TRAINING UPDATE

Lab Location: Department:

GEC, SGMC & WAH

Core lab

Due Date:
Implementation

 Date Distributed:
 1/2/2018

 Due Date:
 1/31/2018

 Implementation:
 2/1/2018

DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE REVISION

Name of procedure:

Policy for Carryover Studies SGAH.QDNQA723 v2.1

This has been converted to a system SOP

Description of change(s):

New corporate version released, their changes are -

- Reformatted to current template, changed document to a policy and process
- Changed all references from CRR to Reportable Range

Adventist labs made the following additions to SOP -

- Section 12: add Appendices
- App B : Add Sysmex requirements and Iris information

This revised SOP will be implemented on February 1, 2018

Document your compliance with this training update by taking the quiz in the MTS system.

Non-Technical SOP

Title	Policy for Carryover Studies
Prepared by	Jill Hittinger, Linda Lowe, Rob Willis

Laboratory Approval	Effective Date:	
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date
Refer to the electronic signature		
page for approval and approval		
dates.		

Review		
Print Name and Title	Signature	Date

Corporate Approval		Corporate Issue Date:	8/7/17
Print Name and Title	Signature		Date
Dianne Zorka	On File		
Director, Corporate Quality			
Assessment			8/4/2017
Ronald Kennedy, M.D.	On File		
Sr. Medical Director, Medical			
Quality			8/4/2017

Retirement Date:	Refer to the SmartSolve EDCS.
Reason for	
retirement/replacement:	

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1. PURPOSE

This document sets forth the policy and process for performing carryover studies in Quest Diagnostics laboratories. Carryover studies are required under a variety of conditions for quantitative and semi-quantitative analytical methods performed in clinical laboratories.

2. SCOPE

- This policy and process applies to:
 - All Quest Diagnostics owned and operated laboratories, including Rapid Response Laboratories (RRL).
 - Departments that perform quantitative dispensing as part of the testing process using automatic pipetting systems.
 - Stand-alone pipette systems
 - Sample pipettes integrated into analytic instruments
- This document does not apply to automatic pipetting systems that use disposable pipet tips.

3. RESPONSIBILITY

Responsible Party	Task	
Laboratory Director	Approve the initial document and revisions.	
	Authorize employees to perform their job assignments.	
	Approval of carryover studies performed prior to patient	
	testing as part of the initial method validation	
Laboratory Operations	Ensure implementation of this Standard Operating	
Director or Manager	Procedure (SOP)	
	Communicate the SOP to relevant laboratory areas.	
Department Technical	Ensuring compliance with this procedure in his/her	
Supervisor	department.	
	Recurring review of this SOP	
	Determining which analytes qualify for a carryover study.	
	Ensuring carryover studies are performed at the required	
	frequency.	
	Documenting all steps of the process.	
	• Ensuring all staff is appropriately trained.	
Department Manager/	Implement and maintain this SOP as part of local	
Supervisor	procedure manuals.	
	Approval of carryover studies performed after major	
	maintenance or repair	
Designated Department	Comply with procedure	
Personnel	Halting patient testing after major maintenance or repair	
	of the pipette assembly until a carryover study has been	
	performed.	

4. **DEFINITIONS**

Term	Definition	
Allowable Total Error	The amount of error that meets the laboratory's stated quality	
(TEa)	goals or quality requirement for that analyte that can be	
	tolerated without compromising the clinical usefulness of the	
	analytical result, or incurring unsuccessful performance in	
	proficiency testing surveys.	
Carryover	The increase in a quantitative test result due to remnants of a	
	previously run sample. Carryover may occur when samples of	
	low assay value are run after samples of high assay value using	
	a method that includes an automatic pipetting system.	
Analyte Measurement	The range of analyte values that a method can directly measure	
Range (AMR)	without dilution or concentration.	
Limit of Quantitation (LoQ)	The lowest concentration at which analytical performance	
	meets the laboratory's stated quality goals or requirements for	
	that analyte.	

