

Valley Laboratories

Origination: 10/11/2019
 Effective: Upon Approval
 Final Approved: N/A
 Last Revised: 11/4/2021
 Next Review: 2 years after approval
 Owner: Lindsey Westerbeck: Dir, Lab
 Policy Area: Lab - Serology
 References:
 Applicability: Valley Laboratories

Performing a C. difficile Quik Chek Complete Test

PURPOSE

The *C. difficile* Quik Chek Complete test is a rapid membrane enzyme immunoassay for the simultaneous detection of *Clostridium difficile* glutamate dehydrogenase antigen and toxins A and B in a single reaction well. The test detects *C. difficile* antigen, glutamate dehydrogenase, as a screen for the presence of *C. difficile* and confirms the presence of toxigenic *C. difficile* by detecting toxins A and B in fecal specimens from persons suspected of having *C. difficile* disease. The test is to be used as an aid in the diagnosis of *C. difficile* disease. As with other *C. difficile* tests, results should be considered in conjunction with the patient history.

POLICY

- This procedure will be followed when performing the *C. difficile* Quik Check Complete test kit as the first testing step of the algorithm in screening and to aid in diagnosis of *C. difficile* disease.
- Order code: **CDTOG** (*C. difficile* Toxin A/B and GDH, EIA w/ reflex PCR)
 - This order code should be used only for hospital admission days 1-3 and outpatients.
 - C. difficile* PCR test **CDIFO** is automatically ordered when the Toxin A/B and GDH results obtained do not match.
- Order code: **CDTG4** (*C. difficile* Toxin A/B and GDH, EIA only)
 - This order code should be used only for hospital admission days 4 and greater.
 - Reflex PCR testing is **not** performed.
 - NOTE:** If hospital admission day 4 or greater and Toxin A/B and GDH results obtained do not match, caregiver may collect a new sample and order secondary test **CDIFOR** (*C. difficile* PCR, w/ reflex EIA) if clinically indicated.
 - C. difficile* EIA test **CDTOGR** is automatically ordered when the PCR result obtained is positive.
- Test is to be performed upon receipt, ideally within 2 hours of collection.
- Positive *C. difficile* Toxin A/B results are called to the caregiver of the hospital patient, which includes ER and inpatients.

EQUIPMENT, REAGENTS AND SUPPLIES

Equipment	Supplies
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vortex Timer MLA pipette/tips (as needed) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>C. diff</i> Quik Chek Complete Test Kit Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Expiration date on kit Small test tubes (i.e. 12x75) Disposable gloves

SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS

- Fecal specimen should be unformed and take the shape of the container.
- Specimen should be submitted in a clean, airtight container with no preservatives.
- Specimen can be stored at 2-8°C for up to 72 hours prior to testing, but fresh stool that is less than 24 hours old is ideal.
- Specimens that cannot be tested within 72 hours should be frozen immediately at -10°C or colder until testing can be performed.
- This is not a test of cure.**
- Specimen container should be properly labeled with patient ID and *C. difficile* testing label.
- C. difficile* testing label should be properly filled out to ensure testing is warranted.
 - If *C. difficile* label not on container, or documentation on *C. difficile* label incomplete, contact nurse in charge of patient to complete before proceeding with testing.
- Specimens collected within the first 3 days of admission (as documented on the *C. difficile* testing label) can proceed with testing if all other requirements are met. Specimens collected on day 4 or after (as documented on *C. difficile* label) should be verified that testing is warranted prior to proceeding.
 - If order code does not match hospital day documented on testing label, verify days of admission and

correct order code before proceeding.

