

Shelf life at 2-8 °C:

See expiration date on cobas c pack

label.

On-board in use and refrigerated on the analyzer: Diluent NaCl 9 %

12 weeks

Shelf life at 2-8 °C:

See expiration date on cobas c pack

label

On-board in use and refrigerated on the analyzer:

12 weeks

Specimen collection and preparation,

For specimen collection and preparation only use suitable tubes or collection containers.

Only the specimens listed below were tested and found acceptable. Serum: Do not use serum specimens.

Plasma: Na-fluoride/K-oxalate and Na-fluoride/Na-heparin plasma. Centrifuge within 15 minutes of collecting the specimen. CSF: May be used as obtained.

The sample types listed were tested with a selection of sample collection tubes that were commercially available at the time of testing, i.e. not all available tubes of all manufacturers were tested. Sample collection systems from various manufacturers may contain differing materials which could affect the test results in some cases. When processing samples in primary tubes (sample collection systems), follow the instructions of the tube manufacturer.

Centrifuge samples containing precipitates before performing the assay. See the limitations and interferences section for details about possible sample interferences.

Sample stability claims were established by experimental data by the manufacturer or based on reference literature and only for the temperatures/time frames as stated in the method sheet. It is the responsibility of the individual laboratory to use all available references and/or its own studies to determine specific stability criteria for its laboratory.

Note

- The lactate level increases rapidly with physical exercise. The time required for return to normal lactate values depends on the physical fitness of the subject. 30 minutes at rest is usually sufficient for this purpose.
- 2. Blood samples should be drawn from a stasis-free vein. However, minimal hemostasis (less than 30 seconds) will not affect lactate levels. Avoid the use of a tourniquet, if possible.5
- 3. Glycolysis in blood samples can rapidly increase lactate levels. Cells contribute to the glycolysis and their quick removal is essential for accurate lactate analysis.⁶ Heparinized plasma is acceptable, but precautions must be taken to retard glycolysis by keeping the whole blood on ice and then separating the plasma from the cells within 15 minutes of collection.

Stability in plasma (separated):7

8 hours at 15-25 °C

14 days at 2-8 °C

Stability in plasma (heparinized):8

38 days at -20 °C

Stability in CSF:9

3 hours at 15-25 °C

24 hours at 2-8 °C

2 months at (-15)-(-25) °C

Materials provided

See "Reagents - working solutions" section for reagents.

Materials required (but not provided)

- See "Order information" section
- General laboratory equipment

For optimum performance of the assay follow the directions given in this document for the analyzer concerned. Refer to the appropriate operator's manual for analyzer-specific assay instructions.

The performance of applications not validated by Roche is not warranted and must be defined by the user.

Application for plasma and CSF

cobas c 311 test definition

Assay type

2-Point End

Reaction time / Assay points 10 / 6-31 (STAT 7 / 6-31)

Wavelength (sub/main)

700/660 nm

Reaction direction

Increase

Units

mmol/L (mg/dL, mg/L)

Reagent pipetting 125 uL Diluent (H2O) 20 µL

R1 R₂

25 µL

20 uL

Sample volumes

Sample

Sample dilution Sample Diluent (NaCl)

Normal Decreased

Increased

 $2\,\mu L$ 2 µL 15 pL 135 µL

2 µL

cobas c 501 test definition

Assay type

2-Point End

Reaction time / Assay points

10 / 10-47 (STAT 7 / 10-47)

Wavelength (sub/main) Reaction direction

700/660 nm Increase

Units

R1

mmol/L (mg/dL, mg/L)

Reagent pipetting

Diluent (H2O) 125 µL

20 µL

R2

Normal

25 µL

20 µL

Sample volumes

Sample

Sample dilution

Sample

2 μL

15 µL

Diluent (NaCl)

135 µL

Decreased Increased

2 pL 2 µL

cobas c 502 test definition

Assay type

2-Point End

Reaction time / Assay points 10 / 10-47 (STAT 7 / 10-47)

Wavelength (sub/main) Reaction direction

700/660 nm Increase

mmol/L (mg/dL, mg/L)

Reagent pipetting

Sample volumes

Diluent (H2O)

R1 R2

Normal

125 µL

25 µL

20 µL 20 µL

Sample dilution

Sample

Diluent (NaCl)

2 µL

2 µL

15 µL

Sample

135 µL

Increased Calibration

Decreased

Calibrators

S1: H₂O S2: C:f.a.s.

4 µL