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5. POLICY

- Carryover Studies must be performed as follows:
 - Part of initial method validation
 - After major maintenance or repair of the pipetting assembly
- Each laboratory must determine which quantitative methods and analytes require carryover evaluation.
 - Analytes that use these pipetting systems must be evaluated if there is a wide range of analyte concentration, such that a small amount of carryover could have significant clinical implications.
 - An analyte with a wide clinical range that requires carryover studies is defined as having a
 Reportable Range greater than or equal to 2 logs or a one hundred fold difference between
 the lower limit of the AMR and the upper limit of the Reportable Range, which extends to
 an analyte concentration corresponding to the maximum dilution Section 1 of procedure
 block

6. PROCESS

- 6.1 Identify any method performed in the laboratory that uses a specimen sampling system with a non-disposable sample probe or set of probes to sample patient specimens.
- **6.2** Evaluate the Reportable Range specifications for each analyte performed by these methods. A carryover study is required when:
 - The span of the Reportable Range is ≥ 2 logs OR
 - The ratio of the lower limit of AMR to the highest value after the maximum dilution (i.e. the high Reportable Range) is more than 100 fold.

Example 1: If the low AMR is 50 and the highest concentration after the maximum dilution is 1,500, the ratio is 1,500/50 = 30. A carryover study is **NOT** required.

Example 2: If the low AMR is 50 and the highest concentration after the maximum dilution is 6,000, the ratio is 6,000/50 = 120. A carryover study **IS** required.

NOTE: Initial laboratory method validations also require carryover studies for these analytes.

- **6.3** Select one of these analytes to represent each automatic pipetting system.
 - It is not necessary to include every qualifying analyte in the study.
 - The selection should be based upon any analyte that may be more likely to show carryover, if applicable
- 6.4 Obtain the current TEa for the analyte to be evaluated. Refer to the Medical Quality/Quality Control intranet site.
- **6.5** Specimen Selection
 - A. Obtain a patient specimen of very high concentration (near the highest value that can occur in the human body)
 - B. Obtain a specimen at a very low concentration, but above LoQ (it must be measureable). Pooled serum is acceptable but MUST be WELL-MIXED.

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- **6.6** Specimen volume required:
 - A. Sufficient volume to perform at least 6 assays of the high sample (H)
 - B. Sufficient volume to perform at least 15 assays of the low sample (L)
- Perform the carryover test at least 3 separate times in the following sequence: L1, L2, H1, H2, L3, L4, L5.

NOTE: The same day and run is acceptable.

- 6.8 Enter the data in the Carryover Studies Template. Refer to the Medical Quality / Corporate Quality Assessment intranet site for the current template or Appendix A.
- **6.9** The Carryover Study Template performs the following calculations:
 - For each run:
 - The average expected baseline value for the low sample will be the average of L1 and L5
 - The average of the expected value for the high sample will be the average of H1 and H2
 - The difference in the first sample after the high samples relative to the expected baseline (L3 average of L1 & L5)
 - The difference in the second sample after the high samples relative to the expected baseline (L4 average of L1 & L5)
 - The difference in the sample just before the high samples relative to the expected baseline to check for pre-carryover. (L5 average of L1 & L5)

• Average across runs:

- The average carryover of the first low sample (L3) after the high samples
- The average carryover of the second low sample (L4) after the high samples
- The average pre-carryover of the low sample (L2) just before the high samples
- **6.10** Review the calculation results generated from the template. Compare the average differences to allowable difference TEa/4.

If	Then
Carryover is not observed	No action needs to be taken.
	• Patient testing can be initiated/resumed
Carryover is observed and is <u>not</u>	 Do not perform patient testing.
expected,	 Perform troubleshooting procedures and/or
	contact the manufacturer to ensure that all
	systems are in order.
Carryover is observed and is	• Patient testing can be resumed using
expected according to known	previously established retesting protocols for
limitations,	samples that follow high concentration
	samples.

