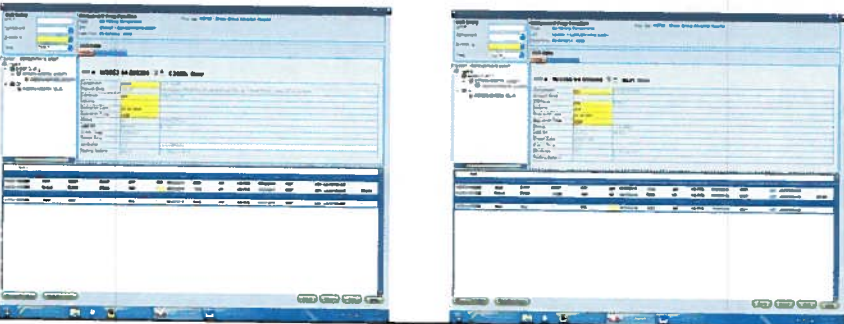
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Step	Action
8	Document the following on the "Product Modification Log." A. Tech identification B. Date of modification C. Unit number of original and final units D. Division E. Lot number of bag F. Wafer lot number
9	Connect a transfer bag to the platelet product to be volume-reduced (platelet or aliquot bag). A. Do not break the weld seal at this time. B. The attached bag will be used to collect the salvage plasma after centrifugation.
10	Tare the scale using an empty 150mL transfer bag.
11	Obtain the initial weight of the platelet product.
12	Prepare a centrifuge balance for the platelet product. A. Place the platelet product in a plastic centrifuge bag and weigh. B. Assemble a centrifuge balance bag for the platelet unit.
13	When the centrifuge has reached the appropriate temperature range, stop the run and set the centrifuge to program 1. Verify that the settings are correct (2000 RCF, 10 min, 22°C). Document the verification on the QC form.
14	Verify the digital temperature of the centrifuge and document on the QC form. Ensure the temperature is between 20-24°C.
15	Place the unit with the satellite bag in an upright position in a centrifuge bucket. Balance the centrifuge with the balance bag.
16	Centrifuge the platelets at 20° –24° C at 2000 RCF for 10 minutes.
17	Immediately remove the platelet bag from the centrifuge when the cycle ends. The temperature of the centrifuge will begin to drop and may go outside of acceptable range. Be careful not to disturb the contents of the bag. Then place the bag with the platelets onto the plasma expresser.
18	Calculate the volume of plasma to be removed based on the volume of platelets requested. Be sure to add 5mL for tubing. A. Volume Removed (mL) = Initial Volume – Desired Volume + 5 (for tubing) B. Desired volume = the volume requested by the physician. If the physician does not designate the volume, remove approximately 70% of the plasma.

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19	Place the salvage plasma bag onto the scale and tare the scale with the bag in place.
20	Break the weld seal and express the calculated amount of plasma. Clamp the line when the appropriate amount of plasma has been transferred. Seal the line between the hemostat clamps using a tube sealer at least twice. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Always ensure the hemostat is clamped between the primary unit and the location at which the tubing will be sealed. B. This will protect sterility of the unit should the heat seal fail.
21	Document the weld inspection on the "Product Modification Log."
22	Disconnect the plasma from the platelet product. Discard the plasma. The product for transfusion will be the bag with the platelet pellet.
23	Calculate the volume of the new product by subtracting the weight of plasma removed from the initial weight. $\text{Final volume (mL)} = \text{Initial volume (mL)} - \text{Volume of plasma removed (mL)}$
24	Access Sunquest function, "Blood Component Preparation."
25	At the "Value" prompt, type the aliquot function that corresponds to the platelet unit to be volume-reduced (concentrated) then press the "Tab" key. The concentrate function is C + the E code of the concentrated product (or A code if applicable). Refer to appendix A for additional information.
26	Press the tab key twice to default the current date and time as the concentration time. Enter the date and time on which the concentration was performed if prepared at an earlier time (such as during computer downtime).
27	Click the "continue" button.
28	A second "Blood Component Prep" screen will appear. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. At the "Unit #" prompt, scan the unit number DIN of the platelet that was concentrated. B. At the "Component" prompt, scan the product code of the parent platelet to be concentrated. This will autofill both the product code and division fields.

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29	<p>For full units, a pop-up screen will appear asking the user to indicate the number of units that will be prepared (ie the number of concentrated platelets being prepared at one time).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Enter "1" in the field. B. Click the "OK" button. <p>This step may be omitted if you are volume-reducing an aliquot product.</p> 
30	<p>On the next screen, enter the volume of the new units.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. For all volume-reduced/concentrated products, click on the yellow circle containing the "O" (output unit). Enter the volume of the concentrated platelet then press the "tab" key. B. For volume-reduced/concentrated apheresis platelets (this step does not apply to volume-reduced/concentrated platelet aliquots), <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Click on the yellow circle containing the "N" (new unit). Enter the volume of the salvaged plasma then press the "tab" key. b. The combined volumes of the concentrated platelet and salvage plasma must equal the volume of the original product. <p style="text-align: center;"> $\text{Volume of concentrated platelet (mL)} + \text{volume of salvaged plasma (mL)} = \text{Original volume}$ </p> 