SPECIMEN REJECTION CRITERIA

- Formed stool specimens – cancel using the following ETCs:
 - TSTNP-STOOLF-NRECOL**
 - Canceled test on formed stool for hospital patients is to be phoned to the department or nursing unit.
- Specimens received mislabeled or without patient identification label
- Rectal swabs
- Stool specimens with formalin based preservative (sodium acetate formalin, 10% formalin, etc)
- Specimens received in Cary Blair or C&S transport media *can* be used for testing, but if result is indeterminate, reflex PCR testing cannot be performed. Recommend fresh stool to be recollected for testing.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Patient samples, controls, and test devices should be handled as though they could transmit disease
- Diluent reagent contains 0.05% ProClin 300 as a preservative. Although the concentration is low ProClin 300 is known to be a skin irritant
- Universal precautions must be followed, including wearing of PPE.

QUALITY CONTROL - INTERNAL

Included in the Membrane Device and are therefore evaluated with each test

- A dotted blue line must be visible in the middle of the *Reaction Window*, below the "C" on every membrane device tested serves as a **positive internal control** and indicates the test has been performed correctly, that proper flow occurred and that the test reagents were active at the time of use.
- A clear background in the result area is considered an **internal negative control**. If the test has been performed correctly and reagents are working properly, the background will be white to give a discernable result

Internal Control	Anticipated Results
Positive	A blue dotted line below the "C" is visible
Negative	No lines visible in the reaction area and background is clear

QUALITY CONTROL - EXTERNAL

To be performed with each new lot number and/or shipment. New lots are also to be checked against external controls from the previous kit before putting into use for patient testing. If external controls from previous kit are not available, patient samples tested with the previous kit may also be used.

NOTE: Refer to site specific IQCP if additional external QC frequencies are defined.

- Positive Control* is supplied with the kit (gray capped bottle)
- Negative Control* – Diluent supplied in kit serves as a negative control
- External controls are used to monitor reagent reactivity and test performance
- External QC is **not** to be diluted like patient samples prior to testing. Refer to "Procedure-Test Assay" section for instructions
- Failure of external controls to produce expected results suggests the test was not performed correctly (i.e., incorrect volume of reagents added, incorrect incubation temperature or times used, or that reagents were not brought to room temperature prior to testing).
- If the anticipated QC results are not obtained, repeat the run. If the test fails again, contact technical support for further troubleshooting. Do not report patient results until QC is acceptable.
- Record all QC results and any actions taken on designated quality control log.

External Control	Anticipated Results
Positive	A blue dotted line below the "C" is visible. Blue lines of any intensity are visible in the "Ag" and "Tox" reaction windows.
Negative	A blue dotted line below the "C" is visible. There is a clear background in the result area and no test lines are visible in the "Ag" and "Tox" reaction windows

PROCEDURE A - SPECIMEN PREPARATION

Follow the steps below to prepare the patient specimen and/or external controls for testing.

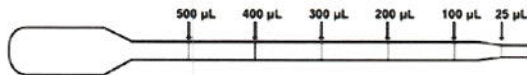
Step	Action
1	Bring all reagents and the required number of test devices to room temperature.
2	Print worksheet and bring corresponding specimens to room temperature, verifying specimens are acceptable for testing.
3	Set up and label one small test tube for each specimen and/or external control.
4	

If	Then
Specimen is fresh stool or external control	Using the black graduated dropper assembly, add 750 μL (2 nd graduation from tip) of <i>Diluent</i> to each tube
Specimen collected in Cary Blair media	Using the black graduated dropper assembly, add 650 μL (1 st graduation from tip) of <i>Diluent</i> to the tube



- Hold reagent bottles vertically to dispense reagents to ensure consistent drop size and correct volume.
- Add one drop of *Conjugate* (red capped bottle) to each tube.
- Obtain one disposable plastic transfer pipette (supplied with the kit) for each sample - the pipettes have raised graduations at 25 μL , 100 μL , 200 μL , 300 μL , 400 μL and 500 μL .

Graduated Transfer Pipette:



- Mix all specimens thoroughly regardless of consistency - it is essential that the specimens be evenly suspended before transferring.

