* Nasal Samples and Nasopharyngeal Samples may both be used for testing.
* Always label the Test Device with 2 patient identifiers.
* Be sure to swirl the patient’s swab against the wall of the Reagent D tube **3 times**
	+ Remove the swab while squeezing the sides of the tube to extract the maximum amount of liquid from the swab
* Squeeze the Reagent D tube gently placing 3 drops of sample into the test device
* After adding the sample, allow the test to incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes **BEFORE** inserting into the reader
* Interpretation of Results as shown on the Reader

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Reader Display** | **Interpretation** |
| FLU A: +FLU B: - | Positive test for Flu A (influenza A antigen present) |
| FLU A: -FLU B: + | Positive test for Flu B (influenza B antigen present) |
| FLU A:-FLU B:- | Negative for the presence of influenza A and influenza B (no antigen detected)Infection due to influenza cannot be ruled-out because the antigen present in the sample may be below the detection limit of the test. A negative test is presumptive and it is recommended that these be confirmed by viral cx or an FDA cleared molecularassay |
| RESULTINVALID | Result invalid or inconclusive, do not report results, the test must be repeated |
| CONTROLINVALID | Control line error, the test must be repeated |

* Be sure to record results in patient’s medical record

**Quiz**

1. How many drops of sample need to be added to the test device? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. True or False: This test does not differentiate between Influenza’s A & B.
3. Should the test device be inserted into the reader **BEFORE** or **AFTER** the incubation. Circle one
4. True or False: I can tell the test device is positive before I insert it into the reader therefore I do not need to have the reader interpret the test for me.
5. How long must the test device incubate for before being inserted into the reader.
	1. 3 minutes b. 5 minutes c. 10 minutes d. 15 minutes. 2/2014 DDe