- **6.11** Document the results of the carryover performance evaluation in the comment field on the template.
- **6.12** Obtain appropriate signatures of approval and file the carryover study according to local practice.

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7. PROCEDURE NOTES

N/A

8. RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Records generated as a result of this policy/process/procedure may have different retention requirements. Refer to the Quest Diagnostics *Records Management Program Reference Guide*. http://questnet1.qdx.com/Business_Groups/legal/records/schedule.htm

9. RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Quest Diagnostics Allowable Total Error Table
- Quest Diagnostics Analytical Measurement Range (AMR) Validation and Calibration Verification SOP (QDQC704)
- Quest Diagnostics Laboratory Method Validation for Quantitative and Semi-Quantitative Methods procedure (QDNQA743)
- Quest Diagnostics Method Validation Template Quantitative (QDNQA356)

10. REFERENCES

- 1. Code of Federal Regulations CLIA Public Health 42 CFR Part 493
- 2. College of American Pathologists Laboratory Accreditation Checklists

11. DOCUMENT HISTORY

Version	Date	Revision (Immediate retired and prior two versions)	Revised By
2	7/1/2017	Reformatted to current template, changed document to a policy and process	L. Lowe
		Changed all references from CRR to Reportable Range	
2	11/20/17	Adopting corporate version 2, convert to system SOP	L. Barrett
		Page 1: Add Local Effective Date message	
		Section 12: add Appendices	
		App B: Add Sysmex requirements and Iris information	

12. APPENDICES

Appendices	Title
A	QDNQA723TEM_Carryover Template (see Attachment tab)
В	Analyzer Specifications

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Appendix B

Analyzer Specifications

- A. Dimension chemistry analyzers (EXL/Xpand)
 - 1. Major maintenance is defined as change R1 sample arm assembly, change syringe or if recommended by field service representative.
 - 2. Analytes to be tested: BHCG, CREAT
- B. VISTA chemistry analyzers
 - 1. Major maintenance is defined as replacement of sample or reagent arm assembly, change syringe or recommended by field service representative.
 - 2. Analytes to be tested: Vista 500 (BHCG, CREAT, LDI, PTN)

Vista 1500 (Server 1: BHCG, CREAT, LDI, PTN)

Vista 1500 (Server 2 and 3: CREAT, LDI)

- 3. Vista 1500 Server Configuration Modification and Programming:
 - a. Navigate to **Advanced>Configurations>Reagent Flex Configuration**. Select **Modify Reagent Flex Configuration** from the Action menu. (Vista 1500 only)
 - 1) Select the server location(s) for the method(s) to study, then confirm or configure the selected methods into these servers for the duration of this study.
 - 2) Highlight the Flex reagent cartridge to move, select local server, select the new server, and save changes.
 - 3) Document the pre-study server locations for any methods moved specifically for this study and change back at the study conclusion.
 - b. Navigate to Advanced>Internal Use>System Configuration (Internal Use)>Modify System Configuration>Method Processing Order. Configure the system to run tests by changing the Method Processing Order to "As Entered." Document the pre-study processing order before changing and change back at the conclusion of this study.
 - c. Any method moved to new server locations must be calibrated and QC within control limits before proceeding.

Notes:

- BHCG, CREA, and LD are analytes in a sample carryover kit sold by the College of American Pathologists (CAP).
- Patient samples will be used for PTN testing. Samples with high abnormal values will be frozen and / or samples will be requested from the reference lab.
- C. Centaur (Not indicated Disposable pipette tips)
- D. Coagulation analyzers (Stago)
 - 1. Performed with bi-annual PM by service technician. Performed by technical staff if a problem is suspected.
 - 2. Analyte to be tested: PTT
- E. Hematology analyzers (Sysmex, Pochi) do not require carryover studies because testing is including in calibration.
 - 1. Major maintenance is defined as a change or replacement of pipettor assembly.
 - 2. Analytes to be tested: WBC, RBC, HGB, HCT, PLT
- F. Urinalysis analyzer (Iris) verified by QC testing sequence, refer to Iris SOP for details

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