If	Then
Fecal specimen is Liquid/Semi-solid	Pipette 25 μL of specimen with the graduated transfer pipette and dispense into the <i>Diluent/Conjugate</i> mixture. Use the same transfer pipette to mix the diluted specimen
Fecal specimen is in Cary Blair or C&S transport media	Mix specimen thoroughly. Pipette 100 μL (2 drops from transfer pipette) of sample into the <i>Diluent/Conjugate</i> mixture
External Positive Control	Add one drop of <i>Positive Control</i> (gray capped bottle) to the appropriate test tube
External Negative Control	Add 25 μL <i>Diluent</i> to the appropriate test tube

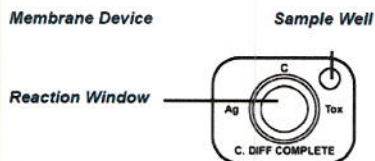
NOTE: Transferring too little specimen, or failure to mix and completely suspend the specimen in the diluent mixture, may result in a false-negative test result. The addition of too much fecal specimen may cause invalid results due to restricted sample flow.

PROCEDURE B - TEST ASSAY

Follow the steps below to perform the test assay.

Step Action

- Label each device appropriately with patient identifiers and orient it on a flat surface so the print is at the bottom of the device.


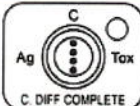




- Vortex each labeled tube of diluted specimen to mix thoroughly.
- Using a **new** transfer pipette, transfer 500 μL of the diluted sample-conjugate mixture or external control into the **sample well** (smaller hole in the top right corner of the device) of the corresponding membrane device, making certain to expel the liquid sample onto the wicking pad inside of the membrane device.
 - When loading the sample into the sample well, make sure that the tip of the transfer pipette is angled towards the reaction window (larger hole in the middle of the device).
- Incubate the device at room temperature for 15 minutes – the sample will wick through the device and a wet area will spread across the reaction window.
 - The 15-minute incubation step begins after the last diluted sample-conjugate mixture has been transferred to the final membrane device.**

*NOTE: Occasionally, a specimen fails to migrate and clogs the membrane and the reaction window does not wet properly. If the diluted fecal specimen fails to migrate properly within 5 minutes of adding the sample to the sample well, then add 100 μL (4 drops) of *Diluent* to the sample well and wait an additional 5 minutes (for a total incubation time of 20 minutes).*

- 5 After incubation, add 300 µL of *Wash Buffer* to the **Reaction Window** using the graduated white dropper assembly. Allow the *Wash Buffer* to flow through the window and completely absorb
- 6 Add 2 drops of *Substrate* (white capped bottle) to reaction window.
 - If the *Substrate* reagent changes to a dark blue/violet color call technical services for replacement.
- 7 Incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes. Read and record results on designated worksheet or log.
- 8 Once testing is complete, store specimen for 7 days at 2-8°C or frozen in the event further testing is warranted from that day of collection.

INTERPRETING RESULTS

Step	Description
1	<p>Interpretation of the test is most reliable when the device is read immediately at the end of the 10 minute reaction period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NOTE: Read results promptly at 10 minutes. • Read the device at a normal working distance in a well-lit area. View with a line of vision directly over the device.
2	<p>The positive internal control is represented by the appearance of blue dots in the middle of the reaction window</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appearance of any control dot(s) represents a valid positive internal control result <p>The negative internal control is valid if the background is white to light blue</p>
3	A test cannot be interpreted as a negative or invalid result until 10 minutes following the addition of <i>Substrate</i> .
4	<p>A positive result may be interpreted at any time between the addition of <i>Substrate</i> and the 10-minute read time.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The lines may appear faint to dark in intensity. • An obvious partial line is interpreted as a positive result.
5	 <p>POSITIVE result: Antigen (Ag), Control (C) and Toxin (Tox) lines must be visible. This indicates the presence of <i>C. difficile</i> and <i>C. difficile</i> toxin.</p>
6	 <p>NEGATIVE result: Control (C) dotted line must be visible; Antigen (Ag) and Toxin (Tox) lines are not visible.</p>
7	 <p>NEGATIVE Toxin, POSITIVE Antigen result: Control (C) dotted line must be visible; Antigen (Ag) line is visible and Toxin (Tox) line is not visible. This indicates the presence of <i>C. difficile</i> antigen only, but <i>C. difficile</i> toxin is either absent in the specimen or is below the detection limit of the test (i.e. potential carrier).</p>
8	 <p>POSITIVE Toxin, NEGATIVE Antigen result: Control (C) dotted line must be visible; Toxin (Tox) line is visible and Antigen (Ag) line is not visible. This is a low percentage of specimens and indicates the presence of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin only. These samples should be considered <i>indeterminate</i> and retested using a fresh specimen. If sample retests negative for antigen but positive for toxin, report as positive toxin result.</p>
9	<p>The result is INVALID if 10 minutes after the addition of <i>Substrate</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No lines or dots are visible in the reaction window. • A visible blue line is present for either Antigen (Ag), Toxin (Tox) or both, but no visible blue dotted Control (C) line is apparent. <p>Repeat the test if any of these conditions apply (See figures below). Do not report results.</p>