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Step	Action
31	Verify the expiration date and time of the concentrated platelet product. Document the expiration date and time on the log. A. Concentrated apheresis platelets expire 4 hours after preparation. B. Concentrated platelet aliquots expire 4 hours from the time the platelet aliquot was prepared (this is the original expiration date).
32	Click the “save” button.
33	A “Preview Output/New Units” screen will appear. Review the information to ensure accuracy, then click on the “finish” button to generate new labels for the concentrated product.
34	Adhere the label to the concentrated product directly over the original label.
35	Perform a label check of the unit in Sunquest per procedure.
36	Discard the salvaged plasma. A. Update the salvaged plasma unit (product SLV) to discard status with reason “NEO (Neonatal unit, outdated)” per procedure. B. Physically discard the salvaged plasma in the biohazardous trash. Note: This step ONLY applies to volume-reduced/concentrated platelets prepared from apheresis units. This step may be omitted for volume-reduced/concentrated aliquots as no salvaged plasma is created during blood component preparation.
37	Allow the platelets to rest without agitation at room temp. (20° –24°C) for a minimum of 1 hour.
38	After the 1 hour rest, gently resuspend the platelets by mixing gently by hand to attain a uniform suspension.
39	Allocate the volume-reduced/concentrated platelet per procedure.
40	Place the platelets on the platelet rotator (20 – 24°C) with continuous agitation until the product is issued. A. Volume-reduced/concentrated platelets should be issued as soon as possible after preparation. B. Visually inspect the platelets to ensure all platelet aggregates have been resuspended prior to issue. Gently knead the platelet to resuspend aggregates if present.

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Saline-Replaced Platelets

Step	Action
1	Do not perform these steps if volume-reduced or concentrated platelets have been requested. These steps ONLY pertain to saline-replaced platelets.
2	Aseptically attach a double-cannula transfer tubing to the platelet bag via a port.
3	<p>Aseptically spike a bag of pharmaceutical-quality sterile 0.9% saline with the other end of the transfer tubing. Allow an appropriate amount of saline to flow into the platelet bag.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Add 10-15mL of 0.9% saline to a neonate/pediatric aliquot. B. Add 100mL of 0.9% saline to an adult platelet. C. You may need to obtain saline from pharmacy.
4	Temporary clamp the line using a hemostat. Attach a metal hand sealer clamp to the tubing near the platelet bag. Heat seal the tubing using the heat sealer. Discard any remaining saline.
5	<p>Document the manufacturer, lot number, and expiration date of the saline used in the LIS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Access Sunquest function, "Blood Product Entry." B. Click on the "Modify Unit" button. C. Scan or type the unit number at the "Unit #" prompt. D. Scan or type the collecting facility if prompted to do so. E. At the "Component" prompt, select the correct component from the dropdown menu. F. Click the "OK" button. G. Click on the "Comments" folder. H. In the "freertext" area, type in the saline manufacturer, lot number, and expiration date. Example: "Baxter saline lot P256305 expires 08/2016" I. Click the "Add" button. J. Click the "Save" button.
6	Attach a tie-tag to the unit indicating it is a "Volume-Reduced Saline-Replaced Platelet Product."

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6. RELATED DOCUMENTS

- SOP: Refrigerated Centrifuge Maintenance (Sorvall RC-4)
- SOP: Scale Quality Control
- SOP: Platelets for Transfusion
- SOP: Platelet Aliquot Preparation
- SOP: Sterile Tubing Welder
- SOP: Blood Label Check
- SOP: Disposal of Blood and Blood Products
- Form: Blood Bank Scale Calibration and QC Form (AG.F94)
- Form: Refrigerated Centrifuge Functional Quality Control Form (AG.F103)
- Form: Product Modification Log (AG.F01)

7. REFERENCES

1. Roback, J.D., Grossman, B.J., Harris, T., and Hillyer, C.D. 2011. Technical Manual of the AABB, 17th ed. AABB Publishing, Bethesda, Maryland.
2. Standards for Blood Banks and Transfusion Services, 2014. AABB, 29th ed. AABB Publishing, Bethesda, Maryland.

8. REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Reason for Revision	Revised By	Approved By
		Supersedes SGAH.B13.001, SGAH B406.01		
000	5.16.12	Section 5: Updated wording of procedural steps 1, 2, 5, and 9 for clarity.	SCodina	NCacciabeve
001	5.9.13	Section 5: Added ISBT-128 Information Section 9: Added appendix A	SCodina	NCacciabeve
002	5.28.14	Section 5: Updated instructions for Sunquest v6.4 upgrade. Added clarification for when salvaged plasma is created and needs to be discarded. Updated wording for clarity. Section 6: Updated documents Footer: version # leading zero's dropped due to new EDCS in use as of 10/7/13.	SCodina	NCacciabeve
3	9.4.14	Section 5: Updated instructions for operating the centrifuge; Added step to run centrifuge on program 2 to allow the temperature to reach acceptable range.	SCodina	NCacciabeve
4	8.29.2016	Section 5: Updated dead volume for tubing from 5mL to 10mL for new tubing type. Updated amount to aliquot if a small-volume product is requested.	SCodina	NCacciabeve

9. ADDENDA AND APPENDICES

Appendix A: Volume-Reduced Platelet Blood Component Preparation Functions

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Appendix A
Volume-Reduced Platelet Blood Component Preparation Functions

Original Product Code	Component Prep Function	Final Product Code	Salvaged Plasma Created?
A3046	CA3046	A3047	No
A3056	CA3056	A3049	No
A3057	CA3057	A3050	No
A3058	CA3058	A3051	No
E3077	CE3077	E3078	Yes
E3087	CE3087	E3080	Yes
E3088	CE3088	E3081	Yes
E3089	CE3089	E3082	Yes
E4649	CE4649	E3050	Yes
E4650	CE4650	E3051	YES

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