REPORTING RESULTS

All EIA order codes contain the same test result fields for reporting results.

- CDTOG: *C. difficile* Toxin A/B and GDH, EIA w/ reflex PCR
 - Hospital Days 1-3 and outpatients
- CDTG4: *C. difficile* Toxin A/B and GDH, EIA only
 - Hospital Days 4 and greater
- CDTOGR: Reflex EIA reporting only (not applicable to all sites)
 - Hospital Days 4 and greater

Result Field	Translation
CDTABS	<i>C. diff</i> Tox A/B Srce • Automatically defaults to Stool
CDTOAB	<i>C. diff</i> Tox A/B Rslt
CDTGD	<i>C. diff</i> GDH Ag Rslt

Manually report results in Sunquest using function MEM and site specific worksheet, following the table below:

If Result	Then Report												
<i>C. difficile</i> Antigen Negative and Toxin A/B Negative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CDTOAB: NEG • CDTGD: NEG 												
<i>C. difficile</i> Antigen Positive and Toxin A/B Positive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CDTOAB: POS • CDTGD: POS <p>NOTE: If patient is <1 yr old, append the additional ETC: CDIFC to the CDTOAB POS result. Positive <i>C. difficile</i> Toxin A/B results are called to the caregiver of the hospital patient.</p>												
<i>C. difficile</i> Antigen Positive and Toxin A/B Negative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CDTOAB: NEG • CDTGD: POS <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>If Order Code</th> <th>Then</th> <th>And</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>CDTOG</td> <td>ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG • CDPCR</td> <td>Reflex PCR automatically ordered: • CDIFO</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CDTG4</td> <td>ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG</td> <td>n/a</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CDTOGR</td> <td>ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG</td> <td>n/a</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	If Order Code	Then	And	CDTOG	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG • CDPCR	Reflex PCR automatically ordered: • CDIFO	CDTG4	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG	n/a	CDTOGR	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG	n/a
If Order Code	Then	And											
CDTOG	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG • CDPCR	Reflex PCR automatically ordered: • CDIFO											
CDTG4	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG	n/a											
CDTOGR	ETCs auto-appended: • CDTNEG	n/a											
<i>C. difficile</i> Antigen Negative and Toxin A/B Positive • After retest with fresh specimen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CDTOAB: POS • CDTGD: NEG <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>If Order Code</th> <th>Then</th> <th>And</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> </tbody> </table>	If Order Code	Then	And									
If Order Code	Then	And											

CDTOG	ETCs auto-appended: • CDPOS • CDPCR	Reflex PCR automatically ordered: • CDIFO
CDTG4	ETCs auto-appended: • CDPOS	n/a
CDTOGR	n/a	n/a

• **NOTE:** If patient is <1 yr old, append the additional ETC: **CDIFC** to the CDTOAB POS result.

Positive *C. difficile* Toxin A/B results are called to the caregiver of the hospital patient.

Is still invalid after repeat testing

- Call for recollection, if appropriate.
- Cancel using: **CANC-INVALC-RECOL:** *Cancelled. Result invalid. Suggest repeat testing if clinically indicated. Recollect requested.*

NOTE: If invalid results persist after recollection, suggest retesting by alternative method (i.e. PCR).

English Text Code (ETC) Translations:

- **CDTNEG:** Results indicate the presence of *C. difficile* antigen, but toxins A and B are absent or below limit of detection and do not confirm the presence of toxigenic *C. difficile*. Clinical correlation is recommended.
- **CDPOS:** Results indicate the presence of toxins A and B, but *C. difficile* antigen is absent or below limit of detection. Some isolates of *C. sordellii* may react with the test due to the production of immunologically related toxins, causing a false positive toxin result. Recollect or use an alternative test method, if clinically indicated.
- **CDPCR:** Test reflexed to PCR assay.
- **CDIFC:** Interpretation of a positive toxin test in children younger than 1 year is complicated because they may be asymptotically colonized with toxin producing *C. difficile*.

REFERENCE RANGE

- Negative for *C. difficile* Toxin A/B

LIMITATIONS

- The C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test is used to detect *C. difficile* antigen and toxin(s) in fecal specimens. The test confirms the presence of toxin in feces and this information should be taken under consideration by the physician in light of the clinical history and physical examination of the patient. The C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test will detect levels of toxin A at ≥0.63 ng/mL, toxin B at ≥0.16 ng/mL, and glutamate dehydrogenase at ≥0.8 ng/mL.
- Fecal specimens are extremely complex. Optimal results with the C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test are obtained with specimens that are less than 24 hours old. Most undiluted specimens can be stored between 2°C and 8°C for 72 hours before significant degradation of the toxin is noted. If specimens are not assayed within this time period, they may be frozen and thawed. However, repeated freezing and thawing may result in loss in the immunoreactivity of antigen and toxins A and B.
- Some specimens may give weak reactions. This may be due to a number of factors such as the presence of low levels of antigen and/or toxin, the presence of binding substances, or inactivating enzymes in the feces. The lines may appear faint to dark in intensity. These specimens should be reported as positive if any blue line, even a partial line is observed. An obvious partial blue line is interpreted as a positive result.
- Fecal specimens preserved in 10% Formalin, merthiolate formalin, sodium acetate formalin, or polyvinyl alcohol cannot be used.
- The C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test is qualitative. The intensity of the color should not be interpreted quantitatively.
- Some isolates of *C. sordellii* may react in the C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test due to the production of immunologically related toxins.
- Colonization rates of up to 50% have been reported in infants. A high rate has also been reported in cystic fibrosis patients. Results may appear positive in these groups but should be viewed in conjunction with the potential to be a colonized carrier.
- The only non-*C. difficile* organism to react in the toxin portion of the C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test was *Clostridium sordellii* VPI 9048. This strain produces toxins HT and LT, which are homologous to toxins A and B, respectively.
- No data exists on the effects of colonic washes, barium enemas, laxatives, or bowel preparations on the performance of the C. DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® test. All of these procedures can result in extensive dilution or the presence of additives that may affect test performance.

REFERENCES

- C.DIFF QUIK CHEK COMPLETE® CLSI + More Packet, TECHLAB, CLSI156 vG 10/2018.

All revision dates:

11/4/2021, 10/30/2020, 11/18/2019, 10/11/2019

Attachments

No Attachments

Approval Signatures

Step Description	Approver	Date
Lab Medical Directors	Ly Ma: Physician	pending
Lab Medical Directors	Zhen Yan: Physician	pending
Lab Medical Directors	Amanda Mullins: MD	pending
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Lab Medical Directors	Hannah Wong: MD	pending
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Lab Medical Directors	Mary Keohane: MD	pending
Lab Medical Directors	Marian Butcher: MD	pending
	Lindsey Westerbeck: Dir, Lab	11/4/2021

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